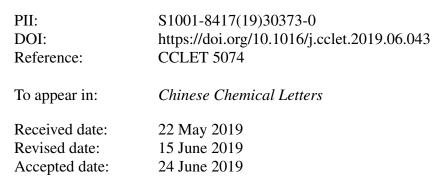
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#### Communication

# Concise, enantioselective total syntheses of both the proposed and revised structures of (–)-versiquinazoline H

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#### ABSTRACT

The enantioselective total synthesis of the putative structure of versiquinazoline H and three diastereomers has been achieved, which allowed the revision of the stereochemistry of this natural product. This six-step total synthesis relied on the evolution of the strategy that we previously developed, which features a DMDO-triggered tandem reaction. The modification of the lactamization step resulted in a significant improvement of yield that ensured the efficient total synthesis.

Efficiency is the major concern of contemporary organic synthesis [1]. Tandem/cascade/domino reaction [2] is an effective strategy to achieve high efficiency. (-)-Chaetominine (1 in Fig. 1) is a hexacyclic fungal tripeptidal alkaloid isolated from endophytes of different origins. Following the isolation of chaetominine [3], its homologues and diastereomers (-)isochaetominines A-C (2-4) and (+)-14-epi-isochaetominine C (5) were isolated from the solid-substrate culture of an Aspergillus sp. Fungus [4]. In 2016, Lin and coworkers reported that during a screening of their marine microorganism library, the gorgonian (Pseudopterogorgia sp.)-derived fungus Aspergillus versicolor LZD-14-1 was found to possess inhibitory effects against thioredoxin reductase (TrxR), a potential target for the treatment of cancer, AIDS, and autoimmune diseases. The investigation led to the isolation of eleven new fumiquinazolinetype alkaloids named versiguinazolines A-K [5]. Among them, (-)-versiquinazoline H (6, the structure displayed in the original paper [5]) also belongs to the chaetominine family. Its relative stereochemistry was determined by 2D NMR techniques, and the absolute configuration was determined to be 14S,16S,17S,26R (referring to 2S,3S,11R,14S according to the numbering system used for compounds 1-4) based on the comparison with a known compound [(-)-isochaetominine C (4)] [6], and on a comparison of the experimental ECD data with those of calculated for 6 and its enantiomer. On the other hand, the configuration of the isoleucine

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(Ile) unit was determined to be L by analysis of the degradation product.

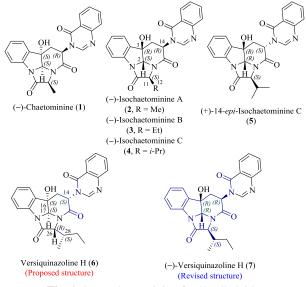


Fig. 1. Some chaetominine-family alkaloids.

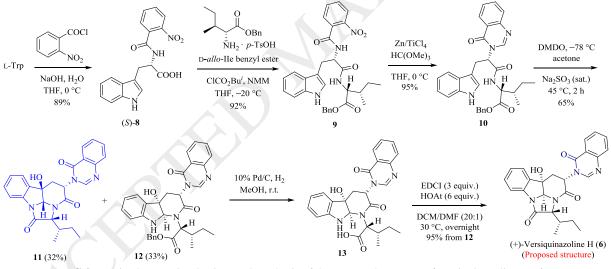
The enantioselective total synthesis of (-)-chaetominine has been reported by several groups [7], and the diastereodivergent synthesis of this family of alkaloids has been achieved by the

Huang group [6,8]. We have developed three enantioselective approaches to the chaetominine-family alkaloids. The first-generation approach is the four-step total synthesis of (–)-chaetominine from D-tryptophan (Trp) [7c,f,i,8a]. The second approach involves the first total synthesis of (–)-chaetominine from L-Trp [7g]. The third-generation method resides in using amino acid benzyl esters as components that allows accessing  $C_2/C_{14}$  *cis*-stereochemistry of the isochaetominine series of alkaloids [8b]. On the basis of these precedents, we report herein the fourth-generation total synthesis. Through this improved approach, we have achieved the first total synthesis of (–)-versiquinazoline H (**7**) and the proposed structure (**6**) as well as their diastereomers. The puzzle about the stereochemistry of (–)-versiquinazoline H has been clarified.

We opted for the total synthesis of the displayed structure (2S,3S,11R,12S,14S)-versiquinazoline H (**6**, Fig. 1) as the first objective of this investigation. For this purpose, Huang's third generation approach was adopted [8b]. Thus, the synthesis commenced with the known *N*-aroyl-L-tryptophan **8** [7g], prepared by aroylation of L-tryptophan (L-Trp) with *o*-nitrobenzoyl chloride (Scheme 1). The coupling of the mixed anhydride, generated *in situ* from **8** and *i*-BuOCOCl/*N*-methylmorpholine (NMM), with benzyl D-*allo*-isoleucinate *p*-toluenesulfonic acid salt (THF, -20 °C, 12 h) afforded **9** in 92% yield. The low-valent Ti-reagent mediated-quinazolinone formation [9] (Zn/TiCl<sub>4</sub> and trimethyl orthoformate, THF) [7c] proceeded smoothly at 0 °C to give **10** in 95% yield. Exposure of **10** to DMDO [8,10] at -78 °C followed by treating the resultant

intermediates with an aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub> [8] at 45 °C for 2 h afforded, in one-pot, the double cyclization product 11 along with monocyclization product 12 in 32% and 33% yield, respectively. O-Debenzylation of 12 under catalytic hydrogenolytic conditions yielded the corresponding acid derivative 13, which, without isolation, was subjected to lactamization conditions. However, under the previously used lactamization conditions [(COCl)2 (1.5 equiv.), DIPEA (2.0 equiv.), cat. DMF, DCM (0.04 mol/L), -10 °C, 45 min], the desired product 6 was obtained in only 29% yield. Increasing (COCl)<sub>2</sub> from 1.5 equiv. to 3.0 equiv. led to an even lower yield (20%). Employing the Ye coupling reagent (DEPBT) [(2.0 equiv.) [11], DIPEA (2.0 equiv.), DCM (0.04 mol/L), 25 °C, 8 h] resulted in a higher yield of 54%. Finally, it was found that another coupling method employing HOAt (6.0 equiv.) and EDCI (3.0 equiv.) in dichloromethane (0.05 mol/L) (30 °C, 12 h) produced the proposed structure of versiguinazoline H (6) in 95% yield over two steps. The sense of optical rotation  $\{[\alpha]_{D}^{20} 69.6 (c$ 0.1, CH<sub>3</sub>OH)} and spectral (<sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR) data of our synthetic compound are different from those reported for the natural (–)-versiquinazoline H { $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$  –100 (c 0.1, MeOH) [5]}, suggesting that the originally proposed stereochemistry (6) for (-)-versiquinazoline H was incorrect.

To address the enantioselective total synthesis of the natural (-)-versiquinazoline H, we commenced with the identification of the stereoisomers of the amino acids present in (-)-versiquinazoline H.



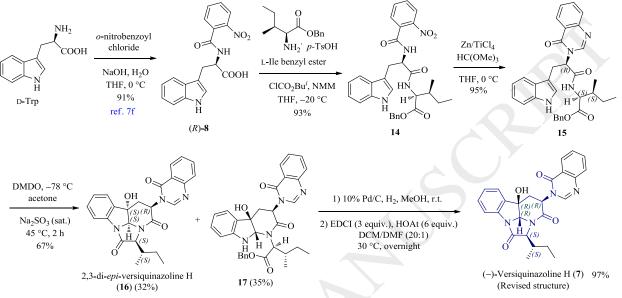
Scheme 1. The enantioselective total synthesis of the proposed structure of versiquinazoline H (6).

A closer inspection of the original paper [5] showed that the evidences provided and conclusion obtained about the stereochemistry of (–)-versiquinazoline H are contradictory. First, the authors stated: "the absolute configuration was determined to be 14S, 16S, 17S, 26R based on the closely similar ECD and specific rotation data of (–)-versiquinazoline H and (–)-isochaetominine C (4)" [6]. However, as can been seen from Fig. 1, in terms of stereochemistry, the ring system of (–)-isochaetominine C (4) appears to be an "enantiomer" of the proposed structure of "(–)-versiquinazoline H" (6) for the onring stereogenic centers. Second, they described: "the configuration of the isoleucine unit has been determined to be L

by the advanced Marfey's method". However, the proposed structure of "(–)-versiquinazoline H" (6) contains a D-*allo*-Ile instead of an L-Ile residue. This analysis allowed us to suggest stereoisomer 7 as the actual structure of the natural (–)-versiquinazoline H.

To further confirm the structure of the natural (–)-versiquinazoline H, we proceeded to synthesize the stereoisomer 7 containing D-Trp and L-Ile residues. Under the standard conditions [7f], the coupling of the known (R)-8 with benzyl L-isoleucinate *p*-toluenesulfonic acid salt yielded compound 14 in 93% yield. The latter was converted to 15 in 95% yield. The DMDO oxidation of 15 followed by treating the resulting

mixture with a saturated aqueous solution of Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub> at 45 °C for 2 h produced the double cyclization product **16** and monocyclization product **17** in 32% and 35% yield, respectively. *O*-Debenzylation of **17** under catalytic hydrogenolytic conditions yielded the corresponding amino acid, which, without separation, was subjected to our newly established lactamization conditions [HOAt (6.0 equiv.), EDCI (3.0 equiv.), DCM (0.05 mol/L), 30 °C, 12 h], which produced compound **7** as a white solid in 97% yield over two steps. The sense of optical rotation and spectral (<sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR) data of our synthetic compound fully matched those reported for the natural versiquinazoline H, but a difference exists for the values of specific rotation {synthetic **7**:  $[\alpha]_{p}^{20}$  -74.6 (*c* 0.1, MeOH); natural product (colorless oil):  $[\alpha]_{p}^{20}$  -100 (*c* 0.1, MeOH) [5]}. The results allowed us to conclude that the stereochemistry of the natural (–)-versiquinazoline H to be 2*R*,3*R*,11*S*,12*S*,14*R* as represented by **7**. It is worth noting that, H14, H19, H25, C13, C14, C17, C18, and C23 of compounds **11** and **16** are very broad, which are similar to the observations noted by Tan [3a], Snider [7a], and Huang for chaetominine [3a,7a,8b].



Scheme 2. The enantioselective total synthesis of (-)-versiquinazoline H (7).

In summary, through evolution of our previously developed strategy, we have completed the first total synthesis of both the proposed and the revised structures of versiquinazoline H both in six steps with an overall yield of 24.4% and 27.3%, respectively. Through this fourth-generation strategy, the stereochemistry of this natural product has been revised to 2R,3R,11S,12S,14R. Work is in progress in our laboratories to further extdend this efficient strategy [12], and results will be reported in due course.

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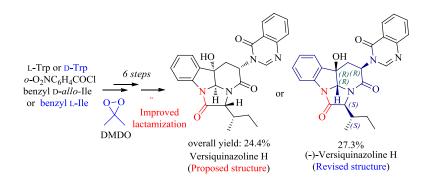
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### **Graphical Abstract**



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