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ONE-POT SYNTHESIS OF THIAZOLES FROM PYRIDAZIN-3-HYDRAZIDIC ACID DERIVATIVES

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Several new thiazole derivatives have been synthesized; the reactivity of these compounds toward amines, aldehydes, and hydroxyl amine are reported. New syntheses of pyrimidino[5,4:3,4]pyrazolo[4,3:5,6]pyridazine derivatives also have been achieved.

Keywords: Bromoethylcyanoacetate; phenylisothio cyanate; pyridazin-3-hydrazidic acid derivatives; thioglycollic acid

Pyridazine derivatives comprise a very interesting class of compounds because of their significant biological and pharmaceutical activities. ^{1–4} As part of our studies aimed at developing simple and efficient synthesis of polyfunctionally heteroaromatics from readily obtainable starting materials, ^{5–7} we report herein the synthesis of heterocyclic compounds containing both thiazole and pyridazine moieties through the use of the readily available 4-amino-5-cyano-6-oxo-1-arylpyridazine-3-hydrazidic acid derivatives ⁸ **1a–c** as the starting materials.

The reaction of 4-amino-5-cyano-6-oxo-1-arylpyridazine-3-hydrazidic acid derivatives **1a–c** with phenylisothiocyanate **2** in dimethyl fomamide containing potassium hydroxide at 70°C yielded the non-isolable potassium sulphide salts **3a–c** (Scheme 1). The latter reacted with bromoethyl cyanoacetate⁹ to yield the 5-hydroxy thiazole-4-carbonitrile derivatives **7a–c**, not the thiazol-5-one derivatives **6a–c**.

The reaction probably took place via the intermediate formation of **5a-c** followed by ethanol elimination. Assignment of structures **7a-c** for the reaction products was based on analytical and spectral data.

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SCHEME 1

Thus, the IR spectrum of the reaction product showed OH, NH₂, NH stretchings at 3534–3490 cm⁻¹ and two CN groups stretching at 2225 and 2220 cm⁻¹. The mass spectrum of **7a** shows m/z=470 (M⁺) for $C_{22}H_{14}N_8O_3S$. Moreover, the ¹H NMR spectrum showed no CH stretching for thiazole H-5 present in structures **6a–c** and the appearance of a broad singlet at 10.42 for one OH group also was indicative of the formation of **7a–c**, which was confirmed by studying their reactivity toward various chemical reagents. Thus, the \propto -hydroxy nitrile moiety present in **7a–c** showed greater reactivity over the enamino nitrile moiety as the latter exists in the nonactive anionic form. The reaction of **7a–c** with either hydrazine hydrate or phenyl hydrazine gave the pyrazolo[3,4-d]thiazole derivatives **8a** and **8b** respectively (cf. Scheme 1).

The reaction took place via first addition of NH₂ group of the hydrazine to CN group of thiazole followed by water elimination. The reaction of **7a** with malononitrile gave the 2-thiazolo[4,5-b]pyran-2-one derivative **11** (fingerprint IR, m.p., and mixed m.p.). The reaction likely took place through the intermediate formation of **10** followed by cyclization. Two pathways for cyclization are considered, in case of the reaction with malononitrile. The intermediate 2-iminothiazolo[4,5-b]pyran is formed followed by hydrolysis and ammonia liberation to give **11** (cf. Scheme 2).

The reaction of **7a** with thioglycollic acid **12** gave 5-thiazolylthiazole derivative **13** and the reaction of **7a** with hydroxylamine hydrochloride gave the isoxazolo[5,4-d]thiazole derivative **14** (Scheme 2). The use of excess amount of hydroxylamine hydrochloride gives a mixture of products.

The reaction of **3a-c** with phenacyl bromide **15** gave the thiazole derivatives 16a-c, the structures of which were established based on analytical and spectral data (Scheme 3). Thus, the ¹H NMR spectrum of **16a** (as an example) showed a singlet (D₂O exchangeable) at 4.55 for one NH₂ group, a singlet at d 6.78 for thiazole H-5, a multiplet at 7.21–7.45 for three phenyl protons, and a singlet (D_2O exchangeable) at 8.97 for one NH group. Thus, the reaction of **16a** with formaldehyde or benzaldehyde gave a single product in each case with molecular formula C₂₈H₁₇N₇O₂S and C₃₄H₂₁N₇O₂S, respectively, to which the structures of the pyrimidino[4,5-c]pyridazine derivatives 17a and 17b, respectively, were assigned (Scheme 3). The ¹H NMR spectrum of **17a**, showed beside the expected signals, two singlets at 6.89 and 7.02 corresponding to thiazole H-5 and pyrimidine H-2 respectively. The mass spectrum of 17a shows m/z = 515 (M⁺) for $C_{28}H_{17}N_7O_2S$. Thus, the reaction of 17a and 17b with hydrazine hydrate or phenylhydrazine gave the pyrimidino[5,4:3,4]-pyrazolo[4,3:5,6]pyridazine derivative 18a,b and 19a,b respectively. On the other hand, the reaction of

SCHEME 2

SCHEME 3

17a and 17b with hydroxylamine hydrochloride gave the pyrimidino[5,4:3,4]isoxazolo[4,3:5,6]pyridazine derivatives 21a and 21b respectively (Scheme 4). Formation of the latter products can be explained in terms of the formation of the first intermediate 20a,b, followed by nucleophilic addition of the OH group to the cyano group to form the final products 21a,b respectively. The Imino function present in the latter products is hydrolyzed when these products were heated under reflux in ethanolic/NaOH solution to form the corresponding fused 3-oxoisoxazolo derivatives 22a,b (Scheme 4). Structures

SCHEME 4

21a,b and 22a,b were established based on analytical and spectral data.

EXPERIMENTAL

All melting points reported were uncorrected. IR spectra were recorded for KBr discs on a Pye Unicam SP-1000 spectrophotometer. 1H NMR spectra were measured on a Varian EM 390-90 MHz in CD_3SOCD_3 as solvent using TMS as an internal standard. Chemical shifts are expressed as δ ppm. Mass spectra were measured on a Shimadzu GCMS-QP 1000 Ex massspectrometer at 70 eV. Analytical data were obtained from the Microanalytical Data Unit at Cairo University, Giza, Egypt.

Synthesis of compounds 7a-c and 16a-c

General Procedure

To a solution of either \mathbf{la} (2.7 g, 0.01 mmol) or \mathbf{lb} (2.8 g, 0.01 mmol) or \mathbf{lc} (3.0 g, 0.01 mmol) in dimethylformamide (50 ml) containing potassium hydroxide (0.4 g, 0.01 mmol) was added phenylisothiocyanate.

The reaction mixture was heated in a boiling water bath at 70°C for 1 h and then left to cool. Bromoethyl cyanoacetate 4 (2.0 g, 0.01 mmol) or phenacyl bromide 15 (2.00 g, 0.01 mmol) were added to the reaction mixture, and the latter was stirred overnight and then poured into an ice-water mixture. The solid product, formed upon addition of hydrochloric acid (up to pH 6), was collected by filtration.

4-Amino-5-cyano-6-oxo-1-phenyl-3-carbohydrazido-N-(5-cyano-3-phenyl-4-hydroxythiazolidin-2-ylideno)pyridazine (7a)

7a: Yellow crystals (3.7 g, 78%), m.p. 125°C (from ethanol), v max/cm^{-1} 3534–3490 (OH, NH₂, NH), 3060 (CH aromatic), 2225, 2220 (2 CN), 1705, 1695 (2 C=O), 1665 (exocyclic C=N), 1645 (C=C). ¹H NMR: δ 4.57 (s, 2H, NH₂), 7.30–7.45 (m, 10H, aromatic protons), 8.99 (s, 1H, NH), 10.42 (s, 1H, OH) MS (EI, 70 ev):m/z = 470 (M⁺). Anal. requires for C₂₂H₁₄N₈O₃S (470.4) C, 56.17; H, 3.00; N, 23.82; S, 6.82. Found: C, 56.34; H, 3.20; N, 23.62; S, 6.48.

4-Amino-5-cyano-6-oxo-1-(4-methylphenyl)-3-carbohydrazido-N-(-5-cyano-3-phenyl-

4-hydroxythiazolidin-2-ylideno)pyridazine (7b)

7b: Orange crystals (3.2 g, 72%), m.p. 160° C (from ethanol), ν max/cm^{-1} 3585–3330 (OH, NH₂, NH), 3065 (CH aromatic), 2225, 2218 (2 CN), 1705, 1695 (2 C=O), 1667 (exocyclic C=N), 1643 (C=C). ¹H NMR: δ 2.29 (s, 3H, CH₃), 4.58 (s, 2H, NH₂), 7.25–7.45 (m, 9H, aromatic protons), 8.91 (s, 1H, NH), 10.45 (s, 1H, OH). Anal. requires for C₂₃H₁₆N₈O₃S (484.43) C, 57.02; H, 3.30; N, 23.13; S, 6.62. Found: C, 57.24; H, 3.49; N, 23.21; S, 6.39.

4-Amino-5-cyano-6-oxo-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-carbohydrazido-N-(5-cyano-3-phenyl-

4-hydroxythiazolidin-2-ylideno)pyridazine (7c)

7c: Orange crystals (2.9 g, 63%), m.p. 140°C (from 1,4-dioxane), v max/cm⁻¹ 3550–3336 (OH, NH₂, NH), 3065 (CH aromatic), 2225, 2220 (2 CN), 1706, 1690 (2 C=O), 1663 (exocyclic C=N), 1643 (C=C). ¹H NMR: δ 4.57 (s, 2H, NH₂), 7.32–7.48 (m. 9H, aromatic protons), 8.97 (s, 1H, NH), 10.32 (s, 1H, OH). Anal. requires for C₂₂H₁₃N₈O₃SCl (504.84): C, 57.83; H, 2.87; N, 24.52; S, 7.02. Found: C, 57.24; H, 3.49; N, 24.21; S, 6.39.

4-Amino-5-cyano-6-oxo-1-phenyl-3-carbohydrazido-N-(3,4-diphenylthiazolo 2-Ylideno)pyridazine (16a)

16a: Yellow crystals (3.2 g, 63%), m.p. 70°C (from ethanol), ν max/cm⁻¹ 3450–3345 (NH₂, NH), 3050 (CH aromatic), 2225 (CN), 1695, 1689 (2 C=O), 1665 (exocyclic C=N), 1634 (C=C). 1 H NMR: δ 4.55 (s, 2H, NH₂), 6.78 (s, 1H, thiazole H-5), 7.21–7.45 (m, 15H, aromatic protons), 8.97 (s, 1H, NH). Anal. requires for $C_{27}H_{19}N_{7}O_{2}S$ (505.49): C, 64.15; H, 3.79; N, 19.40; S, 6.34. Found: C, 64.22; H, 3.64; N, 19.32; S, 6.39.

4-Amino-5-cy<u>a</u>no-6-oxo-1-(4-methylphenyl)-3-carbohydrazido-N-(3,4-diphenylthiazol-2-ylideno)pyridazine (16b)

16b: Yellow crystals (3.5 g, 68%), m.p. 140° C (from ethanol), ν max/cm⁻¹ 3455–3338 (NH₂, NH), 3065 (CH aromatic), 2220 (CN), 1695, 1680, (2 C=O), 1665 (exocyclic C=N), 1638 (C=C). 1 H NMR: δ 2.09 (s, 3H, CH₃), 4.58 (s, 2H, NH₂), 6.79 (s, 1H, thiazole H-5), 7.27–7.48 (m, 14H, aromatic protons), 8.99 (s, 1H, NH). Anal. requires for $C_{28}H_{21}N_{7}O_{2}S$ (519.51): C, 64.73; H, 4.07; N, 18.87; S, 6.17. Found: C, 64.53; H, 3.94; N, 19.19; S, 6.30.

4-Amino-5-cyano-6-oxo-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-carbohydrazido-N-(3,4-diphenylthiazol-2-ylideno)pyridazine (16c)

16c: Yellow crystals (2.8 g, 52%), m.p. 165° C (from ethanol), ν max/cm⁻¹ 3520–3342 (NH₂, NH), 3058 (CH aromatic), 2222 (CN), 1693, 1687, (2 C=O), 1660 (exocyclic C=N), 1635 (C=C). 1 H NMR: δ 4.48 (s, 2H, NH₂), 7.02 (s, 1H, thiazole H-5), 7.20–7.55 (m, 14H, aromatic protons), 8.99 (s, 1H, NH). Anal. requires for $C_{27}H_{18}N_{7}O_{2}$ SCl (539.94): C, 60.04; H, 3.36; N, 18.15; S, 5.94. Found: C, 60.34; H, 3.51; N, 18.23; S, 6.20.

Synthesis of 8a,b Derivatives

General Procedure

To a solution of **7a** (4.7 g, 0.01 mmol) in dimethylformamide (5 ml), was added hydrazine hydrate or phenylhydrazine (0.01 mmol). The reaction mixture, in each case, was heated under reflux for 3 h, and then poured into an ice-water mixture containing few drops of hydrochloric acid. The solid product in each case was collected by filtration.

3-Amino-6-phenyl-5-[4-amino-5-cyano-1-phenyl-6-oxopyridazin-3-(carbohydrazido-N-ylideno)] Thiazolo[4,5-c]pyrazole (8a)

8a: Orange crystals (2.8 g, 58%), m.p. 165° C (from ethanol), ν max/cm⁻¹ 3490–3360 (2 NH₂, 2 NH), 3050 (CH aromatic), 2222 (CN), 1695, 1683 (2 C=O), 1665 (exocyclic, C=N), 1640 (C=C). ¹H NMR:

 δ 4.86, 5.48 (2s, 4H, 2NH₂), 7.30–7.41 (m, 10H, aromatic protons) 8.88, 9.01 (2s, 2H, 2NH). Anal. requires for $C_{22}H_{16}N_{10}O_2S$ (484.45): C, 54.54; H, 3.33; N, 28.91; S, 6.82. Found: C, 54.60; H, 3.09; N, 28.90; S, 6.68.

3-Amino-l,6-diphenyl-5-[4-amino-5-cyano-l-phenyl-6-oxopyridazin-3-(carbohydrazido-N-ylideno)] Thiazolo[4,5-c]pyrazole (8b)

8b: Reddish brown crystals (3.3 g, 58%), m.p. 115° C (from ethanol), ν max/cm⁻¹ 3475–3334 (2NH₂, NH), 3050 (CH aromatic), 2220 (CN), 1695, 1680 (2 C=O), 1660 (exocyclic C=N), 1645 (C=C). ¹H NMR: δ 4.79, 5.54 (2s, 4H, 2NH₂), 7.28–7.39 (m, 15H, aromatic protons), 8.09 (s, 1H, 2NH). Anal. requires for $C_{28}H_{20}N_{10}O_{2}S$ (560.54): C, 59.36; H, 3.56; N, 24.72; S, 5.66. Found: C, 59.60; H, 3.09; N, 24.90; S, 5.98.

Synthesis of Compounds 14 and 21a,b

General Procedure

The solution of 7a (4.7 g, 0.01 mmol), 17a (5.16 g, 0.01 mmol) or 17b (5.91 g, 0.01 mol) in ethanol (10 ml) containing sodium acetate (0.8 g, 0.01 mol), hydroxylamine hydrochloride (0.33 g, 0.01 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 8 h then poured into water and the solid product in each case was collected by filtration.

3-Amino-6-phenyl-5-[4-amino-5-cyano-1-phenyl-6-oxopyridazin-3-(carbohydrazido-N-ylideno)]-isoxazolo[5,4-d]thiazole (14)

14: Yellowish white crystals (2.9 g, 40%), m.p. l40°C (from ethanol), ν max/cm $^{-1}$ 3478–3343 (2NH₂, NH), 3050 (CH aromatic), 1690, 1685 (2 C=O), 1670 (exocyclic C=N), 1635 (C=C). $^1\mathrm{H}$ NMR: δ 4.92, 5.51 (2s, 4H, 2NH₂), 7.32–7.46 (m, 10H, aromatic protons), 8.69 (s, 1H, NH). Anal. requires for $C_{22}H_{15}N_9O_3S$ (485.47): C, 49.85; H, 3.11; N, 25.97; S, 6.60. Found: C, 49.52; H, 3.49; N, 25.52; S, 6.94.

7-Imino-3-oxo-4(3,4-diphenylthiazolidin-2-ylideno)-1-phenylpyrimidino[5,4:3,4]isoxazolo[4,3:5,6]pyridazine (21a)

21a: Yellow crystals (4.25 g, 80%), m.p. l65–168°C (from l,4- dioxane), max/cm⁻¹ 3650–3375 (NH), 3055 (CH aromatic), 1700 (C=O), 1670 (exocyclic; C=N), 1640 (C=C). $^1\mathrm{H}$ NMR: δ 6.99 (s, 1H, thiazole CH), 7.30–7.42 (m, 16H, aromatic protons, pyrimidine H-2), 9.00 (s, 1H, NH). Anal. requires for $C_{28}H_{18}N_8O_2S$ (530.48): C, 63.40; H, 3.42; N, 21.12; S, 6.04. Found: C, 63.39; H, 3.36; N, 21.07; S, 6.16.

1,5-Diphenyl-7-imino-3-oxo-4-(3,4-diphenylthiazolidin-2-ylideno)-pyrimidino[5,4:3,4]isoxazolo[4,3:5,6]-pyridazine (21b)

21b: Yellow crystals (4.98 g, 82%), m.p. 260–263°C (from,4-dioxane), ν max/cm⁻¹ 3570–3340 (NH), 3060 (CH aromatic), 1700 (C=O), 1673 (exocydic C=N), 1642 (C=C). 1 H NMR: δ 6.99 (s, 1H, thiazole CH), 7.30–7.42 (m, 20H, aromatic protons), 9.01 (s, 1H, NH). Anal. requires for C₃₄H₂₂N₈O₂S (606.58) C, 67.32; H, 3.66; N, 18.47; S, 5.29. Found: C, 67.39; H, 3.36; N, 18.07; S, 6.16.

Synthesis of Compound 11

To a solution of 7a (4.7 g, 0.01 mmol) in dimethylformamide, malononitrile 9 (0.66 g, 0.01 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 6 h then poured into an ice-water mixture, neutralized with dilute hydrochloric acid (pH-7), and the solid product was collected by filtration and crystallized from dioxane.

4-Amino-3-cyano-6-[1-phenyl-6-oxopyridazin-3-(carbonhydrazido-N-ylideno)]-2-oxo-7-phenyl Thiazolo [4,5-b]pyrane (11)

11: Orange crystals (3.8 g, 71%), m.p. 155°C (from l,4-dioxane), ν max/cm⁻¹ 3480–3330 (2 NH₂, NH), 3050 (CH aromatic), 2225, 2220 (CN), 1720, 1685–1670 (3 C=O), 1666 (exocyclic C=N), 1638 (C=C). ¹H NMR: δ 4.67, 5.80 (s, 4H, 2NH₂), 7.33–7.39 (m, 10H, aromatic protons), 8.39 (s, 1H, NH). Anal. requires for C₂₅H₁₅N₉O₄S (537.44) C, 55.86; H, 2.81; N, 23.45; S, 5.97. Found: C, 55.61; H, 3.11; N, 23.51; S, 6.29.

4-Amino-5-cyano-1-phenyl-3-carbohydrazido-N-ylidine-4-hydroxy-3-phenyl-5-(4-oxo-5H Thiazol-2-ylideno)]-6-oxopyridazine (13)

To a solution of **7a** (4.7 g, 0.01 mmol) in acetic acid (40 ml), thiogly-collic acid **12** (0.92 g, 0.01 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 2 h then left to cool. The solid product formed upon pouring into ice/water mixture was collected by filtration.

13: Orange crystals (3.8 g, 70%), m.p. 235°C (from l,4-dioxane), ν max/cm $^{-1}$ 3520–3300 (OH, NH₂, NH), 3060 (CH aromatic), 2220 (CN), 1700, 1690, 1680 (3 C=O), 1668 (exocyclic; C=N),1640 (C=C). $^1\mathrm{H}$ NMR: δ 4.77, 5.80 (s, 2H, NH₂), 6.89 (s, 2H, thiazole CH₂), 7.29–7.35 (m, 10H, aromatic protons), 8.34 (s, 1H, NH). 10.21 (s, 1H, OH) Anal. requires for $\mathrm{C_{24}H_{16}N_8O_4S_2}$ (544.49): C, 52.94; H, 2.96; N, 20.58; S, 11.78. Found: C, 52.69; H, 3.01; N, 20.56; S, 11.34.

Synthesis of Compound 17a,b Derivatives

General Procedure

To a solution of 16a~(5.1~g, 0.01~mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (40 ml) containing piperdine (0.5 ml) was added either formaldehyde (0.3 g, 0.01 mmol) or benzaldehyde (1.06 g, 0.01 mmol). The reaction mixture, was heated under reflux for 4 h, then left to cool. The solid product so formed upon pouring into an ice-water mixture containing few drops of hydrochloric acid was collected by filtration.

7-Cyano-3,8-dioxo-4-N-(3,4-diphenylthiazolidin-2-ylideno)-1-phenylpyrimidino[4,5-c]pyridazine (17a)

17a: Yellow white crystals (3.5 g, 68%), m.p. 165°C (from dimethylformamide), ν max/cm $^{-1}$ 3050 (CH aromatic), 2220 (CN) 1710, 1695, (2 C=O), 1660 (exocydic C=N), 1668 (C=N), 1632 (C=C). 1H NMR: δ 6.89 (s, 1H, thiazole C–H), 7.23–7.39 (m, 16H, aromatic protons , pyrimidine H-2)- MS (EI, 70 ev): m/z = 515 (M $^+$) - Anal. requires for $C_{28}H_{17}N_7O_2S$ (515.49): C, 65.2; H, 3.32: N, 19.02; S, 6.22. Found: C, 65.12; H, 3.09 N, 19.50; S, 6.34.

7-Cyano-3,8-dioxo-4-N-(3,4-diphenylthiazolidin-2-ylideno)-1,5-diphenylpyrimidino[4,5-c]pyridazine (17b)

17b: Yellow white crystals (4.4 g, 74%), m.p. 178–180°C (dimethylformamide), ν max/cm⁻¹ 3075 (CH aromatic), 2220 (CN), 1705, 1690 (2 C=O), 1665 (C=N), 1663 (exocyclic C=N), 1665 (C=C). ¹H NMR: δ 6.99 (s, 1H, thiazole C=H), 7.20–7.51 (m, 20H, aromatic protons) Anal. requires for $C_{34}H_{21}N_7O_2S$ (591.59): C, 69.02; H, 3.58 N, 16.57; S, 5.42. Found: C, 69.23; H, 3.39 N, 16.29; S, 5.39.

Synthesis of Compound 18a,b and 19a,b Derivatives

General Procedure

To a solution of either 17a~(5.16~g,~0.01~mmol) or 17b~(5.91~g,~0.01~mmol)in dimethylformamide (5~ml) was added either hydrazine hydrate (0.5~g,~0.01~mmol) or phenyl hydrazine (1.08~g,~0.01~mmol). The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 4~h then pouring into an ice-water mixture containing few drops of hydrochloric acid. The solid product was collected by filtration.

7-Amino-3-oxo-4-N-(3,4-diphenylthiazolo-2-ylideno)-1-phenylpyrimidino[5,4:3,4]pyridazine-[4,3:5,6]pyridazine (18a)

18a: Yellow crystals (4.03 g, 76%), m.p. 300°C (from 1,4-dioxane), ν max/cm⁻¹ 3455, 3338 (NH₂), 3065 (CH aromatic), 1695 (C=O), 1675

(exocyclic C=N), 1638 (C=C). 1 H NMR: δ 5.31 (s, 2H, NH₂), 6.99 (s, 1H, thiazole C-H), 7.26–7.39 (m, 16H, aromatic protons, pyrimidine H-2), Anal. requires for $C_{28}H_{19}N_{9}OS$ (529.53): C, 63.50; H, 3.62: N, 23.80; S, 6.05. Found: C, 63.29; H, 3.41 N, 23.76; S, 6.26.

7-Amino-3-oxo-4-N-(3,4-diphenylthiazolidin-2-ylideno)-1,4-diphenylpyrimidino[5,4:3,4]pyrazolo [4,3:5,6]pyridazine (18b)

18b: Yellow crystals (3.88 g, 64%), m.p. 230°C (from 1,4-dioxane), ν max/cm⁻¹ 3474, 3337 (NH₂) 3060 (CH aromatic), 1689, (C=O), 1670, (exocyclic C=N), 1640 (C=C). ¹H NMR: δ (s, 2H, NH₂), 6.99 (s, 1H, thiazole CH), 7.23–7.75 (m, 20H, aromatic protons). Anal. requires for C₃₄H₂₃N₉OS (605.63): C, 67.42; H, 3.83 N, 20.81; S, 5.29. Found: C, 67.43; H, 3.67 N, 20.69; S, 5.26.

7-Imino-3-oxo-4-N-(3,4-diphenylthiazolidin-2-ylideno)-1-phenylpyrimidino[5,4:3,4]pyrazolo [4,3:5,6]pyridazine (19a)

19a: Yellow crystals (4.42 g, 73%), m.p. 199–201°C (from 1,4-dioxane), ν max/cm $^{-1}$ 3466–3335 (NH) 3066 (CH aromatic), 1680 (C=O), 1670 (exocyclic C=N), 1642 (C=C). 1H NMR: δ 6.99 (s, 1H, thiazole CH), 7.29–7.48 (m, 21H, aromatic protons, pyrimidine H-2), 9,30 (s, 1H, NH). Anal. requires for $C_{34}H_{23}N_9OS$ (605.63): C, 67.42; H, 3.83: N, 20.81; S, 5.29. Found: C, 67.28; H, 3.80 N, 21.09; S, 5.08.

7-Imino-3-oxo-4-N-(3,4-diphenylthiazolidin-2-ylideno)-1,4-diphenylpyrimidino[5,4:3,4]pyrazolo [4,3:5,6]pyridazine (19b)

19b: Yellow crystals (4.43 g, 65%), m.p. 220°C (from 1,4-dioxane), ν max/cm $^{-1}$ 3458–3300 (NH) 3060 (CH aromatic), 1688 (C=O), 1673 (exocyclic C=N), 1637 (C=C). 1H NMR: δ 6.99 (s, 1H, thiazole CH), 7.31–7.59 (m, 25H, aromatic protons), 9.30 (s, 1H, NH). Anal. requires for $C_{40}H_{27}N_9OS$ (681.72): C, 70.47; H, 3.99: N, 18.49; S, 4.70. Found: C, 70.18; H, 4.21 N, 18.63; S, 4.98.

Synthesis of Compound 22a,b Derivatives

General Procedure

The solution of either **21a** (5.31 g, 0.01 mmol) or **21b** (6.07 g, 0.01 mmol) in ethanol (50 ml) containing solid sodium hydroxide (0.4 g, 0.01 mmol) was heated under reflux for 1 h, then poured into an icewater mixture containing few drops of hydrochloric acid (till pH 6). The solid product formed upon stirring for 1 h was collected by filtration.

3,7-Dioxo-4-N-(3,4-diphenylthiazolidin-2-ylideno)-1-phenylpyrimidino[5,4:3,4]pyridazo[6,5:3,4]isoxazole (22a)

22a: Yellow crystals (3.62 g, 68%), m.p. 148°C (from 1,4-dioxane), ν max/cm⁻¹ 3060 (CH aromatic), 1705, 1685 (2 C=O), 1673 (exocyclic C=N), 1645 (C=C). 1 H NMR: δ 6.89 (s, 1H, thiazole CH), 7.22–7.39 (m, 16H, aromatic protons, pyrimidine H-2). Anal. requires for $C_{28}H_{17}N_{7}O_{3}S$ (531.48): C, 63.27; H, 3.22: N, 18.45; S, 6.03. Found: C, 63.29; H, 3.41 N, 23.76; S, 6.26.

1,5-Diphenyl-3,7-dioxo-4-N-(3,4-diphenylthiazolidin-2-ylideno)-pyrimidino[4,5:3,4]pyridazo[6,5:3,4]isoxazole (22b)

22b: Yellow crystals (4.44 g, 73%), m.p. 204–206°C (from 1,4-dioxane), ν max/cm⁻¹ 3060 (CH aromatic), 1703, 1690 (2 C=O), 1675 (exocyclic C=N), 1638 (C=C). ¹H NMR: δ 6.93 (s, 1H, thiazole CH), 7.30–7.42 (m, 20H, aromatic protons) Anal. requires for $C_{34}H_{21}N_{7}O_{3}S$ (607.58): C, 67.21; H, 3.48: N, 16.14; S, 5.28. Found: C, 67.41; H, 3.40 N, 16.06; S, 6.26.

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