## One-step synthesis of substituted 4,8-dihydropyrano[3,2-*b*]pyran-4-ones

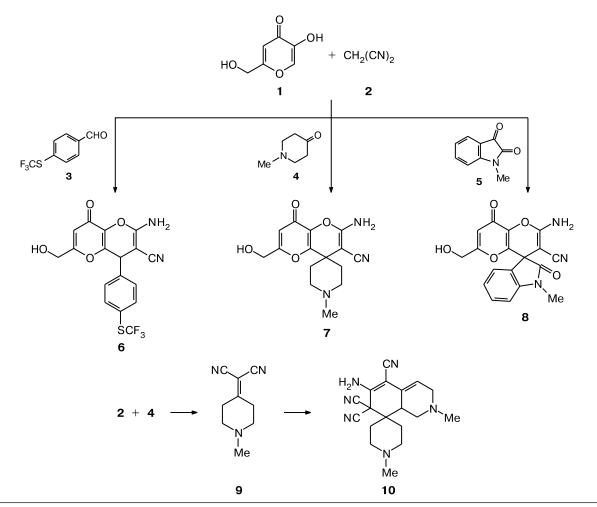
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Kojic acid, which was first isolated from *Aspergillus* oryzae, was used in reactions with arylidenemalononitriles for the preparation of substituted 6-amino-8-aryl-2-hydroxymethyl-4,8-dihydropyrano[3,2-b]pyran-4-ones as analogs of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) protease inhibitors.<sup>1–3</sup> In continuation of studies of the cross-reactions of carbonyl compounds with cyano-acetic acid derivatives with the aim of developing convenient one-step methods for the synthesis of functionalized carbo- and heterocycles,<sup>4,5</sup> we studied the re-

actions of kojic acid (1) with malononitrile (2) and carbonyl compounds 3-5 and developed a one-step procedure for the preparation of substituted 4,8-dihydropyrano[3,2-*b*]pyran-4-ones **6**-**8**.

Compounds 6-8 were prepared in one step without the preliminary synthesis and isolation of unsaturated nitriles by briefly refluxing equimolar amounts of the starting reagents 1 and 2 and the corresponding carbonyl compounds 3-5 in ethanol in the presence of catalytic amounts of Et<sub>3</sub>N.



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In the present study, spiro-fused heterocycles 7 and 8 were prepared for the first time. The advantage of the new method is that it allows one to prepare compounds 6-8 in high yields (83–97%). It should also be stressed that compound 7 can only be synthesized by the three-component reaction, since the attempted preparation of unsaturated nitrile 9 from malononitrile 2 and piperidin-4-one 4 afforded ultimately isoquinoline 10.5

The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker DRX 500 spectrometer (500.13 MHz) in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> with Me<sub>4</sub>Si as the internal standard. The IR spectra were measured on a Perkin-Elmer 577 instrument in KBr pellets. Elemental analysis was carried out on a Perkin-Elmer C,H,N-analyzer.

6-Amino-7-cyano-2-hydroxymethyl-8-[(4-trifluoromethylthio)phenyl]-4,8-dihydropyrano[3,2-b]pyran-4-one (6). A mixture of kojic acid 1 (0.71 g, 0.005 mol), malononitrile (2) (0.33 g, 0.005 mol), aldehyde 3 (1.03 g, 0.005 mol), and Et<sub>3</sub>N (0.14 mL, 0.001 mol) in EtOH (20 mL) was refluxed for 15 min and kept at 4 °C for 12 h. The precipitate that formed was filtered off and washed with ethanol and hexane. After recrystallization from EtOH, compound 6 was obtained in a yield of 1.92 g (97%) as colorless crystals, m.p. 224-226 °C. Found (%): C, 51.29; H, 2.62; N, 6.85. C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>11</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S. Calculated (%): C, 51.52; H, 2.80; N, 7.07. IR, v/cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3498, 3385, 3264, 3167 (OH, NH<sub>2</sub>); 2193 (CN); 1672 (CO); 1637 (δ NH<sub>2</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR, δ: 4.12  $(dd, 1 H, CH_2, J = 15.0 Hz, J = 6.2 Hz); 4.21 (dd, 1 H, CH_2, J =$ 15.0 Hz, J = 6.2 Hz); 4.85 (s, 2 H, NH<sub>2</sub>); 5.52 (t, 1 H, OH, J =6.2 Hz); 6.37 (s, 1 H, C(3)H); 7.24 (s, 2 H, NH<sub>2</sub>); 7.46 (d, 2 H,  $C_6H_4$ , J = 7.1 Hz); 7.75 (d, 2 H,  $C_6H_4$ , J = 7.1 Hz).

**6-Amino-7-cyano-2-hydroxymethyl-1**´-**methyl-4,8-dihydrospiro[pyrano[3,2-***b***]<b>pyran-8,4**´-**piperidine]-4-one (7)** was prepared analogously. The yield was 83%, white powder, m.p. 248–250 °C (from nitromethane). Found (%): C, 59.73; H, 5.84; N, 13.97.  $C_{15}H_{17}N_3O_4$ . Calculated (%): C, 59.40; H, 5.65; N, 13.85. IR, v/cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3492, 3376, 3284, 3153 (OH, NH<sub>2</sub>); 2188 (CN); 1687 (CO); 1625 ( $\delta$  NH<sub>2</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR,  $\delta$ : 1.86–2.07 (m, 4 H, C(3')H<sub>2</sub>, C(5')H<sub>2</sub>); 2.24 (s, 3 H, Me); 2.42–2.73 (m, 4 H, C(2')H<sub>2</sub>, C(6')H<sub>2</sub>); 4.32 (dd, 1 H, CH<sub>2</sub>, J = 15.2 Hz, J = 6.4 Hz); 4.38 (dd, 1 H, CH<sub>2</sub>, J = 15.2 Hz, J = 6.4 Hz); 5.68 (t, 1 H, OH, J = 6.4 Hz); 6.47 (s, 1 H, C(3)H); 6.94 (s, 2 H, NH<sub>2</sub>).

**6-Amino-7-cyano-2-hydroxymethyl-1**'-methylindane-**4,2**'-dioxo-4,8,2',3'-tetrahydrospiro[pyrano[3,2-*b*]pyran-8,3'indole] (8) was prepared analogously. The yield was 89%, white powder, m.p. 223–224 °C (from nitromethane). Found (%): C, 61.31; H, 3.54; N, 11.68.  $C_{18}H_{13}N_3O_5$ . Calculated (%): C, 61.54; H, 3.73; N, 11.96. IR, v/cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3486, 3369, 3265, 3148 (OH, NH<sub>2</sub>); 2192 (CN); 1680, 1672 (CO); 1627 ( $\delta$  NH<sub>2</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR,  $\delta$ : 3.28 (s, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>); 3.98 (dd, 1 H, CH<sub>2</sub>, *J* = 15.6 Hz, *J* = 6.5 Hz); 4.10 (dd, 1 H, CH<sub>2</sub>, *J* = 15.6 Hz, *J* = 6.5 Hz); 5.43 (t, 1 H, OH, *J* = 6.5 Hz); 6.34 (s, 1 H, C(3)H); 7.15 (d, 1 H, C(7')H, *J* = 7.9 Hz); 7.18 (t, 1 H, C(6')H, *J* = 7.9 Hz, *J* = 7.7 Hz); 7.27 (d, 1 H, C(4')H, *J* = 8.2 Hz); 7.32 (s, 2 H, NH<sub>2</sub>); 7.39 (t, 1 H, C(5')H, *J* = 7.7 Hz, *J* = 8.2 Hz).

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