Experimental Section⁴

Condensations with Indole-3-acetic Acid Hydrazide.—Equimolar quantities of indole-3-acetic acid hydrazide and the appropriate carbonyl compounds were dissolved in a minimum of EtOH and heated on a steam bath for 30 min. After cooling, and in some cases standing for several days the products described in Table I were obtained by filtration.

Condensations with Amines.—In a similar manner equimolar quantities of isatin, indole-3-carboxaldehyde, or 1-benzylindole-3-carboxaldehyde were allowed to react in EtOH with the appropriate amines to give the compounds in Table II.

Indole-3-acetic Acid Hydrazide and Succinic Anhydride.—A mixture of 1.89 g (0.01 mole) of indole-3-acetic acid hydrazide and 1.00 g (0.01 mole) of succinic anhydride in Me₂CO (5 ml) was refluxed for 15 min and allowed to stand overnight at room temperature. Filtration gave 2.30 g (80%) of I, mp 203–204° from EtOH; ir(KBr): 3400, 3240, 2945, 1700 (broad), 1610 cm $^{-1}$. Anal. (C₁₄H₁₅N₃O₄): C, H.

Tolualdehyde Mustard and 3-Aminocarbazole.—A mixture of 1.82~g~(0.01~mole) of 3-aminocarbazole and 2.60~g~(0.01~mole) of 4-bis-(2-chloroethyl)amino]-o-tolualdehyde was refluxed in EtOH to give 3.22~g~(76%) of imine, mp 188° from EtOH. Anal. $(C_{24}H_{23}Cl_2N_3)$: N.

(4) Analyses by Spang Microanalytical Laboratory, Ann Arbor. Mich. All melting points were taken in capillaries and are corrected.

Studies of the Chemistry of Azole Derivatives. XII. Possible Anticonvulsant Thiazolo [3,2-a]benzimidazoles

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In view of the potent pharmacological activity of a large number of heterocyclic thioureas¹⁻³ additional thioureidothiazolo [3,2-a] benzimidazoles—were—synthe-

Experimental Section

2-Aminothiazolo[3,2-a]benzimidazol-3-(2H)-one.—A solution of thiazolo[3,2-a]benzimidazol-3(2H)-one⁴ (5 g) in ACOH (20 ml) was slowly added at 0° to a solution of PhN_2Cl with stirring. The mixture was kept for 1 hr at $(0-5^\circ)$ and the product obtained was crystallized from EtOH. The azo compound (5 g) was dissolved in hot EtOH (25 ml). A solution of $Na_2S_2O_4$ (25 g) in H_2O (50 ml) was added and the mixture was refuxed for 30 min and then cooled. The amino compound obtained was recrystallized from EtOH, yield $57C_\ell$, mp 185° . Anal. $(C_9H_7N_2S)$: N.S.

Synthesis of Thioureas,—Equimolecular quantities of 2-aminothiazole [3,2-a] benzimidazol-3(2H)-one and an aryl isothiocyanate were refluxed in abs EtOH for 5 hr and cooled. The precipitated thioureas were crystalized (C_6H_6). The hydrochlorides were prepared in Et₂O solution.

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4) Part XI, J. M. Singh, J. Med. Chem., 12, 962 (1969).

A Reinvestigation of the Reaction of Monosodium Urea with Various Substituted Pyrazinecarboxylate Esters

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We have reinvestigated the reaction of monosodium urea with methyl 3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinecarboxylate¹ as well as the 5-methylamino analog and found that a small amount of the desired N-carbamoylpyr-

Table I 2-Aminothiazolo[3,2-a] benzimidazol-3(2H)-onethiourea Hydrochlorides

Nο.	R		Yield,			LD_{50}
		Formula	Mp_* $^{\circ}C$	17	Activity	(toxicity)
1	Ph	$\mathrm{G_6H_{13}ClN_4S_2}$	220-221	60	++	200
2	$o ext{-}\mathrm{MePh}$	$C_{17}H_{15}CIN_4S_2$	195 - 197	65	++	260
3	$p ext{-}\mathrm{MePh}$	$\mathrm{C}_{17}\mathrm{H}_{15}\mathrm{ClN}_4\mathrm{S}_2$	175-177	59	++	240
-4	$m ext{-}\mathrm{MePh}$	$\mathrm{C_{17}H_{15}ClN_4S_2}$	198-200	58	++	280
5	$o ext{-}\mathrm{BrPh}$	$\mathrm{C_{16}H_{12}ClBrN_4S_2}$	210	60	+++	300
6	$p ext{-}\mathrm{BrPh}$	$\mathrm{C_{16}H_{2}ClBrN_{4}S_{2}}$	165 - 166	65	+++	280
7	$m ext{-}\mathbf{BrPh}$	$\mathrm{C_{16}H_{12}ClBrN_4S_2}$	189	58	+++	290
8	$o ext{-ClPh}$	$\mathrm{C_{16}H_2Cl_2N_4S_2}$	202-204	62	++++	300
9	$p ext{-}\mathrm{ClPh}$	${ m C_{16}H_{12}Cl_2N_4S_2}$	211	59	++++	350
10	$m ext{-}\mathrm{ClPh}$	$\mathrm{C_{16}H_{12}Cl_{2}N_{4}S_{2}}$	215	61	+++++	330

sized. These compounds have been tested for anticonvulsant activity (Table I).

azinecarboxamide is produced in each case. The products were isolated by liquid-liquid partition chromatography (llpc) and shown to be the desired compounds by comparison of ir, mass spectrum, tle,

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