Synthesis of 3-Acylpyrroles, 3-(Alkoxycarbonyl)pyrroles, 1,5,6,7-Tetrahydro-4*H*-indol-4-ones and 3-Benzoylpyridines Based on Staudinger–Aza-Wittig Reactions of 1,3-Dicarbonyl Compounds with 2- and 3-Azido-1,1-dialkoxyalkanes

Esen Bellur,^a Mirza A. Yawer,^a Ibrar Hussain,^a Abdolmajid Riahi,^a Olumide Fatunsin,^a Christine Fischer,^b Peter Langer^{*a,b}

^b Leibniz-Institut für Katalyse e. V., Universität Rostock, Albert-Einstein-Str. 29a, 18059 Rostock, Germany

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Abstract: The Staudinger–aza-Wittig reaction of 1,3-dicarbonyl compounds with 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane and subsequent cyclization allowed an efficient synthesis of a variety of pyrroles, 1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-4*H*-indol-4-ones, and of a pyridine.

Key words: cyclization, N-heterocycles, pyrroles, azides

Pyrroles, indoles and pyridines are present in many pharmacologically active natural products. This includes, for example, the antibiotic pyrrolnitrin, the pyrrolomycins, various tetrapyrrole pigments (e.g., bilirubin), and various other natural products and their analogues.^{1,2} Pentasubstituted pyrroles are potent hypocholesterolemic agents which act by inhibition of HMG-CoA reductase – a key enzyme in the biosynthesis of cholesterol.¹ⁱ For example, atorvastatin is used today in the clinic for the treatment of hyperlipidemias.¹ⁱ Pyrroles have also found many other applications in medicinal chemistry. For example, the synthetic pyrrole zomepirac has been used in the clinic as an analgetic and antiphlogistic agent.¹

Most pyrrole syntheses rely on classical condensation reactions, such as the Hantzsch reaction (condensation of ahaloketones with 1,3-dicarbonyl compounds and amines), the Paal-Knorr reaction (cyclocondensation of 1,4-diketones with amines) or the Knorr reaction (cyclocondensation of α -aminoketones with β -keto esters). In addition, various other synthetic approaches have been developed.^{3,4} Intramolecular aza-Wittig reactions⁵ provide a versatile approach to pyrroles under mild conditions.⁶ Recently, we have reported that functionalized pyrroles can be prepared by reaction of α -azidoketones with 1.3-dicarbonvl dianions and subsequent *intra*molecular Staudinger-aza-Wittig reaction.⁷ Pyrroles are also available by Lewis acid catalyzed condensation of 2-azido-1,1dimethoxyethane with silyl enol ethers or 1,3-bis(silyloxy)-1,3-butadienes and subsequent intramolecular Staudinger-aza-Wittig reaction.⁸ Recently, we have reported a convenient and versatile approach to pyrroles by

SYNTHESIS 2009, No. 2, pp 0227–0242 Advanced online publication: 19.12.2008 DOI: 10.1055/s-0028-1083285; Art ID: T12808SS © Georg Thieme Verlag Stuttgart · New York *inter*molecular Staudinger–aza-Wittig reaction of 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane with 1,3-dicarbonyl compounds and subsequent cyclization.⁹ Herein, we report full details related to the scope of this method. With regard to our preliminary communication,⁹ the scope was considerably extended. In addition, the strategy could be successfully applied to the synthesis of a functionalized pyridine. All reactions proceed with very good chemo- and regioselectivity under mild conditions and complement known reactions of 2-amino-1,1-dialkoxyethanes.¹⁰

2-Azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (2a) and 2-azido-1,1-dimethoxyethane (2b) were prepared by reaction of sodium azide with 2-bromo-1,1-diethoxyethane and 2-bromo-1,1dimethoxyethane, respectively.^{8,11} The aza-Wittig reaction of 2a with methyl acetoacetate (1a) afforded enamine 3a (Scheme 1, Tables 1 and 2). Related enamines, prepared from 2-amino-1,1-dimethoxyethane, have been used for the synthesis of isoquinolines.^{10b}

Optimal results were obtained when the reaction was carried out using a small excess of **2** (1.2 equiv) and of Ph₃P (1.3 equiv) (THF, reflux, 8 h). The transformation of **3a** into the desired pyrrole **4a** required a thorough optimization of the conditions (Table 1). Treatment of a CH₂Cl₂ solution of **3a**, prepared from methyl acetoacetate (**1a**), with TFA at 0–20 °C afforded **4a** in 22% yield (method A). The yield was increased to 35% by treatment of **3a** in CH₂Cl₂ with Me₃SiOTf at –78 to 20 °C (method B). Heating of **3a** in DMSO at 150 °C for 24 h afforded **4a** in 40% yield (method C); pyrrole **4a**' was isolated as a side-product in 19% yield (Figure 1). The use of other solvents than DMSO (e.g., THF, MeCN or 1,4-dioxane) proved to be unsuccessful.

Products **3a–z** were prepared by reaction of **1a–w** with 2azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) and 2-azido-1,1-dimethoxyethane (**2b**) in 50–98% yields (Table 2). Most yields were above 80%. Pyrroles **4a–t** were successfully prepared from **3a–z** using methods A, B, or C in 22–82% optimized yields. Methods B and C were successfully employed for the synthesis of ester-substituted pyrroles (**4a–n**). It is worth to be mentioned that pyrroles **4i** and **4k** were independently prepared from **2a** and **2b**. The yields of the condensation steps (to give enamines **3k,l** and **3o,p**)

^a Institut für Chemie, Universität Rostock, Albert-Einstein-Str. 3a, 18059 Rostock, Germany Fax +49(381)4986412; E-mail: peter.langer@uni-rostock.de

were quite similar. Likewise, the yields of the cyclization steps (to give pyrroles **4i** and **4k**) were again in the same range (method B). These experiments show that equally successful results are obtained starting with azides **2a** and **2b**. The reaction of **2a** with acetylacetone (**1s**) afforded 4-(2,2-diethoxyethylamino)pent-3-en-2-one (**3v**) which was transformed into pyrrole **4o** (68%) by method A. It is noteworthy that the Staudinger–aza-Wittig reaction of unsymmetrical 1,3-diketones **1u–w** proceeded with very good regioselectivity. The cyclization generally occurred via the central carbon atom of the 1,3-dicarbonyl unit.



Scheme 1 Synthesis of 3a–z and 4a–t; *Reagents and conditions*: i: Ph₃P, THF, reflux, 8 h; ii: see Table 1 and 2. Method A: TFA (10 equiv), CH₂Cl₂, 0–20 °C, 12 h; method B: Me₃SiOTf (1 equiv), CH₂Cl₂, –78 to 20 °C (for β -keto esters) or 0–20 °C (for 1,3-di-ketones), 12 h; method C: DMSO, 150 °C, 24 h.

Table 1 Optimization for the Synthesis of Pyrroles 4a and 4r

3	4	Solvent	Time (h)	Conditions	Yield (%) ^a
a	a	CH ₂ Cl ₂	12	TFA, 20 °C	0
a	a	CH_2Cl_2	12	TFA, 0–20 °C	22
a	a	CH_2Cl_2	12	Me ₃ SiOTf, –78 to 20 °C	35
a	a	DMSO	24	150 °C	40 ^b
x	r	CH_2Cl_2	12	TFA, 0–20 °C	82
x	r	CH_2Cl_2	12	Me ₃ SiOTf, 0–20 °C	79
x	r	DMSO	24	150 °C	72

^a Yields of isolated products.

^b Besides, **4a'** was formed, see footnote in Table 2.

The application of method C gave 40 in 60% yield; besides, a small amount of pyrrole 40' was isolated (5%). The cyclization of 3w, derived from heptane-3,5-dione (1t), gave 4p in good yield when method A was applied. The TFA-mediated cyclization of 3x, prepared from benzoylacetone (1u), afforded the 3-benzoylpyrrole 4r in 82% yield (method A). The use of Me₃SiOTf (0–20 °C, method B) and heating of 3m in DMSO (method C) also proved to be successful (Table 2, footnote e). However,

Table 2Yields of Condensation Products (3) and Pyrroles (4)

1	3	4	R ¹	R ²	R ³	Yield (%) (3) ^a	Yield (%) (4)	aCond. ^e
a	a	a	OMe	Н	Et	86	22 35 40 ^b	A B C
b	b	b	OEt	Н	Et	89	58	С
c	c	c	Oi-Pr	Н	Et	87	50	В
d	d	d	Oi-Bu	Н	Et	88	42	В
e	e	-	Ot-Bu	Н	Et	62	d	_
f	f	e	O(CH ₂) ₂ OMe	Н	Et	89	51	С
g	g	f	OAllyl	Н	Et	90	37	В
h	h	g	OMe	Me	Et	82	39	В
i	i	h	OEt	Et	Et	75	55	В
j	j	-	Ot-Bu	Pr	Et	78	d	_
k	k	i	OEt	$n-C_{6}H_{13}$	Me	89	60	В
k	l	i	OEt	$n-C_{6}H_{13}$	Et	84	58	В
1	m	j	OEt	n-C ₈ H ₁₇	Et	86	57	В
m	n	-	Ot-Bu	n-C ₈ H ₁₇	Et	88	d	_
n	0	k	OEt	n-C ₉ H ₁₉	Me	86 ^b	57	В
n	р	k	OEt	$n-C_9H_{19}$	Et	91	54	В
0	q	l	OEt	$n-C_{10}H_{21}$	Me	90 ^b	57	В
0	r	l	OEt	$n-C_{10}H_{21}$	Et	91	56	В
р	s	-	OEt	(CH ₂) ₃ Cl	Et	83	d	_
q	t	m	OEt	(CH ₂) ₅ Cl	Et	81	41	В
r	u	n	OEt	(CH ₂) ₆ Cl	Et	83	47	В
S	v	0	Me	Н	Et	98	68 60°	A C
t	w	р	Et	Me	Et	98	70	А
u	X	r	Ph	Н	Et	97	82 79 72	A B C
v	у	s	2-MeOC ₆ H ₄	Н	Me	50	79	В
w	7	t	2-CIC.H.	н	Me	53	63	в

^a Yields of isolated products.

^b Besides, **4a'** was isolated in 19% yield (Figure 1).

^c Besides, **4o'** was isolated in 5% yield (Figure 1).

^d Failed.

^e Conditions: method A: TFA (10 equiv), CH₂Cl₂, 0–20 °C, 12 h; method B: Me₃SiOTf (1 equiv), CH₂Cl₂, –78 to 20 °C (for β-keto esters) or 0–20 °C (for 1,3-diketones), 12 h; method C: DMSO, 150 °C, 24 h. slightly lower yields were obtained. Pyrroles **4s** and **4t** were prepared in good yields starting from substituted benzophenones **1v** and **1w**, respectively. Method B seems to be the most general procedure to induce the cyclization step. For aliphatic 1,3-diketones (**1s**,**t**) the application of method A gave best results. For benzoylacetone derivatives (**1u–w**) all three methods gave satisfactory results.



Figure 1 Structures of 4a' and 4o'

Enamines **6a–d** were prepared by reaction of **2a** with cyclohexane-1,3-diones **5a–d** (Scheme 2, Table 3). Treatment of **6a–d** with TFA afforded 6,7-dihydro-1*H*-indol-4(5*H*)-ones **7a–d** in very good yields (method A). Compound **7a**¹² was also successfully prepared, albeit in lower yield, by application of method C.



Scheme 2 Synthesis of 1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-4*H*-indol-4-ones 7a-d; *Reagents and conditions*: i: Ph₃P, THF, reflux, 8 h; ii: method A: TFA (10 equiv), CH₂Cl₂, 0–20 °C, 12 h; method C: DMSO, 150 °C, 24 h.

Table 3Yields of Enamines 6 and 1,5,6,7-Tetrahydro-4H-indol-4-ones 7

6, 7	\mathbb{R}^1	R ²	Yield (%) (6) ^a	Yield (%) (7) ^a	Method
a	Н	Н	97	95 71	A C
b	Me	Me	92	60	А
c	Me	Н	94	75	А
d	Ph	Н	92	73	А

^a Yields of isolated products.

The Ph_3P -mediated reaction of hexane-2,5-dione (8) with **2a** afforded pyrrole **9** in excellent yield by Staudingeraza-Wittig reaction and subsequent cyclization (Scheme 3).



Scheme 3 Synthesis of 1-(2,2-diethoxyethyl)-2,5-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrrole (9)

The Ph_3P -mediated reaction of benzoylacetone (1u) with 1,1-diethoxy-3-azido-propane (10), available by reaction of 1-chloro-3,3-diethoxypropane with sodium azide, gave product 11. The TFA-mediated cyclization of the latter afforded pyridine 12 in excellent yield (Scheme 4).



Scheme 4 Synthesis of **12**; *Reagents and conditions*: i: Ph₃P, THF, reflux, 8 h; ii: TFA (10 equiv), CH₂Cl₂, 0–20 °C, 12 h.

In conclusion, a variety of pyrroles and 1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-4*H*-indol-4-ones were prepared by condensation of 1,3-dicarbonyl compounds with 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane and subsequent cyclization. The best conditions for the cyclization step (acid, Lewis acid or heating) depend on the substitution pattern of the intermediate. The strategy could be successfully applied to the synthesis of a functionalized pyridine.

All moisture-free solvents (>99.9 grade) were used as purchased and all reactions were carried out under Argon atmosphere. For ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra the deuterated solvents indicated were used. Mass spectrometric data (MS) were obtained by electron ionization (EI, 70 eV), chemical ionization (CI, H₂O) or electrospray ionization (ESI). For preparative scale chromatography, silica gel (60– 200 mesh) was used. Melting points are uncorrected.

CAUTION: The handling of low-molecular weight azides is dangerous due to their potentially explosive character. Although, in our hands, neat **2a,b** and **8** did not appear to be shock-sensitive, the compounds should be handled with great care. Neat azides must not be heated or distilled and all reactions should be carried out on small scale. The use of a safety shield is highly recommended.

2-Azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (2a)

Starting with 2-bromo-1,1-diethoxyethane (31 mL, 200 mmol), sodium azide (19.50 g, 300 mmol) and potassium iodide (3.32 g, 20 mmol) in DMSO (150 mL), **2b** was isolated without further purification as a colorless oil (30.629 g, 96%). IR (neat): 2980 (s), 2932 (m), 2884 (m), 2104 (s, N_3), 1479 (w), 1446 (w), 1376 (w), 1348 (w), 1273 (s), 1233 (w), 1130 (s), 1067 (s), 946 (w), 921 (w), 844 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 3.25 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2 H, CH₂N₃), 3.54–3.64 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.61 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1 H, OCH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 15.0 (2 C, CH₃), 52.2 (CH₂N₃), 62.7 (2 C, OCH₂), 101.21 (OCH).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 160 (M⁺, 100), 145 (31), 114 (17), 91 (24).

2-Azido-1,1-dimethoxyethane (2b)

Sodium azide (19.503 g, 300 mmol) and potassium iodide (3.32 g, 20 mmol) were added to 1-bromo-2,2-dimethoxyethane (824 mL, 200 mmol) in DMSO (140 mL) at r.t. The reaction mixture was heated to 90 °C and stirred for 5 d at 90 °C. After cooling to r.t., H₂O (200 mL) and Et₂O (200 mL) were added, the organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was repeatedly extracted with Et₂O (4×200 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated to dryness in vacuo. Product **2a** was isolated without further purification as a slightly yellow oil (22.31 g, 85%).

IR (neat): 2995 (w), 2939 (m), 2837 (w, C–H), 2102 (s, N₃), 1444 (m), 1311 (w), 1275 (s), 1196 (m), 1129 (s), 1089 (s), 1064 (s), 1035 (m), 979 (w), 922 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 3.27 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2 H, CH₂N₃), 3.43 (s, 6 H, 2 × OCH₃), 4.48 (t, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1 H, CH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 51.66 (CH₂N₃), 54.25 (2 C, OCH₃), 103.08 (CH).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 75 ([M – CH₂N₃]⁺, 100).

Synthesis of Enamines 3; Typical Procedure

Synthesis of 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]-1-phenylbut-2-en-1one (3x)

To benzoylacetone (0.200 g, 1.2 mmol) and 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2**) (0.236 g, 1.5 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added Ph₃P (0.656 g, 2.5 mmol) at 20 °C. The reaction mixture was heated and stirred for 8 h at reflux. After cooling to 20 °C, the solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 1:1) to give **3x** as a lightly yellow oil (0.322 g, 97%).

Methyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]but-2-enoate (3a)

Starting with methyl acetoacetate (**1a**) (0.19 mL, 1.72 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.329 g, 2.1 mmol) and Ph₃P (0.677 g, 2.6 mmol) in THF (10 mL), **3a** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 1:1) as a colorless oil (0.333 g, 86%).

IR (neat): 3291 (w), 2978 (m), 2884 (w), 1658 (s), 1608 (s), 1504 (m), 1443 (m), 1382 (m), 1352 (w), 1291 (s), 1239 (s), 1177 (s), 1136 (s), 1058 (s), 787 (m), 703 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 1.23$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, $2 \times CH_3$), 1.94 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.33 (dd, J = 6.3, 5.4 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.51–3.61 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.62 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 3.68–3.76 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.48 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1 H, CH=C), 4.51 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.61 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 15.2 (2 C), 19.6 (CH₃), 46.0 (NCH₂), 49.8 (OCH₃), 63.1 (2 C, OCH₂), 82.6 (*C*H=C), 102.0 (OCH), 161.6 (N–*C*=CH), 170.6 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 231 (M⁺, 11), 200 (5), 186 (11), 140 (4), 128 (5), 103 (100), 96 (25), 84 (11), 75 (70).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{11}H_{21}NO_4$ (231.292): C, 57.12; H, 9.15. Found: C, 56.94; H, 9.23.

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Ethyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]but-2-enoate (3b)

Starting with ethyl acetoacetate (**1b**) (0.4 mL, 3.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.573 g, 3.6 mmol) and Ph₃P (1.180 g, 4.5 mmol) in THF (15 mL), **3b** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 5:1) as a colorless oil (0.656 g, 89%).

IR (neat): 3289 (w), 2980 (s), 2932 (m), 2898 (m), 1741 (m), 1725 (m), 1656 (s), 1609 (s), 1502 (m), 1447 (s), 1381 (m), 1288 (s), 1240 (s), 1176 (s), 1136 (s), 1061 (s), 975 (w), 935 (w), 849 (w), 791 (s), 706 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 1.23$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.25 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.94 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.33 (dd, J = 6.3, 5.4 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.51–3.61 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.09 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.47 (s, 1 H, CH), 4.50 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.61 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.9, 14.6 (2 C), 18.8 (CH₃), 45.2 (NCH₂), 57.3, 62.3 (2C, OCH), 82.4 (CH=C), 101.3 (OCH), 160.7 (N–*C*=CH), 169.5 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 245 (M⁺, 14), 200 (21), 154 (6), 126 (7), 103 (100), 96 (34), 88 (12), 75 (64).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{12}H_{23}NO_4$ [M⁺]: 245.16271; found: 245.16282.

Isopropyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]but-2-enoate (3c)

Starting with isopropyl acetoacetate (1c) (0.44 mL, 3.0 mmol), 2azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (2a) (0.573 g, 3.6 mmol) and Ph₃P (1.180 g, 4.5 mmol) in THF (15 mL), 3c was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a colorless oil (0.673 g, 87%).

IR (neat): 3288 (w), 2980 (s), 2932 (s), 2882 (m), 1651 (s), 1608 (s), 1502 (m), 1451 (s), 1377 (s), 1284 (s), 1241 (s), 1176 (s), 1140 (s), 1113 (s), 1067 (s), 993 (m), 948 (w), 790 (m), 705 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.21 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.93 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.33 (dd, *J* = 6.3, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.51–3.61 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.44 (s, 1 H, CH=C), 4.50 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 4.99 (sept, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.63 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.8 (2 C), 19.1, 21.7 (2 C, CH₃), 45.5 (NCH₂), 62.6 (2 C, OCH₂), 64.3 (OCH), 83.2 (*C*H=C), 101.6 (OCH), 160.8 (N–*C*=CH), 169.4 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 259 (M⁺, 7), 214 (6), 200 (9), 172 (3), 154 (3), 126 (8), 113 (13), 103 (100), 96 (31), 85 (16), 75 (65).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{13}H_{25}NO_4$ [M⁺]: 259.17836; found: 259.17861.

Isobutyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]but-2-enoate (3d)

Starting with *iso*butyl acetoacetate (1d) (0.48 mL, 3.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (2a) (0.573 g, 3.6 mmol) and Ph₃P (1.180 g, 4.5 mmol) in THF (15 mL), 3d was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 5:1) as a colorless oil (0.723 g, 88%).

IR (neat): 3289 (w), 2970 (m), 2933 (m), 2880 (m), 1725 (m), 1655 (s), 1609 (s), 1542 (w), 1501 (m), 1449 (s), 1381 (m), 1285 (s), 1239 (s), 1173 (s), 1135 (s), 1057 (s), 967 (w), 937 (w), 790 (m), 704 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 0.92 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.22 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.92 (m, J = 6.9 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.94 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.32 (dd, J = 6.0, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.50–3.60 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.70–3.79 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.80 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.48 (s, 1 H, CH), 4.50 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.61 (br s, 1 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.9 (2 C), 18.8 (2 C), 19.1 (CH₃), 27.6 (CH), 45.6 (NCH₂), 62.7 (2C), 68.2 (OCH₂), 82.7 (CH=C), 101.6 (OCH), 161.0 (N-C=CH), 170.0 (O=C-O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 273 (M⁺, 6), 228 (4), 200 (5), 126 (3), 113 (5), 103 (100), 96 (11), 85 (16), 75 (44).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{14}H_{27}NO_4$ [M⁺]: 273.19401; found: 273.19403.

tert-Butyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]but-2-enoate (3e)

Starting with *tert*-butyl acetoacetate (**1e**) (0.33 mL, 2.0 mmol), 2azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.382 g, 2.4 mmol) and Ph₃P (0.787 g, 3.0 mmol) in THF (10 mL), **3e** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 5:1) as a colorless oil (0.341 g, 62%).

IR (neat): 2976 (w), 2927 (w), 1722 (w), 1651 (s), 1610 (s), 1498 (w), 1449 (w), 1369 (w), 1292 (m), 1244 (m), 1141 (s), 1068 (m), 986 (w), 791 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.47 (s, 9 H, *t*-Bu), 1.91 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.30 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.50–3.60 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.40 (s, 1 H, CH), 4.49 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.59 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 15.0 (2 C), 19.2, 28.3 (3 C, 3 × CH₃), 45.6 (NCH₂), 62.9 (2 C, OCH₂), 81.4 (C), 84.6 (*C*H=C), 101.9 (OCH), 160.4 (N–*C*=CH), 170.0 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 273 (M⁺, 100), 246 (1), 229 (5), 200 (96).

HRMS (EI, 70 eV): m/z calcd for $C_{14}H_{27}NO_4$ [M⁺]: 273.19400; found: 273.19415.

2-Methoxyethyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]but-2-enoate (3f) Starting with 2-methoxyethyl acetoacetate (**1f**) (0.495 g, 3.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.573 g, 3.6 mmol) and Ph₃P (1.180 g, 4.5 mmol) in THF (15 mL), **3f** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a colorless oil (0.736 g, 89%).

IR (neat): 3292 (w), 2978 (s), 2932 (s), 2885 (s), 1743 (m), 1722 (m), 1655 (s), 1603 (s), 1503 (s), 1448 (s), 1381 (s), 1290 (s), 1241 (s), 1169 (s), 1121 (s), 1064 (s), 978 (m), 938 (w), 849 (m), 787 (s), 705 (m), 554 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.24 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.93 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.33 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.39 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 3.50–3.63 (m, 4 H, 2 × OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.18–4.21 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.52 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 4.54 (s, 1 H, CH), 8.61 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.5 (2 C), 19.0 (CH₃), 45.4 (NCH₂), 58.3 (OCH₃), 60.9, 62.5 (2 C), 70.5 (OCH₂), 82.3 (CH=C), 101.4 (OCH), 161.3 (N-C=CH), 169.4 (O=C-O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 275 (M⁺, 5), 259 (1), 230 (2), 200 (6), 154 (10), 126 (5), 103 (100), 96 (14), 75 (60).

Anal. Calcd for C₁₃H₂₅NO₅ (275.341): C, 56.71; H, 9.15. Found: C, 56.53; H, 9.43.

Allyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]but-2-enoate (3g)

Starting with allyl acetoacetate (**1g**) (0.41 mL, 3.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.573 g, 3.6 mmol) and Ph₃P (1.180 g, 4.5 mmol) in THF (15 mL), **3g** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a colorless oil (0.695 g, 90%).

IR (neat): 3291 (w), 2978 (s), 2931 (m), 2884 (m), 1665 (s), 1606 (s), 1503 (m), 1446 (m), 1381 (m), 1359 (m), 1286 (s), 1238 (s), 1169 (s), 1130 (s), 1058 (s), 1000 (m), 931 (m), 787 (m), 705 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.23 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.95 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.33 (dd, J = 6.3, 5.4 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.50–3.60 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.50 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 4.52 (s, 1 H, CH=C), 4.55 (dt, J = 5.4, 1.5 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 5.18 (dq, J = 10.5, 1.5 Hz, 1 H, CH₂=CH), 5.29 (dq, J = 17.4, 1.5 Hz, 1 H, CH₂=CH), 5.88–6.01 (m, 1 H, CH=CH₂), 8.61 (br s, 1 H, NH).

 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.7 (2 C), 19.0 (CH₃), 45.4 (NCH₂), 62.46, 62.48 (2 C, OCH₂), 82.2 (CH=C), 101.4 (OCH), 116.1 (CH₂=CH), 133.2 (CH=CH₂), 161.3 (N–*C*=CH), 169.2 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 257 (M⁺, 6), 212 (11), 200 (5), 154 (7), 126 (4), 111 (2), 103 (100), 96 (17), 84 (100), 75 (64).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{13}H_{23}NO_4$ [M⁺]: 257.16271; found: 257.16325.

Methyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]pent-2-enoate (3h)

Starting with methyl propionylacetate (**1h**) (0.38 mL, 3.0 mmol), 2azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.573 g, 3.6 mmol) and Ph₃P (1.180 g, 4.5 mmol) in THF (15 mL), **3h** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 5:1) as a slightly light yellow oil (0.604 g, 82%).

IR (neat): 3288 (w), 2978 (w), 2932 (w), 1658 (s), 1606 (s), 1501 (m), 1444 (s), 1383 (m), 1324 (w), 1280 (m), 1236 (s), 1177 (s), 1136 (s), 1063 (s), 792 cm⁻¹ (m).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.15 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.23 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 2.25 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.33 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.54–3.64 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.63 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 3.68–3.79 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.50 (s, 1 H, CH=C), 4.52 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.61 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 11.7, 14.8 (2 C, CH₃), 25.0 (CH₂), 44.9 (NCH₂), 49.3 (OCH₃), 62.5 (2 × OCH₂), 80.3 (CH=C), 101.4 (OCH), 166.1 (N–C=CH), 170.4 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 245 (M⁺, 13), 214 (5), 200 (12), 142 (7), 130 (6), 109 (32), 103 (100), 75 (68).

Anal. Calcd for $\rm C_{12}H_{23}NO_4$ (245.315): C, 58.75; H, 9.45. Found: C, 58.37; H, 9.41.

Ethyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]hex-2-enoate (3i)

Starting with ethyl 3-oxohexanoate (**1i**) (0.500 g, 3.2 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.605 g, 3.8 mmol) and Ph₃P (1.243 g, 4.7 mmol) in THF (17 mL), **3i** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 10:1) as a slightly light yellow oil (0.657 g, 75%).

IR (neat): 3283 (w), 2974 (m), 2932 (w), 2878 (w), 1654 (s), 1607 (s), 1501 (w), 1452 (m), 1378 (w), 1296 (m), 1264 (m), 1234 (s), 1175 (s), 1135 (s), 1061 (s), 792 cm⁻¹ (m).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 0.97$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.22 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.26 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.55 (sext, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.17 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.32 (dd, J = 6.0, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.52–3.62 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.09 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.47 (s, 1 H, CH), 4.51 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.62 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.4, 14.2, 14.9 (2 C, CH₃), 20.8, 34.1 (CH₂), 45.2 (NCH₂), 57.8, 62.6 (2 C, OCH₂), 81.9 (*C*H=C), 101.5 (OCH), 164.6 (N–*C*=CH), 170.1 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 273 (M⁺, 5), 228 (10), 200 (1), 182 (3), 170 (2), 154 (5), 124 (11), 109 (3), 103 (100), 96 (6), 84 (6), 75 (61).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{14}H_{27}NO_4$ [M⁺]: 273.19400; found: 273.19426.

tert-Butyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]hept-2-enoate (3j)

Starting with *tert*-butyl 3-oxoheptanoate (**1j**) (0.401 g, 2.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.382 g, 2.4 mmol), and Ph₃P (0.787 g, 3.0 mmol) in THF (10 mL), **3j** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 5:1) as a colorless oil (0.490 g, 78%).

IR (neat): 2970 (s), 2934 (s), 2874 (m), 1736 (s), 1719 (s), 1649 (s), 1608 (s), 1459 (m), 1370 (m), 1314 (m), 1285 (m), 1247 (s), 1147 (s), 1068 (m), 1014 (w), 844 (w), 793 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 0.91$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.23 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.29–1.36 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.47 (s, 9 H, *t*-Bu), 1.58 (quint, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.18 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.30 (dd, J = 6.1, 5.4 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.51–3.61 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.41 (s, 1 H, CH), 4.51 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.61 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.3, 14.8 (2 C, CH₃), 21.7, 25.1 (CH₂), 28.1 (3 × CH₃), 29.7 (CH₂), 45.2 (NCH₂), 62.6 (2 × OCH₂), 81.0 (C), 83.6 (CH=C), 101.7 (OCH), 164.1 (N–*C*=CH), 170.1 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 315 (M⁺, 4), 242 (4), 214 (4), 156 (4), 138 (4), 124 (4), 103 (100), 85 (11), 75 (41).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{17}H_{33}NO_4$ [M⁺]: 315.24097; found: 315.24059.

Ethyl 3-[(2,2-Dimethoxyethyl)amino]dec-2-enoate (3k)

Starting with ethyl 3-oxodecanoate (**1k**) (0.257 g, 1.2 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-dimethoxyethane (**2b**) (0.189 g, 1.4 mmol) and Ph₃P (0.472 g, 1.8 mmol) in THF (8 mL), **3k** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a slightly light yellow oil (0.321 g, 89%).

IR (neat): 3282 (m), 2929 (s), 2861 (s), 1653 (s), 1605 (s), 1501 (s), 1456 (s), 1372 (s), 1290 (s), 1241 (s), 1182 (s), 1135 (s), 1079 (s), 1054 (s), 981 (s), 925 (w), 896 (w), 831 (w), 789 (s), 712 (m), 664 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 0.88$ (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.25 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.26–1.34 (m, 8 H, 4×CH₂), 1.51 (quint, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.17 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.32 (dd, J = 6.0, 5.4 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.42 (s, 6 H, 2×OCH₃), 4.09 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.41 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 4.48 (s, 1 H, CH), 8.61 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.8, 14.3 (CH₃), 22.3, 27.7, 28.8, 29.1, 31.4, 32.3 (CH₂), 44.4 (CH₂), 54.0 (2 C, OCH₃), 58.0 (OCH₂), 82.1 (CH=C), 103.2 (OCH), 165.0 (N–*C*=CH), 170.4 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 301 (M⁺, 8), 270 (5), 256 (4), 226 (20), 180 (13), 88 (28), 75 (100).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{16}H_{31}NO_4$ (301.426): C, 63.76; H, 10.37. Found: C, 63.91; H, 9.95.

Ethyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]dec-2-enoate (3l)

Starting with ethyl 3-oxodecanoate (1k) (0.429 g, 2.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (2a) (0.382 g, 2.4 mmol) and Ph₃P (0.787 g, 3.0 mmol) in THF (10 mL), 3l was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 10:1) as a slightly light yellow oil (0.555 g, 84%).

IR (neat): 3280 (w), 2973 (s), 2928 (s), 2863 (s), 1655 (s), 1606 (s), 1501 (m), 1457 (m), 1376 (m), 1283 (s), 1233 (s), 1173 (s), 1135 (s), 1059 (s), 789 (m), 712 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 0.88$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.24 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, $2 \times CH_3$), 1.26 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.20–1.33 (m, 8 H, $4 \times CH_2$), 1.51 (quint, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.19 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.32 (dd, J = 6.0, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.51–3.61 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.09 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.47 (s, 1 H, CH), 4.51 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.65 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.6, 14.2, 14.9 (2 C, CH₃), 22.2, 27.6, 28.7, 29.0, 31.3, 32.2 (CH₂), 45.3 (NCH₂), 57.8, 62.6 (2 C, OCH₂), 81.9 (*C*H=C), 101.6 (OCH), 164.9 (N–*C*=CH), 170.1 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 329 (M⁺, 4), 284 (8), 226 (5), 143 (6), 130 (25), 103 (100), 75 (45).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{18}H_{35}NO_4$ (329.475): C, 65.62; H, 10.71. Found: C, 65.88; H, 10.42.

Ethyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]dodec-2-enoate (3m)

Starting with ethyl 3-oxododecanoate (11) (0,485 g, 2.0 mmol), 2azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (2a) (0.382 g, 2.4 mmol) and Ph₃P (0.787 g, 3.0 mmol) in THF (10 mL), **3m** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 10:1) as a slightly light yellow oil (0.612 g, 86%).

IR (neat): 3280 (w), 2970 (s), 2927 (s), 2860 (s), 1654 (s), 1607 (s), 1501 (m), 1458 (m), 1376 (m), 1284 (s), 1234 (s), 1173 (s), 1134 (s), 1060 (s), 790 (m), 713 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 0.88$ (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.15–1.33 (m, 21 H, $3 \times CH_3$, $6 \times CH_2$), 1.50 (quint, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.18 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.32 (dd, J = 6.0, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.52–3.62 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.09 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.47 (s, 1 H, CH), 4.51 (t, J = 5.7Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.62 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.9, 14.4, 15.1 (2 C, CH₃), 22.5, 27.8, 29.1, 29.2, 29.3, 29.4, 31.7, 32.4 (CH₂), 45.5 (NCH₂), 58.1, 62.9 (2 C, OCH₂), 82.0 (*C*H=C), 101.8 (OCH), 165.2 (N–*C*=CH), 170.4 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): *m*/*z* (%) = 357 (M⁺, 1), 312 (2), 254 (2), 212 (5), 200 (4), 154 (5), 126 (3), 103 (100), 96 (12), 75 (55).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{20}H_{39}NO_4$ (357.528): C, 67.19; H, 10.99. Found: C, 67.24; H, 10.98.

tert-Butyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]dodec-2-enoate (3n)

Starting with *tert*-butyl 3-oxododecanoate (**1m**) (0.200 g, 0.7 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.142 g, 0.9 mmol) and Ph₃P (0.291 g, 1.1 mmol) in THF (10 mL), **3n** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 5:1) as a slightly light yellow oil (0.250 g, 88%).

IR (neat): 3278 (w), 2970 (s), 2927 (s), 2859 (s), 1650 (s), 1607 (s), 1496 (m), 1458 (m), 1370 (m), 1288 (s), 1241 (s), 1140 (s), 1068 (s), 1013 (m), 949 (w), 848 (w), 791 (m), 714 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 0.88$ (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.23 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, $2 \times CH_3$), 1.23–1.39 (m, 14 H, $7 \times CH_2$), 1.46 (s, 9 H, $3 \times CH_3$), 2.15 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.30 (dd, J = 6.0, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.50–3.60 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.40 (s, 1 H, CH), 4.50 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.61 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.9, 15.1 (2 C, CH₃), 22.5, 27.9 (CH₂), 28.4 (3 × CH₃), 29.1, 29.2, 29.3, 31.7, 32.4, 42.7 (CH₂), 45.4 (NCH₂), 62.9 (2 × OCH₂), 81.5 (C), 83.8 (CH = C), 102.0 (OCH), 164.5 (N–*C*=CH), 170.5 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 385 (M⁺, 4), 312 (1), 282 (2), 226 (8), 214 (31), 197 (27), 155 (60), 114 (12), 103 (100), 75 (31).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{22}H_{43}NO_4$ [M⁺]: 385.3187; found: 385.3178.

Ethyl 3-[(2,2-Dimethoxyethyl)amino]tridec-2-enoate (30)

Starting with ethyl 3-oxotridecanoate (1n) (0.141 g, 0.6 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-dimethoxyethane (2b) (0.087 g, 0.7 mmol) and Ph_3P

(0.216 g, 0.8 mmol) in THF (5 mL), **30** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $100:1 \rightarrow 3:1$) as a light yellow oil (0.163 g, 86%).

IR (neat): 3282 (w), 2928 (s), 2857 (s), 1655 (s), 1608 (s), 1501 (m), 1458 (m), 1372 (m), 1287 (m), 1242 (s), 1179 (s), 1135 (s), 1080 (s), 1056 (s), 981 (w), 790 (m), 713 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 0.88$ (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.25 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.26–1.33 (m, 14 H, 7 × CH₂), 1.51 (quint, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.17 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.32 (dd, J = 6.0, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.42 (s, 6 H, 2 × OCH₃), 4.09 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.41 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 4.48 (s, 1 H, CH), 8.60 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.0, 14.5 (CH₃), 22.6, 27.9, 29.20, 29.23, 29.3, 29.4, 29.5, 31.8, 32.5 (CH₂), 44.5 (NCH₂), 54.3 (2 C, OCH₃), 58.2 (OCH₂), 82.2 (CH=C), 103.4 (OCH), 165.2 (N-*C*=CH), 170.6 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 343 (M⁺, 6), 312 (3), 298 (3), 268 (26), 222 (8), 130 (42), 88 (36), 75 (100).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{19}H_{37}NO_4$ [M⁺]: 343.2717; found: 343.2716.

Ethyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]tridec-2-enoate (3p)

Starting with ethyl 3-oxotridecanoate (**1n**) (0.513 g, 2.0 mmol), 2azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.382 g, 2.4 mmol) and Ph₃P (0.787 g, 3.0 mmol) in THF (10 mL), **3p** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a slightly light yellow oil (0.678 g, 91%).

IR (neat): 3281 (w), 2926 (s), 2858 (m), 1698 (m), 1654 (s), 1607 (s), 1499 (m), 1456 (s), 1378 (m), 1282 (m), 1233 (s), 1174 (s), 1133 (s), 1059 (s), 790 (m), 714 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 0.88$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.16–1.32 (m, 23 H, $3 \times CH_3$, $7 \times CH_2$), 1.50 (quint, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.18 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.32 (dd, J = 6.0, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.51–3.62 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.09 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.47 (s, 1 H, CH = C), 4.51 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.62 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.8, 14.3, 15.0 (2 C, CH₃), 22.4, 27.7, 29.04, 29.09, 29.11, 29.22, 29.30, 31.6, 32.3 (CH₂), 45.4 (NCH₂), 57.9, 62.7 (2 C, OCH₂), 82.0 (*C*H=C), 101.7 (OCH), 165.1 (N–*C*=CH), 170.3 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 371 (M⁺, 1), 326 (8), 281 (29), 268 (7), 199 (6), 186 (6), 167 (3), 154 (6), 125 (5), 116 (4), 103 (100), 75 (39).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{21}H_{41}NO_4$ [M⁺]: 371.3030; found: 371.3021.

Ethyl 3-[(2,2-Dimethoxyethyl)amino]tetradec-2-enoate (3q)

Starting with ethyl 3-oxotetradecanoate (**1o**) (0.135 g, 0.5 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-dimethoxyethane (**2b**) (0.079 g, 0.6 mmol) and Ph₃P (0.197 g, 0.8 mmol) in THF (5 mL), **3q** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $100:1 \rightarrow 3:1$) as a light yellow oil (0.160 g, 90%).

IR (neat): 3282 (w), 2926 (s), 2856 (s), 1743 (w), 1718 (w), 1654 (s), 1604 (s), 1501 (s), 1459 (s), 1371 (s), 1288 (s), 1240 (s), 1178 (s), 1134 (s), 1083 (s), 1055 (s), 982 (m), 831 (w), 789 (m), 714 (m), 664 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 0.88$ (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.25 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.26–1.34 (m, 16 H, 8 × CH₂), 1.51 (quint, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.17 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.32 (dd, J = 6.0, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.42 (s, 6 H, 2 × OCH₃), 4.09 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.41 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 4.48 (s, 1 H, CH), 8.60 (br s, 1 H, NH). 13 C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.0, 14.5 (CH₃), 22.6, 23.4, 27.9, 28.9, 29.2, 29.3, 29.4, 29.5, 31.8, 32.5 (CH₂), 44.6 (NCH₂), 54.3 (2 C, OCH₃), 58.2 (OCH₂), 82.2 (CH=C), 103.4 (OCH), 165.3 (N-=CH), 170.6 (O=C-O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 357 (M⁺, 3), 343 (4), 326 (1), 312 (6), 282 (13), 268 (15), 222 (5), 88 (29), 75 (100).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{20}H_{39}NO_4$ (357.533): C, 67.19; H, 10.99. Found: C, 67.39; H, 11.19.

Ethyl 3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]tetradec-2-enoate (3r)

Starting with ethyl 3-oxotetradecanoate (**10**) (0.541 g, 2.0 mmol), 2azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.382 g, 2.4 mmol) and Ph₃P (0.787 g, 3.0 mmol) in THF (10 mL), **3r** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a slightly light yellow oil (0.703 g, 91%).

IR (neat): 3280 (w), 2926 (s), 2859 (s), 1700 (m), 1653 (s), 1607 (s), 1501 (m), 1458 (m), 1377 (m), 1283 (m), 1233 (s), 1172 (s), 1133 (s), 1059 (s), 789 (m), 715 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 0.88$ (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.20–1.33 (m, 25 H, $3 \times CH_3$, $8 \times CH_2$), 1.48–1.59 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 2.18 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.32 (dd, J = 6.0, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.50–3.60 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.09 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.47 (s, 1 H, CH=C), 4.51 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.62 (br s, 1 H, NH).

 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.7, 14.2, 14.9 (2 C, CH₃), 22.3, 27.7, 29.01 (2 C), 29.03, 29.16, 29.28 (2 C), 31.6, 32.2 (CH₂), 45.3 (NCH₂), 57.8, 62.6 (2 C, OCH₂), 81.9 (CH=C), 101.6 (OCH), 164.9 (N–*C*=CH), 170.1 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 385 (M⁺, 1), 340 (6), 326 82), 295 (22), 282 (6), 267 (2), 252 (2), 223 (2), 199 (6), 186 (6), 154 (7), 130 (8), 125 (6), 116 (5), 103 (100).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{22}H_{43}NO_4$ (385.581): C, 68.53; H, 11.24. Found: C, 68.58; H, 10.88.

Ethyl 7-Chloro-3-[(2,2-diethoxyethyl)amino]hept-2-enoate (3s) Starting with ethyl 7-chloro-3-oxoheptanoate (1p) (0.413 g, 2.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (2a) (0.382 g, 2.4 mmol) and Ph₃P (0.787 g, 3.0 mmol) in THF (10 mL), 3s was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 5:1) as a light yellow oil (0.537 g, 83%).

IR (neat): 2976 (s), 2938 (s), 2876 (s), 1730 (w), 1682 (s), 1568 (s), 1449 (m), 1377 (m), 1354 (m), 1269 (s), 1139 (s), 1056 (s), 992 (m), 792 cm⁻¹ (m).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 1.21$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.24 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.63 (quint, J = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 1.75 (quint, J = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.12 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.30 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.36 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, CH₂Cl), 3.50–3.60 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.07 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.61 (s, 1 H, CH), 4.77 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.62 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.6, 15.3 (2 C, CH₃), 19.1, 23.1, 26.2 (CH₂), 51.2 (NCH₂), 55.2 (CH₂Cl), 57.9, 63.3 (2 C, OCH₂), 81.3 (CH=C), 99.2 (OCH), 162.3 (N–C=CH), 168.8 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 285 ([M – Cl]⁺, 8), 256 (19), 240 (60), 212 (7), 194 (11), 182 (51), 166 (16), 154 (29), 138 (12), 124 (8), 122 (29), 116 (82), 103 (100), 89 (31), 75 (92).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{15}H_{28}CINO_4$ [M⁺]: 321.1701; found: 321.1702.

Ethyl 9-Chloro-3-[(2,2-diethoxyethyl)amino]non-2-enoate (3t) Starting with ethyl 9-chloro-3-oxononanoate (1q) (0.470 g, 2.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (2a) (0.382 g, 2.4 mmol) and Ph_3P (0.787 g, 3.0 mmol) in THF (10 mL), 3t was isolated after

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chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $100:1 \rightarrow 5:1$) as a slightly light yellow oil (0.569 g, 81%).

IR (neat): 2977 (s), 2935 (s), 2869 (s), 1741 (m), 1721 (m), 1652 (s), 1605 (s), 1501 (m), 1453 (m), 1347 (m), 1285 (s), 1235 (s), 1173 (s), 1132 (s), 1058 (s), 789 (m), 731 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 1.22$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.24 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.29–1.59 (m, 6 H, 3 × CH₂), 1.77 (quint, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.20 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.32 (dd, J = 6.3, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.53 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, CHCl), 3.51–3.61 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.09 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.47 (s, 1 H, CH), 4.51 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.61 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.1, 14.8 (2 C, CH₃), 26.1, 27.3, 28.1, 31.9, 32.0 (CH₂), 44.4 (CH₂Cl), 45.1 (NCH₂), 57.6 (OCH₂), 62.5 (2 C, OCH₂), 81.8 (*C*H=C), 101.4 (OCH), 164.4 (N–*C*=CH), 169.9 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 349 (M⁺, 2), 314 (1), 306 (2), 304 (7), 246 (1), 202 (1), 200 (3), 148 (1), 146 (4), 130 (13), 114 (2), 103 (100), 96 (2), 85 (3), 83 (6), 75 (40).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{17}H_{32}CINO_4$ [M⁺]: 349.2014; found: 349.2007.

Ethyl 10-Chloro-3-[(2,2-diethoxyethyl)amino]dec-2-enoate (3u) Starting with ethyl 10-chloro-3-oxodecanoate (1r) (0.600 g, 2.4 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (2a) (0.462 g, 2.9 mmol) and Ph₃P (0.949 g, 3.6 mmol) in THF (12 mL), 3u was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a slightly light yellow oil (0.727 g, 83%).

IR (neat): 3282 (w), 2978 (s), 2933 (s), 2864 (s), 1653 (s), 1603 (s), 1501 (s), 1452 (s), 1375 (s), 1282 (s), 1233 (s), 1174 (s), 1126 (s), 1059 (s), 939 (w), 850 (w), 790 (s), 718 (m), 854 cm⁻¹ (m).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.24 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.26 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.31–1.52 (m, 8 H, 4 × CH₂), 1.77 (quint, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.19 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 3.32 (dd, J = 6.0, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.53 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2 H, CH₂Cl), 3.53–3.63 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.69–3.79 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.09 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.47 (s, 1 H, CH), 4.51 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 8.63 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.3, 15.0 (2 C, CH₃), 26.4, 27.5, 28.3, 28.9, 32.2, 32.3 (CH₂), 44.7 (CH₂Cl), 45.4 (NCH₂), 58.0, 62.8 (2 C, OCH₂), 82.0 (*C*H=C), 101.7 (OCH), 164.9 (N–*C*=CH), 170.2 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 363 (M⁺, 1), 320 (1), 318 (4), 260 (1), 214 (2), 200 (2), 161 (2), 143 (2), 130 (10), 115 (2), 103 (100), 75 (45).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{18}H_{34}CINO_4$ (363.920): C, 59.41; H, 9.42. Found: C, 59.06; H, 9.44.

4-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]pent-3-en-2-one (3v)

Starting with acetyl acetone (**1s**) (0.300 g, 3.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.573 g, 3.6 mmol) and Ph₃P (1.180 g, 4.5 mmol) in THF (15 mL), **3v** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 1:1) as a slightly light yellow oil (0.635 g, 98%).

IR (neat): 2977 (s), 2928 (m), 2883 (m), 1616 (s), 1576 (s), 1514 (s), 1444 (s), 1375 (m), 1355 (s), 1293 (s), 1242 (m), 1127 (s), 1065 (s), 1024 (m), 979 (w), 797 (w), 741 cm⁻¹ (m).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.24 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.94 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 2.01 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.36 (dd, *J* = 6.3, 5.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.52–3.62 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.69–3.79 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.53 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1 H OCH), 4.99 (s, 1 H, CH=C), 10.80 (br s, 1 H, NH). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.5 (2 C), 18.3, 28.0 (CH₃), 45.3 (NCH₂), 62.4 (2 × OCH₂), 95.0 (CH=C), 101.0 (OCH), 162.0 (N– C=CH), 193.9 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 215 (M⁺, 10), 170 (17), 140 (4), 126 (6), 111 (44), 103 (100), 96 (23), 82 (44), 75 (93).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{11}H_{21}NO_3$ [M⁺]: 215.1516; found: 215.1511.

5-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]hept-4-en-3-one (3w)

Starting with 3,5-heptanedione (**1t**) (0.41 mL, 3.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.573 g, 3.6 mmol) and Ph₃P (1.180 g, 4.5 mmol) in THF (15 mL), **3w** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a slightly light yellow oil (0.713 g, 98%).

IR (neat): 3409 (br, w), 3183 (br, w), 2976 (m), 2933 (m), 2883 (w), 1613 (s), 1577 (s), 1516 (w), 1455 (w), 1376 (w), 1349 (w), 1280 (w), 1237 (w), 1128 (m), 1067 (s), 810 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.10 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.14 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.23 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 2.22–2.31 (m, 4 H, 2 × CH₂), 3.36 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 6.0 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.52–3.61 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.69–3.78 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.54 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1 H OCH), 5.00 (s, 1 H, CH=C), 10.84 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 10.3, 12.2, 15.4 (2C, CH₃), 25.2, 35.1 (CH₂), 45.7 (NCH₂), 63.3 (2 × OCH₂), 92.6 (*C*H=C), 101.9 (OCH), 168.1 (N–*C*=CH), 198.7 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 243 (M⁺, 7), 214 (2), 198 (7), 168 (3), 140 (15), 124 (7), 112 (9), 103 (100).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{13}H_{25}NO_3$ [M⁺]: 243.1829; found: 243.1833.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{13}H_{25}NO_3$ (243.342): C, 64.16; H, 10.36. Found: C, 64.16; H, 10.42.

3-[(**2**,**2**-**Diethoxyethyl**)**amino**]-**1**-**phenylbut-2**-**en-1**-**one** (**3x**)

Starting with benzoylacetone **1u** (0.200 g, 1.2 mmol), 2-azido-1,1diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.236 g, 1.5 mmol) and Ph₃P (0.656 g, 2.5 mmol) in THF (10 mL), **3x** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 1:1) as a light yellow oil (0.322 g, 97%).

IR (neat): 3060 (w), 2977 (m), 2930 (w), 2830 (w), 2883 (w), 1606 (s), 1550 (s), 1525 (m), 1483 (w), 1444 (m), 1378 (m), 1327 (s), 1294 (s), 1245 (m), 1172 (w), 1127 (s), 1065 (s), 1031 (m), 818 (w), 793 (w), 740 (m), 714 (w), 684 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 1.25$ (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 2.10 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.46 (dd, J = 6.4, 5.6 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.59 (dq, J = 9.3, 7.1 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.76 (dq, J = 9.3, 7.1 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.59 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 5.68 (s, 1 H, CH=C), 7.40 (m, 3 H, 3 × CH of Ph), 7.86 (m, 2 H, 2 × CH of Ph), 11.42 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 15.2 (2C), 19.5 (CH₃), 46.3 (NCH₂), 63.3 (2 C, OCH₂), 92.5 (CH=C), 101.1 (OCH), 126.7 (2 C), 127.9 (2 C), 130.2 (CH of Ph), 140.3 (C of Ph), 164.7 (N–*C*=CH), 187.8 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 277 (M⁺, 7), 232 (6), 199 (7), 174 (7), 160 (2), 158 (6), 144 (1), 117 (1), 103 (100), 91 (14), 77 (17).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{16}H_{23}NO_3$ [M⁺]: 277.16779; found: 277.16803.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{16}H_{23}NO_3$ (277.363): C, 69.29; H, 8.36. Found: C, 69.61; H, 8.37.

3-[(2,2-Dimethoxyethyl)amino]-1-(2-methoxyphenyl)but-2-en-1-one (3y)

Starting with benzoylacetone 1v (1.153 g, 6.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-dimethoxyethane (2b) (0.983 g, 7.5 mmol) and Ph₃P (3.934 g, 15.0

mmol) in THF (10 mL), **3y** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $100:1 \rightarrow 1:1$) as a light yellow oil (0.800 g, 50%).

IR (neat): 3067 (w), 2991 (m), 2936 (w), 2833 (w), 1593 (s), 1580 (s), 1538 (m), 1434 (m), 1310 (m), 1070 (s), 1020 (m), 752 cm⁻¹ (s).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 250 MHz): δ = 1.96 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.35 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 3.37 (s, 6 H, OCH₃), 3.78 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 4.41 (t, ${}^{3}J$ = 6.0 Hz, 1 H, CH), 5.53 (s, 1 H, CH), 6.83 (d, ${}^{3}J$ = 8.2 Hz, 1 H, CH_{Ar}), 6.89 (d, ${}^{3}J$ = 7.5 Hz, 1 H, CH_{Ar}), 7.25 (dd, ${}^{3}J$ = 7.6 Hz, ${}^{4}J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1 H, CH_{Ar}), 7.51 (dd, ${}^{3}J$ = 7.8 Hz, ${}^{4}J$ = 2.0 Hz, 1 H, CH_{Ar}), 11.24 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 62 MHz): δ = 15.5 (CH₃), 45.4 (NCH₂), 54.2 (2 OCH₃), 55.6 (OCH₃), 97.5 (*C*H=C), 103.4 (CH), 111.3, 120.4, 129.6. 130.6 (CH_{Ar}), 131.3, 156.8 (C_{Ar}), 163.9 (N–*C*=CH), 188.9 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 279 (M⁺, 17), 248 (9), 188 (15), 135 (27), 121 (38), 75 (100), 47 (7).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{15}H_{21}NO_4$ [M⁺]: 279.14651; found; 279.14672.

1-(2-Chlorophenyl)-3-[(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)amino]but-2-en-1one (3z)

Starting with benzoylacetone **1w** (1.476 g, 7.5 mmol), 2-azido-1,1dimethoxyethane (**2b**) (1.493 g, 9.3 mmol) and Ph₃P (4.921 g, 18.7 mmol) in THF (10 mL), **3z** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 1:1) as a light yellow oil (1.000 g, 52%).

IR (neat): 3067 (w), 2991 (m), 2936 (w), 2833 (w), 1593 (s), 1580 (s), 1538 (m), 1434 (m), 1310 (m), 1070 (s), 1020 (m), 752 cm⁻¹ (s).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 250 MHz): δ = 1.97 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.36 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 3.37 (s, 6 H, OCH₃), 4.42 (t, ³*J* = 6.0 Hz, 1 H, CH), 5.25 (s, 1 H, CH), 7.14–7.17 (m, 1 H, CH_{Ar}), 7.25–7.29 (m, 1 H, CH_{Ar}), 7.34–7.38 (m, 1 H, CH_{Ar}), 11.12 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 62 MHz): δ = 19.4 (CH₃), 45.5 (NCH₂), 54.8 (2 OCH₃), 96.8 (CH=C), 103.4 (CH), 112.4, 129.1, 129.7, 130.0 (CH_{Ar}), 130.8, 141.4 (C_{Ar}), 165.0 (N–*C*=CH), 188.9 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 285 (M⁺, ³⁷Cl, 3), 283 (M⁺, ³⁵Cl, 9), 252 (5), 208 (6), 188 (5), 125 (10), 111 (7), 75 (100), 47 (6).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{14}H_{18}CINO_3$ [M⁺, ³⁵Cl]: 283.09752; found; 283.09752.

3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]cyclohex-2-en-1-one (6a)

Starting with 1,3-cyclohexanedione (**5a**) (0.336 g, 3.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.573 g, 3.6 mmol) and Ph₃P (1.180, 4.5 mmol) in THF (15 mL), **6a** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow EtOAc \rightarrow acetone) as a light brown oil (0.664 g, 97%).

IR (neat): 3260 (w), 3071 (w), 2976 (m), 2935 (m), 2880 (m), 1663 (w), 1551 (s), 1451 (m), 1372 (m), 1319 (w), 1290 (w), 1246 (m), 1190 (m), 1133 (s), 1065 cm⁻¹ (s).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.23 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 1.97 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.32 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.36 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.21 (dd, *J* = 5.2, 5.2 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.50–3.60 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.66–3.76 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.64 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 4.75 (br s, 1 H, NH), 5.13 (s, 1 H, CH=C).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.2 (2 × CH₃), 21.0, 28.2, 35.5 (CH₂), 44.4 (NCH₂), 61.3 (OCH₂), 98.5 (*C*H=C), 101.9 (OCH), 164.8 (N–*C*=CH), 195.7 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): *m*/*z* (%) = 227 (M⁺, 4), 186 (1), 136 (6), 124 (4), 103 (100), 75 (67).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{12}H_{21}NO_3$ (227.303): C, 63.41; H, 9.31: Found: C, 63.09; H, 9.12.

3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]-5,5-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-one (6b)

Starting with dimedone (**5b**) (0.421 g, 3.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.573 g, 3.6 mmol), and Ph₃P (1.180 g, 4.5 mmol) in THF (15 mL), **6b** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow EtOAc \rightarrow acetone) as a light yellow oil (0.703 g, 92%).

IR (neat): 3259 (m), 3069 (m), 2967 (s), 2935 (s), 2878 (s), 1738 (m), 1540 (s), 1452 (s), 1425 (m), 1410 (m), 1376 (s), 1271 (s), 1242 (s), 1131 (s), 1065 (s), 960 (w), 932 (w), 891 (w), 809 (m), 732 (m), 703 (w), 660 (w), 607 (m), 560 (m), 482 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 1.07$ (s, 6 H, 2×CH₃), 1.22 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2×CH₃), 2.17 (s, 2 H, CH₂), 2.27 (s, 2 H, CH₂), 3.23 (dd, J = 5.4, 5.4 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.50–3.60 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.65–3.75 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.67 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 5.12 (s, 1 H, CH=C), 5.89 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.9 (2 × CH₃), 27.8 (2 × CH₃), 32.3 (C), 42.8 (CH₂), 44.9 (NCH₂), 49.9 (CH₂), 62.2 (2 × OCH₂), 94.6 (CH=C), 99.1 (OCH), 163.2 (N–*C*=CH), 196.2 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 255 (M⁺, 8), 210 (2), 181 (2), 164 (6), 151 (2), 138 (2), 122 (1), 103 (77), 84 (100), 75 (47).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{14}H_{25}NO_3$ [M⁺]: 255.1829; found: 255.1824.

3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]-5-methylcyclohex-2-en-1-one (6c) Starting with 5-methyl-1,3-cyclohexanedione (**5c**) (0.386 g, 3.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.573 g, 3.6 mmol) and Ph₃P (1.180, 4.5 mmol) in THF (15 mL), **6c** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow EtOAc \rightarrow acetone) as a light brown oil (0.724 g, 94%).

IR (neat): 3260 (m), 3070 (m), 2968 (s), 2933 (s), 2882 (m), 1547 (s), 1451 (s), 1427 (m), 1412 (m), 1373 (m), 1272 (s), 1245 (m), 1134 (m), 1067 (s), 808 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 1.03-1.13$ (m, 3 H, CH₃), 1.23 (dt, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 6 H, $2 \times CH_3$), 2.00–2.34 (m, 5 H, $2 \times CH_2$, CH), 3.22 (dd, J = 5.4, 5.4 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.50–3.60 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.65–3.75 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.66 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 4.80 (br s, 1 H, NH), 5.13 (s, 1 H, CH=C).

 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 15.1 (2 × CH₃), 20.3 (CH₃), 27.5 (CH), 35.4, 42.1 (CH₂), 44.8 (NCH₂), 62.2 (2 × OCH₂), 95.8 (CH=C), 99.8 (OCH), 163.4 (N–C=CH), 196.0 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 241 (M⁺, 5), 196 (1), 151 (5), 138 (3), 124 (2), 103 (100), 74 (38).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{13}H_{23}NO_3$ [M⁺]: 241.16779; 241.16770.

3-[(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)amino]-5-phenylcyclohex-2-en-1-one (6d)

Starting with 5-phenyl-1,3-cyclohexanedione (**5d**) (0.588 g, 3.0 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (**2a**) (0.573 g, 3.6 mmol) and Ph₃P (1.180, 4.5 mmol) in THF (15 mL), **6d** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow EtOAc) as a light brown solid (0.838 g, 92%).

IR (KBr): 3243 (s), 3065 (s), 2975 (m), 2934 (m), 2888 (m), 1545 (s), 1441 (s), 1374 (m), 1274 (s), 1239 (s), 1133 (s), 1069 (s), 757 (w), 701 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.23 (dt, *J* = 7.2, 1.4 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 2.44–2.75 (m, 4 H, 2 × CH₂), 3.24 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 5.1 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.29–3.41 (m, 1 H, CHPh), 3.50–3.61 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.66–3.76 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.65 (t, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 4.81 (br s, 1 H, NH), 5.22 (s, 1 H, CH = C), 7.23–7.27 (m, 3 H, 3 × CH of Ph), 7.31–7.34 (m, 2 H, 2 × CH of Ph).

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¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): $δ = 15.0 (2 × CH_3)$, 36.8 (CH₂), 39.6 (CHPh), 43.3 (NCH₂), 45.1 (CH₂), 62.4 (2 × OCH₂), 96.1 (CH=C), 99.2 (OCH), 126.4 (2 C), 126.6, 128.4 (2 C, CH of Ph), 142.9 (C of Ph), 163.6 (N–C=CH), 196.1 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 303 (M⁺, 8), 258 (3), 213 (7), 200 (4), 170 (5), 103 (100), 91 (46), 77 (32).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{18}H_{25}NO_3$ [M⁺]: 303.18344; found: 303.18338.

UV/Vis (MeCN,): λ_{max} (log ε) = 280 nm (4.29).

Synthesis of Pyrroles (4); Representative Procedures

Method A: To **3x** (0.050 g, 0.18 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL) was added TFA (0.14 mL, 1.8 mmol) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to 20 °C during 12 h and was stirred for 4 h at 20 °C. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $50:1 \rightarrow 3:1$) to give **4r** as a light yellow solid (0.027 g, 82%).

Method B: To **3x** (0.050 g, 0.18 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL) was added Me₃SiOTf (0.050 g, 0.18 mmol) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to 20 °C during 12 h and was stirred for 4 h at 20 °C. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 1:1) to give **4r** as a light yellow solid (0.026 g, 79%).

Method C: A DMSO solution (5 mL) of **3x** (0.100 g, 0.36 mmol) was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h. After cooling to 20 °C, H₂O (10 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with Et₂O (4×15 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 1:1) to give **4r** as a light yellow solid (0.048 g, 72%).

Methyl 2-Methyl-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4a)

Method A: Starting with **3a** (0.100 g, 0.4 mmol) and TFA (0.33 mL, 4.3 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL), **4a** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a light brown solid (0.013 g, 22%).

Method B: Starting with **3a** (0.100 g, 0.43 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.096 g, 0.43 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) at 0 °C, **4a** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 1:1) as a light brown solid (0.021 g, 35%).

Method C: Starting with 3a (0.100 g, 0.43 mmol) in DMSO (5 mL), 4a' (0.021 g, 19%) and 4a (0.024 g, 40%) were isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 1:1) as light brown oil and solid, respectively.

Methyl 1-(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)-2-methyl-1*H*-pyrrole-3-carboxy-late (4a')

IR (neat): 3410 (br), 3367 (br), 2977 (w), 2953 (w), 2929 (w), 2857 (w), 1725 (s), 1704 (s), 1630 (w), 1601 (w), 1556 (w), 1525 (w), 1508 (w), 1439 (m), 1401 (w), 1376 (w), 1293 (m), 1257 (s), 1227 (s), 1195 (m), 1114 (s), 1063 (s), 776 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.16 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 2.55 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.32–3.42 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.62–3.72 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.79 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 3.93 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 4.53,(t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 6.51 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1 H, CH), 6.55 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1 H, CH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 11.1, 15.2 (2 C, CH₃), 50.0 (NCH₂), 50.7 (OCH₃), 63.9 (2 C, OCH₂), 102.2 (OCH), 109.5 (CH), 111.9 (C), 120.9 (CH), 136.3 (C), 166.0 (O=C–O).

$$\begin{split} & \mathsf{MS} \ (\mathsf{EI}, 70 \ \mathsf{eV}) \colon \mathit{m/z} \ (\%) = 255 \ (\mathsf{M}^+, 15), 223 \ (60), 210 \ (4), 192 \ (80), \\ & 182 \ (3), 178 \ (4), 166 \ (4), 164 \ (27), 151 \ (3), 132 \ (5), 120 \ (11), 103 \\ & (100), 76 \ (63). \end{split}$$

Methyl 2-Methyl-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4a)

IR (neat): 3312 (m), 2978 (s), 2952 (w), 2933 (w), 2867 (m), 1707 (s), 1680 (s), 1607 (w), 1580 (m), 1493 (w), 1452 (s), 1408 (w), 1381 (m), 1348 (w), 1329 (m), 1268 (m), 1226 (w), 1202 (m), 1177 (w), 1125 (s), 1076 (w), 1053 (w), 1026 (w), 900 (w), 844 (w), 790 (w), 726 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 2.53 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.80 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 6.55 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1 H, CH), 6.56 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1 H, CH), 8.23 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.2 (CH₃), 50.8 (OCH₃), 110.4 (CH), 110.5 (C), 115.8 (CH), 135.3 (C), 166.1 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 139 (M⁺, 46), 124 (19), 107 (100), 80 (33).

HRMS (EI, 70 eV): m/z calcd for $C_7H_9NO_2$: 139.0633 [M⁺]; found: 139.0633 ± 2 ppm.

Ethyl 2-Methyl-1*H*-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4b)

Starting with **3b** (0.100 g, 0.4 mmol) in DMSO (5 mL), **4b** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 1:1) as a light brown solid (0.036 g, 58%); mp 64 °C.

IR (KBr): 3294 (s), 2985 (m), 2938 (w), 2906 (w), 1697 (s), 1675 (s), 1578 (m), 1499 (m), 1447 (m), 1411 (m), 1369 (m), 1325 (s), 1267 (s), 1227 (w), 1201 (s), 1127 (s), 1095 (s), 1053 (s), 901 (m), 781 (m), 754 (m), 722 cm⁻¹ (m).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.34 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, OCH₂CH₃), 2.52 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 4.27 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 6.56 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 2 H, 2 × CH), 8.51 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.2, 14.5 (CH₃), 59.4 (OCH₂), 110.4 (CH), 111.7 (C), 115.7 (CH), 135.2 (C), 165.8 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 153 (M⁺, 95), 124 (61), 108 (100).

HRMS (EI, 70 eV): m/z calcd for C₈H₁₁NO₂: 153.0790 [M⁺]; found: 153.0790 ± 2 ppm.

Isopropyl 2-Methyl-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4c)

Starting with **3c** (0.200 g, 0.8 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.172 g, 0.8 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), **4c** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a light brown oil (0.064 g, 50%).

IR (neat): 3318 (m), 2987 (s), 2936 (w), 2895 (w), 1707 (s), 1689 (s), 1672 (s), 1576 (m), 1495 (w), 1412 (w), 1373 (m), 1327 (m), 1268 (m), 1225 (w), 1202 (m), 1125 (s), 1086 (m), 1053 (m), 902 (w), 788 (w), 724 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.26 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 6 H, 2×CH₃), 2.53 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 5.04 (sept, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 6.55 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1 H, CH), 6.58 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1 H, CH), 8.55 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.2, 21.8 (2 C, CH₃), 68.6 (OCH), 110.3 (CH), 111.9 (C), 115.8 (CH), 135.2 (C), 165.6 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 167 (M⁺, 67), 124 (42), 108 (100), 80 (37).

HRMS (EI, 70 eV): m/z calcd for C₉H₁₃NO₂: 167.0946 [M⁺]; found: 167.0946 \pm 2 ppm.

Isobutyl 2-Methyl-1*H*-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4d)

Starting with **3d** (0.200 g, 0.7 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.163 g, 0.7 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), **4d** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a light brown oil (0.059 g, 42%).

IR (neat): 3321 (m), 2983 (s), 2941 (w), 2897 (w), 1705 (s), 1691 (s), 1673 (s), 1577 (m), 1491 (w), 1414 (w), 1371 (m), 1331 (m), 1272 (m), 1223 (w), 1200 (m), 1126 (s), 1087 (m), 1054 (m), 901 (w), 786 (w), 722 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 0.98 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), CH₃), 1.98 (m, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.53 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.87 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 6.54–6.58 (m, 2 H, 2 × CH), 8.53 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.2, 19.1 (2 C, CH₃), 27.8 (CH), 70.4 (OCH₂), 110.5 (CH), 111.8 (C), 115.7 (CH), 135.2 (C), 165.4 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 181 (M⁺, 70), 124 (45), 108 (100), 80 (42).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{10}H_{15}NO_2$ [M⁺]: 181.11028; found: 181.11042.

2-Methoxyethyl 2-Methyl-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4e)

Starting with **3f** (0.100 g, 0.4 mmol) in DMSO (2 mL), **4e** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $100:1 \rightarrow 1:1$) as a light brown solid (0.034 g, 51%).

IR (neat): 3319 (br), 2930 (w), 1684 (s), 1455 (m), 1322 (w), 1269 (m), 1231 (w), 1196 (w), 1126 (s), 1099 (m), 1060 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 2.52 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.42 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 3.68–3.71 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.36–4.39 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 6.54–6.58 (m, 2 H, 2 × CH), 8.53 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.2 (CH₃), 58.9 (OCH₃), 62.4, 70.8 (OCH₂), 110.5 (CH), 111.3 (C), 115.8 (CH), 135.5 (C), 165.5 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 183 (M⁺, 9), 125 (23), 108 (100), 80 (14). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): m/z calcd for C₉H₁₃NO₃: 183.0895 [M⁺]; found: 183.0895 ± 2 ppm.

Allyl 2-Methyl-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4f)

Starting with **3g** (0.100 g, 0.4 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.087 g, 0.4 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) at 0 °C, **4f** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a light brown oil (0.024 g, 37%).

IR (neat): 3337 (br, m), 2976 (w), 2928 (m), 1703 (s), 1581 (w), 1538 (w), 1447 (m), 1411 (m), 1267 (m), 1222 (s), 1175 (m), 1109 (m), 1012 (w), 994 (w), 933 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 2.53$ (s, 3 H, CH₃), 4.62–4.74 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 5.20–5.39 (m, 2 H, CH₂=CH), 5.91–6.09 (m, 1 H, CH=CH₂), 6.55–6.58 (m, 2 H, 2 × CH), 8.35 (br s, 1 H, NH).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{11}H_{15}NO_2$ (139.24): C, 68.37; H, 7.82. Found: C, 68.55; H, 7.58.

Methyl 2-Ethyl-1*H*-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4g)

Starting with **3h** (0.100 g, 0.4 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.091 g, 0.4 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) at 0 °C, **4g** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a light brown solid (0.024 g, 39%).

IR (KBr): 3296 (br, w), 2954 (m), 2929 (m), 1715 (s), 1445 (m), 1371 (m), 1226 (s), 1102 cm⁻¹ (m).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 3.00 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.79 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 6.55–6.58 (m, 2 H, 2 × CH), 8.28 (br s, 1 H, NH).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 153 (M⁺, 49), 138 (1), 94 (100), 80 (2).

Anal. Calcd for $C_8H_{11}NO_2$ (153.181): C, 62.73; H, 7.24. Found: C, 63.04; H, 7.82.

Ethyl 2-Propyl-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4h)

Starting with **3i** (0.200 g, 0.7 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.162 g, 0.7 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) at 0 °C, **4h** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $50:1 \rightarrow 3:1$) as a light brown oil (0.073 g, 55%).

IR (neat): 3345 (m), 2959 (m), 2873 (w), 1645 (s), 1582 (m), 1551 (m), 1491 (w), 1459 (m), 1448 (m), 1375 (m), 1305 (m), 1251 (s), 1174 (s), 1131 (s), 1103 (m), 1040 (m), 1019 (m), 843 (w), 759 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 0.95$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.34 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.67 (sext, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.92 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 4.27 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 6.54–6.58 (m, J = 2.7 Hz, 2 H, 2 × CH), 8.31 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.7, 14.4 (CH₃), 22.7, 29.2 (CH₂), 59.3 (OCH₂), 110.3 (CH), 111.1 (C), 115.8 (CH), 139.9 (C), 165.8 (O = C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 181 (M⁺, 62), 166 (2), 152 (100), 136 (45), 124 (87), 120 (11), 108 (49).

HRMS (EI, 70 eV): m/z calcd for C₁₀H₁₅NO₂: 181.1103 [M⁺]; found: 181.1103 ± 2 ppm.

Ethyl 2-Heptyl-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4i)

Route 1: Starting with **3k** (0.250 g, 0.8 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.185 g, 0.8 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), **4i** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $50:1 \rightarrow 3:1$) as a light brown oil (0.118 g, 60%).

Route 2: Starting with **31** (0.350 g, 1.06 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.236 g, 1.06 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL), **4i** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a light brown oil (0.146 g, 58%).

IR (neat): 3324 (s), 2956 (s), 2928 (s), 2871 (m), 2857 (m), 1726 (m), 1702 (s), 1673 (s), 1574 (m), 1496 (m), 1466 (s), 1394 (m), 1370 (m), 1331 (m), 1297 (m), 1264 (m), 1197 (m), 1181 (m), 1128 (s), 1096 (w), 1077 (w), 1049 (m), 1028 (w), 902 (w), 790 (w), 724 cm⁻¹ (m).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 0.86 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.15–1.40 (m, 11 H, CH₃, 4 × CH₂), 1.50–1.64 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 2.92 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 4.27 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 6.56 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1 H, CH), 6.58 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 1 H, CH), 8.21 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.9, 14.3 (CH₃), 22.5, 27.3, 29.0, 29.3, 29.5, 31.7 (CH₂), 59.2 (OCH₂), 110.5 (CH), 110.9 (C), 115.8 (CH), 140.1 (C), 165.8 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 237 (M⁺, 40), 208 (18), 192 (12), 164 (39), 151 (38), 138 (6), 124 (100).

Anal. Calcd for $\rm C_{14}H_{23}NO_2$ (237.342): C, 70.85; H, 9.77. Found: C, 70.47; H, 10.10.

Ethyl 2-Nonyl-1*H*-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4j)

Starting with **3m** (0.300 g, 0.8 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.187 g, 0.8 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), **4j** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a light brown oil (0.127 g, 57%).

IR (neat): 3332 (m), 2957 (m), 2926 (s), 2855 (m), 1675 (s), 1464 (m), 1371 (w), 1329 (w), 1263 (w), 1196 (w), 1182 (w), 1128 (s), 1043 (w), 723 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 0.88$ (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.19–1.39 (m, 12 H, $6 \times CH_2$), 1.34 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.58– 1.68 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 2.94 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 4.27 (q, J = 7.2Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 6.57 (m, 2 H, 2 × CH), 8.20 (br s, 1 H, NH). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl₃), 75 MHz): δ = 14.1, 14.5 (CH₃), 22.6, 27.3, 29.3, 29.4, 29.47, 29.51, 29.7, 31.8 (CH₂), 59.3 (OCH₂), 110.5 (CH), 111.1 (C), 115.7 (CH), 140.0 (C), 165.5 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 265 (M⁺, 64), 236 (8), 220 (5), 192 (52), 166 (98), 154 (22), 138 (6), 124 (37), 120 (17), 94 (100).

HRMS (EI, 70 eV): m/z calcd for C₁₆H₂₇NO₂: 265.20422 [M⁺]; found: 265.2042 ± 2 ppm.

Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₂₇NO₂ (265.395): C, 72.41; H, 10.25. Found: C, 72.59; H, 10.60.

Ethyl 2-Decyl-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4k)

Route 1: Starting with **3o** (0.130 g, 0.4 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.085 g, 0.4 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (7 mL), **4k** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $50:1 \rightarrow 3:1$) as a light brown oil (0.061 g, 57%).

Route 2: Starting with **3p** (0.300 g, 0.81 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.180 g, 0.81 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL), **4k** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a light brown oil (0.122 g, 54%).

IR (neat): 3369 (s), 2946 (s), 2925 (s), 2854 (s), 1676 (s), 1574 (w), 1463 (s), 1396 (w), 1371 (m), 1330 (m), 1300 (m), 1258 (m), 1192 (s), 1183 (s), 1130 (s), 1034 (m), 721 cm⁻¹ (m).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.20–1.36 (m, 17 H, CH₃, 7 × CH₂), 1.50–1.66 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 2.94 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 4.27 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 6.57 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 2 H, 2 × CH), 8.16 (br s, 1 H, NH).

 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl₃), 75 MHz): δ = 14.1, 14.5 (CH₃), 22.6, 27.3, 29.3, 29.41, 29.46, 29.52, 29.61, 31.2, 31.8 (CH₂), 59.3 (OCH₂), 110.5 (CH), 111.2 (C), 115.6 (CH), 140.0 (C), 165.5 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): *m*/*z* (%) = 279 (M⁺, 55), 250 (5), 234 (3), 206 (42), 192 (7), 166 (100), 138 (6), 120 (12), 94 (98).

HRMS (EI, 70 eV): m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₉NO₂: 279.2198 [M⁺]; found: 279.2198 ± 2 ppm.

Ethyl 2-Undecyl-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4l)

Route 1: Starting with **3q** (0.130 g, 0.4 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.081 g, 0.4 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL), **4l** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 5:1) as a light brown oil (0.060 g, 57%).

Route 2: Starting with **3r** (0.400 g, 1.04 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.231 g, 1.04 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL), **4I** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 5:1) as a light brown oil (0.171 g, 56%).

IR (neat): 3377 (m), 2956 (s), 2926 (s), 2854 (s), 1676 (s), 1463 (s), 1371 (w), 1330 (w), 1300 (w), 1257 (m), 1185 (m), 1183 (m), 1131 (s), 1032 (m), 721 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.21–1.36 (m, 19 H, CH₃, 8 × CH₂), 1.48–1.58 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 2.94 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 4.27 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 6.57 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 2 H, 2 × CH), 8.14 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃), 75 MHz): δ = 14.1, 14.5 (CH₃), 22.7, 27.3, 29.3, 29.43, 29.46, 29.57, 29.60 (2 C), 31.2, 31.9 (CH₂), 59.3 (OCH₂), 110.5 (CH), 111.3 (C), 115.6 (CH), 139.9 (C), 165.5 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): *m*/*z* (%) = 293 (M⁺, 71), 264 (2), 220 (4), 166 (100), 138 (4), 120 (15), 94 (97).

HRMS (EI, 70 eV): m/z calcd for C₁₈H₃₁NO₂: 293.2355 [M⁺]; found: 293.2355 ± 2 ppm.

Ethyl 2-(6-Chlorohexyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4m)

Starting with 3t (0.300 g, 0.9 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.191 g, 0.9 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL), 4m was isolated after chromatography

(silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $50:1 \rightarrow 1:1$) as a light brown oil (0.091 g, 41%).

IR (neat): 3327 (s), 2962 (s), 2928 (s), 2875 (m), 2863 (w), 1727 (m), 1701 (s), 1672 (s), 1576 (m), 1501 (m), 1456 (m), 1438 (m), 1402 (w), 1371 (w), 1329 (w), 1299 (w), 1271 (m), 1198 (m), 1167 (s), 1122 (m), 1093 (m), 1028 (m), 889 (w), 733 cm⁻¹ (m).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.22-1.44 (m, 7 H, CH₃, $2 \times$ CH₂), 1.55–1.80 (m, 4 H, $2 \times$ CH₂), 2.92 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.53 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, CH₂Cl), 4.26 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 6.56 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1 H, CH), 6.58 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1 H, CH), 8.23 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.2 (CH₃), 26.5, 27.1, 28.5, 30.4, 31.6 (CH₂), 44.4 (CH₂Cl), 59.2 (OCH₂), 110.5 (CH), 110.8 (C), 115.8 (CH), 140.1 (C), 165.7 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 257 (M⁺, 11), 228 (6), 222 (8), 212 (10), 184 (37), 149 (52), 135 (24), 121 (100).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{13}H_{20}NO_2Cl$ (257.75): C, 60.58; H, 7.82. Found: C, 60.42; H, 7.96.

Ethyl 2-(7-Chloroheptyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (4n)

Starting with **3u** (0.300 g, 0.8 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.183 g, 0.8 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL), **4n** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 1:1) as a light brown oil (0.105 g, 47%).

IR (neat): 3326 (s), 2958 (s), 2926 (s), 2872 (m), 2856 (w), 1726 (m), 1703 (s), 1675 (s), 1573 (m), 1497 (m), 1461 (m), 1444 (m), 1400 (w), 1369 (w), 1335 (w), 1303 (w), 1269 (m), 1204 (m), 1164 (s), 1118 (m), 1092 (m), 1031 (m), 894 (w), 736 cm⁻¹ (m).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.21–1.45 (m, 9 H, CH₃, $3 \times$ CH₂), 1.50–1.73 (m, 4 H, $2 \times$ CH₂), 2.91 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.53 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, CH₂Cl), 4.26 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 6.56 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1 H, CH), 6.58 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1 H, CH), 8.22 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.3 (CH₃), 26.7, 27.2, 28.6, 29.2, 30.6, 31.8 (CH₂), 44.6 (CH₂Cl), 59.3 (OCH₂), 110.5 (CH), 110.9 (C), 115.9 (CH), 140.2 (C), 165.9 (O=C–O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 271 (M⁺, 12), 242 (8), 236 (6), 226 (6), 198 (35), 163 (52), 149 (12), 135 (100).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{14}H_{22}NO_2Cl$ (271.78): C, 61.87; H, 8.16. Found: C, 61.68; H, 8.28.

1-(2-Methyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)ethanone (40)

Method A: Starting with **3v** (0.100 g, 0.5 mmol) and TFA (0.36 mL, 4.7 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), **4o** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $50:1 \rightarrow 1:1$) as a light yellow solid (0.039 g, 68%).

Method C: Starting with 3v (0.400 g, 1.86 mmol) in DMSO (5 mL), 40' (0.023 g, 5%) and 40 (0.137 g 60%) were isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 1:1) as light brown oil and solid, respectively.

1-(1-(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)-2-methyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)ethanone (40')

IR (neat): 2977 (m), 2928 (m), 2921 (m), 2903 (m), 2899 (m), 2883 (m), 2750 (m), 2744 (m), 1733 (m), 1652 (s), 1597 (w), 1575 (w), 1558 (w), 1539 (s), 1505 (m), 1455 (m), 1435 (s), 1417 (m), 1372 (s), 1310 (m), 1266 (s), 1241 (s), 1219 (m), 1177 (m), 1151 (s), 1126 (s), 1065 (s), 952 (w), 919 (w), 902 (w), 723 (w), 684 (w), 675 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 1.16$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, $2 \times$ CH₃), 2.39 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 2.57 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.34–3.44 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.63–3.73 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.93 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 4.54 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 6.47 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1 H, CH), 6.55 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1 H, CH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 11.6, 15.2 (2 C), 29.7 (CH₃), 49.7 (NCH₂), 63.9 (2 C, OCH₂), 102.0 (OCH), 110.0, 120.8 (CH), 121.2, 135.6 (C), 195.1 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 239 (M⁺, 31), 224 (2), 194 (6), 178 (2), 165 (18), 149 (10), 136 (5), 123 (14), 107 (60), 103 (100), 94 (14), 75 (83).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{13}H_{21}NO_3$ [M⁺]: 239.15214; found: 239.15119.

1-(2-Methyl-1*H***-pyrrol-3-yl)ethanone (40)** Mp 75 °C.

IR (KBr): 3211 (s), 3110 (s), 3021 (m), 2981 (w), 2962 (m), 2926 (m), 2843 (w), 1636 (s), 1569 (s), 1491 (s), 1465 (s), 1402 (s), 1364 (s), 1333 (w), 1279 (m), 944 (m), 892 (m), 858 (w), 799 (w), 775 (w), 733 (m), 677 (w), 636 cm⁻¹ (w).

 1H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 2.43 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 2.55 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 6.52–6.54 (m, 1 H, CH), 6.57–6.59 (m, 1 H, CH), 8.52 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.8, 28.3 (CH₃), 110.5, 115.9 (CH), 120.5, 135.4 (C), 195.8 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 123 (M⁺, 44), 107 (100), 94 (3), 80 (25), 66 (2), 43 (11).

Anal. Calcd for C_7H_9NO (123.155): C, 68.27; H, 7.37. Found: C, 68.12; H, 7.15.

1-(2-Ethyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)propan-1-one (4p)

Starting with **3w** (0.300 g, 1.2 mmol) and TFA (0.96 mL, 12.3 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL), **4p** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 1:1) as a light yellow solid (0.130 g, 70%).

IR (KBr): 3213 (s), 3112 (s), 3023 (m), 2978 (m), 2959 (m), 2927 (m), 2851 (w), 1646 (s), 1571 (m), 1493 (s), 1475 (s), 1412 (s), 1367 (s), 1331 (w), 1282 (m), 1220 (m), 1150 (w), 954 (m), 902 (w), 885 (m), 796 (m), 739 (m), 675 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.18 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 2.70 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.97 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 6.38–6.41 (m, 1 H, CH), 6.45–6.49 (m, 1 H, CH), 8.27 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 10.1, 13.8, (CH₃), 20.2, 35.4 (CH₂), 110.7, 115.8 (CH), 119.8, 146.1 (C), 199.4 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): *m*/*z* (%) = 151 (M⁺, 51), 122 (3), 107 (100), 94 (16), 80 (17), 66 (5), 57 (7).

Anal. Calcd for $C_9H_{13}NO$ (151.206): C, 71.49; H, 8.67. Found: C, 71.22; H, 8.35.

(2-Methyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)(phenyl)methanone (4r)

Method A: Starting with **3x** (0.050 g, 0.2 mmol) and TFA (0.14 mL, 1.8 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL), **4r** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $50:1 \rightarrow 1:1$) as a slightly light yellow solid (0.027 g, 82%).

Method B: Starting with **3x** (0.050 g, 0.2 mmol) and Me₃SiOTf (0.040 g, 0.2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL), **4r** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $50:1 \rightarrow 1:1$) as a slightly light yellow solid (0.026 g, 79%).

Method C: Starting with 3x (0.100 g, 0.4 mmol) in DMSO (5 mL), 4r was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $50:1 \rightarrow 1:1$) as a light brown solid (0.048 g, 72%).

IR (KBr): 3232 (w), 2924 (w), 1608 (s), 1561 (m), 1446 (s), 1367 (m), 1340 (w), 1277 (m), 1212 (w), 1180 (w), 1148 (w), 1101 (w),

1075 (w), 1032 (w), 880 (m), 792 (m), 743 (w), 712 (s), 702 (s), 672 (w), 612 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 2.54$ (s, 3 H, CH₃), 6.40 (dd, J = 3.0, 2.7 Hz, 1 H, CH), 6.55 (dd, J = 3.0, 2.4 Hz, 1 H, CH), 7.41–7.51 (m, 3 H, 3 × CH of Ph), 7.78–7.81 (m, 2 H, 2 × CH of Ph), 9.06 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 13.7 (CH₃), 112.5, 115.6 (CH), 119.6 (C), 128.0 (2 C), 129.0 (2 C), 131.1 (CH of Ph), 136.7 (C of Ph), 140.6 (C), 192.8 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 185 (M⁺, 73), 170 (3), 107 (100), 80 (13), 77 (24).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{12}H_{11}NO$ [M⁺]: 185.08406; found: 185.08483.

(2-Methoxyphenyl)(2-methyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)methanone (4s)

Starting with **3y** (0.120 g, 0.1 mmol) and TFA (0.32 mL, 4.3 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (6.4 mL), **4s** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 1:1) as a light yellow oil (0.70 g, 79%).

IR (KBr): 3270 (w), 3054 (w), 2926 (w), 1598 (m), 1498 (s), 1283 (s), 1021 (w), 735 $\rm cm^{-1}$ (s).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 250 MHz): $\delta = 2.43$ (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.72 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 6.17–6.19 (m, 1 H, CH_{py}), 6.43–6.45 (m, 1 H, CH_{py}), 6.88–6.94 (m, 2 H, CH_{Ar}), 7.24 (dd, ³*J* = 7.7 Hz, ⁴*J* = 2.0 Hz, 1 H, CH_{Ar}), 8.35 (dd, ³*J* = 7.4 Hz, ⁴*J* = 2.0 Hz, 1 H, CH_{Ar}), 8.35 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 62 MHz): δ = 13.8 (CH₃), 55.7 (OCH₃), 111.3 (CH_{py}), 112.5 (CH_{Ar}), 120.2 (CH_{Ar}), 121.1 (C_{py}), 128.3, 128.7, 130.5 (C_{Ar}), 136.4 (C_{Py}), 156.5 (C_{Ar}), 192.1 (C = O).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{13}H_{13}NO_2$ (215.25): C, 72.54; H, 6.09. Found: C, 72.84; H, 6.22.

(2-Chlorophenyl)(2-methyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)methanone (4t)

Starting with **3w** (0.216 g, 0.8 mmol) and TFA (0.57 mL, 7.7 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (12 mL), **4t** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $50:1 \rightarrow 1:1$) as a light yellow oil (0.100 g, 63%).

IR (neat): 3350 (w), 2923 (w), 2826 (w), 1674 (m), 1642 (s), 1264 (s), 1072 (w), 749 cm⁻¹ (s).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 250 MHz): δ = 2.44 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 6.15 (m, 1 H, CH_{py}), 6.48 (m, 1 H, CH_{py}), 7.25–7.28 (m, 2 H, CH_{At}), 7.30–7.33 (m, 1 H, CH_{At}), 7.35 (br m, 2 H, CH_{At}), 8.28 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 62 MHz): δ = 13.8 (CH₃), 112.4, 115.9 (CH_{py}), 120.4 (C_{py}), 126.4, 128.3, 129.8, 130.1 (CH_{Ar}), 137.6 (C_{Ar}), 139.2 (C_{Ar}), 140.9 (C_{Ar}), 190.6 (C=O).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{12}H_{10}NOCl$ (219.66): C, 65.62; H, 4.59. Found: C, 65.88; H, 4.76.

1,5,6,7-Tetrahydro-4H-indol-4-one (7a)

Method A: Starting with **6a** (0.070 g, 0.3 mmol) and TFA (0.24 mL, 3.1 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL), **7a** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow EtOAc) as a slightly light yellow solid (0.040 g, 95%).

Method C: Starting with 6a (0.300 g, 1.32 mmol) in DMSO (10 mL), 7a was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $50:1 \rightarrow$ EtOAc) as a light brown oil (0.126 g, 71%).

IR (KBr): 3183 (w), 3105 (s), 2949 (s), 2889 (w), 2846 (w), 1683 (w), 1622 (s), 1493 (s), 1477 (s), 1310 (w), 1197 (w), 1146 (w), 893 (w), 854 (w), 804 (w), 705 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃–DMSO- d_6 , 1:1, 300 MHz): $\delta = 2.12$ (quint, J = 6.3 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.44 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.81 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 6.44 (m, 1 H, CH), 6.64 (m, 1 H, CH), 10.71 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃–DMSO-*d*₆, 1:1, 75 MHz): δ = 22.1, 23.5, 37.4 (CH₂), 104.4, 118.2 (CH), 119.4, 143.5 (C), 194.0 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 135 (M⁺, 29), 106 (29), 103 (100), 79 (30).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₈H₉NO [M⁺]: 135.06841; found: 135.06852.

6,6-Dimethyl-1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-4H-indol-4-one (7b)

Starting with **6b** (0.090 g, 0.4 mmol) and TFA (0.27 mL, 3.5 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (7 mL), **7b** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow EtOAc) as a slightly light yellow solid (0.034 g, 60%).

IR (KBr): 3278 (w), 2962 (w), 1626 (s), 1472 (m), 1412 (m), 1203 (s), 1173 cm⁻¹ (s).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃ + DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz): δ = 1.12 (s, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 2.37 (s, 2 H, CH₂), 2.68 (s, 2 H, CH₂), 6.56 (m, 1 H, CH), 6.68 (m, 1 H, CH), 8.50 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃ + DMSO- d_6 , 75 MHz): δ = 28.6 (2 × CH₃), 35.9 (C), 36.9, 52.0 (CH₂), 105.8, 118.7 (CH), 119.2, 142.5 (C), 194.1 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 163 (M⁺, 11), 106 (20), 95 (10), 83 (8), 79 (12), 70 (100).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{10}H_{13}NO$ [M⁺]: 163.09971; found: 163.09984.

6-Methyl-1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-4H-indol-4-one (7c)

Starting with **6c** (0.300 g, 1.2 mmol) and TFA (0.96 mL, 12.4 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL), **7c** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, $30:1 \rightarrow$ EtOAc) as a slightly light yellow solid (0.139 g, 75%).

IR (KBr): 3257 (w), 3070 (w), 2959 (m), 2879 (w), 1624 (s), 1475 (m), 1414 (m), 1204 (s), 1175 cm⁻¹ (s).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃ + DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz): δ = 1.02–1.12 (m, 3 H, CH₃), 2.22–2.86 (m, 5 H, 2 × CH₂, CH), 6.58 (m, 1 H, CH), 6.69 (m, 1 H, CH), 8.53 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃ + DMSO- d_6 , 75 MHz): δ = 20.8 (CH₃), 30.6 (CH), 33.4, 47.2 (CH₂), 106.1, 118.5 (CH), 119.3, 143.1 (C), 194.1 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 149 (M⁺, 15), 108 (24), 93 (7), 79 (22), 70 (100).

Anal. Calcd for $C_9H_{11}NO$ (149.190): C, 72.46; H, 7.43. Found: C, 72.02; H, 7.73.

6-Phenyl-1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-4*H*-indol-4-one (7d)

Starting with **6d** (0.300 g, 1.0 mmol) and TFA (0.76 mL, 9.9 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL), **7d** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 30:1 \rightarrow EtOAc) as a light yellow solid (0.153 g, 73%).

IR (KBr): 3285 (m), 3067 (m), 2971 (m), 2886 (m), 1625 (s), 1471 (m), 1410 (m), 1199 (w), 1171 (m), 759 (w), 705 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃– DMSO- d_6 , 1:1, 300 MHz): δ = 2.65–3.15 (m, 4 H, 2 × CH₂), 3.44–3.64 (m, 1 H, CHPh), 6.53 (m, 1 H, CH), 6.63 (m, 1 H, NCH), 7.21–7.38 (m, 5 H, 5 × CH of Ph), 8.76 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃– DMSO- d_6 , 1:1, 75 MHz): δ = 35.1 (CH₂), 42.3 (CHPh), 45.2 (CH₂), 106.4, 118.3 (CH), 119.1, 143.0 (C), 126.3 (2 C), 126.8, 128.9 (2 C, CH of Ph), 143.9 (C of Ph), 194.0 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): *m/z* (%) = 211 (M⁺, 21), 170 (5), 132 (100), 107 (21), 93 (5), 91 (19), 79 (26), 77 (12).

Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₃NO (211.259): C, 79.59; H, 6.20. Found: C, 79.17; H, 6.03.

1-(2,2-Diethoxyethyl)-2,5-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrrole (9)

Starting with acetonylacetone (8) (0.21 mL, 1.8 mmol), 2-azido-1,1-diethoxyethane (2a) (0.335 g, 2.1 mmol) and Ph₃P (0.708 g, 2.7 mmol) in THF (10 mL), 9 was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 100:1 \rightarrow 10:1) as a slightly light yellow oil (0.353 g, 93%).

IR (neat): 2976 (s), 2925 (s), 2901 (s), 1521 (w), 1447 (m), 1409 (s), 1383 (m), 1303 (m), 1130 (s), 1067 (s), 1019 (m), 752 cm⁻¹ (s).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 1.16 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 2.24 (s, 6 H, 2 × CH₃), 3.29–3.39 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.61–3.71 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.87 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 4.49 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 5.75 (s, 2 H, 2 × CH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 11.7 (2 C), 14.2 (2 C, CH₃), 46.4 (NCH₂), 62.9 (2 × OCH₂), 101.8 (OCH), 104.3 (2 × CH), 127.1 (2 × C).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 211 (M⁺, 58), 166 (21), 138 (10), 122 (12), 107 (39), 103 (100), 76 (94).

3-Azido-1,1-diethoxypropane (10)

Sodium azide (9.752 g, 150 mmol) and potassium iodide (1.669 g, 10 mmol) were added to 3-chloropropionaldehyde diethyl acetal (16.8 mL, 100 mmol) in DMSO (100 mL) at r.t. The reaction mixture was heated to 90 °C and stirred for 72 h at 90 °C. After cooling to r.t., H_2O (200 mL) and Et_2O (200 mL) were added, the organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was repeatedly extracted with Et_2O (3 × 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated to dryness in vacuo. Product **10** was isolated without further purification as a slightly light yellow oil (15.271 g, 88%).

IR (neat): 3415 (br), 2998 (w), 2950 (w), 2099 (m), 1653 (m), 1441 (m), 1411 (m), 1130 (m), 1062 (s), 1021 (s), 953 (m), 709 (w), 669 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 1.22$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, $2 \times CH_3$), 1.89 (dq, J = 5.7, 1.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 3.38 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2 H, CH₂N₃), 3.47–3.57 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.62–3.73 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.60 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.7 (2 C, CH₃), 32.7 (CH₂), 46.9 (CH₂N₃), 61.2 (2 C, OCH₂), 99.9 (CH).

MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 127 ([M – OEt]⁺, 29), 116 (11), 103 (81), 73 (59), 57 (13), 45 (93), 28 (100).

3-[(**3**,**3-**Diethoxypropyl)amino]-1-phenylbut-2-en-1-one (11)

The reaction was carried by application of the procedure given for the synthesis of products **3**. Starting with benzoylacetone (**1u**) (0.487 g, 3.0 mmol), **10** (0.624 g, 3.6 mmol) and Ph₃P (1.180 g, 4.5 mmol) in THF (15 mL), **11** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow 3:1) as a light yellow oil (0.805 g, 95%).

IR (neat): 3463 (br), 3061 (w), 2974 (m), 2929 (m), 2882 (m), 1601 (s), 1547 (s), 1442 (m), 1379 (m), 1317 (s), 1299 (s), 1226 (w), 1127 (s), 1064 (s), 809 (w), 739 (m), 688 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 1.22$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H, $2 \times CH_3$), 1.96 (dq, J = 5.7, 1.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.08 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 4.43 (dt, J = 6.9, 6.3 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 3.47–3.58 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.63–3.73 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.62 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 5.66 (s, 1 H, CH=C), 7.36–7.42 (m, 3 H, 3 × CH of Ph), 7.83–7.86 (m, 2 H, $2 \times CH$ of Ph), 11.44 (br s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 14.6 (2 C), 18.4 (CH₃), 33.5 (CH₂), 38.3 (NCH₂), 61.0 (2 C, OCH₂), 91.2 (H*C*=C–N), 99.9 (OCH), 126.1 (2 C), 127.4 (2 C), 129.6 (CH of Ph), 139.8 (C of Ph), 164.1 (N–*C*=CH), 186.5 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70eV): m/z (%) = 291 (M⁺, 60), 262 (10), 146 (10), 216 (32), 201 (8), 188 (42), 174 (83), 160 (4), 145 (12), 131 (15), 105 (100), 103 (17), 91 (38), 77 (37).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{17}H_{25}NO_3$ (291.390): C, 70.07; H, 8.65. Found: C, 70.03; H, 8.73.

(2-Methylpyridin-3-yl)(phenyl)methanone (12)

The reaction was carried by application of the procedures given for the synthesis of products **3** and **4** (method A). Starting with **11** (0.146 g, 0.5 mmol) and TFA (0.4 mL, 5.0 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL) (0–20 °C), **12** was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-hexane–EtOAc, 50:1 \rightarrow EtOAc) as a light yellow solid (0.095 g, 96%).

IR (KBr): 3004 (w), 1721 (s), 1667 (s), 1616 (m), 1456 (m), 1414 (w), 1382 (w), 1283 (s), 1198 (s), 1131 (s), 1070 (m), 965 (m), 898 (w), 822 (s), 706 (m), 638 (m), 574 (w), 545 cm⁻¹ (w).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 2.76 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 7.55 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, 2 × CH), 7.69–7.79 (m, 4 H, 4 × CH), 8.16 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1 H, CH), 8.96 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1 H, CH).

 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ = 19.2 (CH₃), 123.1, 129.2 (2 C), 130.0 (2 C), 134.8 (CH), 135.4, 136.7 (C), 141.7, 144.7 (CH), 154.1 (C), 193.0 (C=O).

MS (EI, 70 eV): *m*/*z* (%) = 197 (M⁺, 100), 182 (3), 120 (12), 105 (50), 92 (24), 77 (57).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{13}H_{11}NO$ [M⁺]: 197.0841; found: 197.0822.

UV/Vis (MeCN): λ_{max} (log ε) = 251 nm (3.90).

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