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> LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Transformation of 2-Acylamino-3,3-dichloroacrylonitriles into Substituted 4-Amino[1,3]oxazolo[4,5-*e*]pyrazolo-[1,5-*a*]pyrimidines

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As shown previously, accessible 2-acylamino-3,3dichloroacrylonitriles I can be readily converted into oxazole [1], imidazole [2], pyrazole [3], 1,3,4-oxadiazole [4], 1,3,4-thiadiazole [5], pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine [6], and oxazolo[4,5-d]pyrimidine derivatives [7] via simple transformations. Here we report on a facile route to representatives of a new fused heterocyclic system, [1,3]oxazolo[4,5-e]pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidines, on the basis of compounds **I**. The procedure involves initial treatment of acrylonitriles **I** with hydrazine hydrate, followed by reactions with benzoylacetonitrile and sodium hydride. The transformation sequence $\mathbf{I} \rightarrow \mathbf{II} \rightarrow \mathbf{III} \rightarrow \mathbf{IV}$ is shown in the scheme given below.



IIIa, IIIb



The first step of the process was studied in [8], and cyclocondensation $II \rightarrow III$ is a particular case of numerous cyclizations of N-substituted hydrazines with acylacetonitriles [9]. The occurrence of intramolecular cycloaddition $III \rightarrow IV$ catalyzed by sodium hydride was confirmed not only by IR and ¹H NMR spectroscopy but also by X-ray analysis of final product IVa. The results of the X-ray diffraction study, as well as further modifications of compounds IVa and IVb and their analogs, will be reported elsewhere.

5-(5-Amino-3-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)-2-methyl-(phenyl)-1,3-oxazole-4-carbonitriles IIIa and IIIb (general procedure). Concentrated hydrochloric acid, 0.85 ml, and benzoylacetonitrile, 0.01 mol, were added to a suspension of 0.01 mol of compound IIa or **IIb** in 40 ml of ethanol, and the mixture was heated for 4 h under reflux with stirring. It was then cooled to 20-25°C, and the precipitate was filtered off, washed with a 1% solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate and with water, dried, and recrystallized. Yield of IIIa 71%, mp 210-211°C (from ethanol). IR spectrum: v 2245 cm⁻¹ (C=N). ¹H NMR spectrum, δ , ppm: 2.52 s (3H, CH₃), 5.83 s (1H, 4-H), 6.11 br.s (2H, NH₂), 7.38–7.77 m (5H, H_{arom}). Found, %: C 63.10; H 4.34; N.26. C₁₄H₁₁N₅O. Calculated, %: C 63.39; H 4.18; N 26.40.

Yield of **IIIb** 87%, mp 259–260°C (from ethanol– DMF, 3:1). IR spectrum: v 2250 cm⁻¹ (C=N). ¹H NMR spectrum, δ , ppm: 5.93 s (1H, 4-H), 6.23 br.s (2H, NH₂), 7.43–8.12 m (10H, H_{arom}). Found, %: C 69.92; H 3.81; N 21.09. C₁₉H₁₃N₅O. Calculated, %: C 69.71; H 4.00; N 21.39.

4-Amino-2-methyl(phenyl)-7-phenyl-7,8-dihydro[1,3]oxazolo[4,5-*e***]pyrazolo[1,5-***a***]pyrimidines IVa and IVb** (general procedure). Sodium hydride, 0.005 mol, was added under stirring to a suspension of 0.01 mol of compound **IIIa** or **IIIb** in 40 ml of tetrahydrofuran, the mixture was stirred for 0.5 h at 20–25°C, a solution of 0.005 mol of acetic acid in 40 ml of water was added, and the precipitate was filtered off and recrystallized from dimethylformamide. Yield of **IVa** 78%, mp >300°C. ¹H NMR spectrum, δ , ppm: 2.69 s (3H, CH₃), 6.49 s (1H, 6-H), 7.25 br.s (2H, NH₂), 7.43–7.95 m (5H, H_{arom}). Found, %: C 63.25; H 4.26; N 26.28. C₁₄H₁₁N₅O. Calculated, %: C 63.39; H 4.18; N 26.40.

Yield of **IVb** 95%, mp >300°C. ¹H NMR spectrum, δ , ppm: 6.66 s (1H, 6-H), 7.43–8.16 m (10H, H_{arom}), 7.52 br.s (2H, NH₂). Found, %: C 69.92; H 3.93; N 21.18. C₁₉H₁₃N₅O. Calculated, %: C 69.71; H 4.00; N 21.39.

The IR spectra were recorded in KBr on a UR-20 spectrometer. The ¹H NMR spectra were measured on a Varian VXR-300 instrument from solutions in DMSO- d_6 using tetramethylsilane as internal reference.

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