

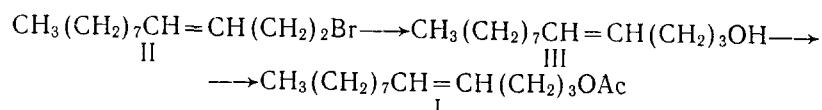
SYNTHESIS OF TRIDEC-4-EN-1-YL ACETATE — THE SEX PHEROMONE
OF *Keiferia lycopersicella*

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The sex pheromone of a dangerous pest of vegetable crops (the tomato pinworm *Keiferia lycopersicella* (Wals.)) is tridec-4-en-1-yl acetate (I) [1-3]. A method for the synthesis of attractant (I) has been described as the key stage of which was the transformation of an alk-5Z-en-4-olide into an alk-4E-enoic acid [4].

We have performed a two-stage synthesis of the acetate (I), starting from the readily available 1-bromododec-3E-ene (II), which has been used previously in the synthesis of an imitator of the pheromone of a moth *Rhynchosopha* sp. [5].



The interaction of the Grignard reagent generated from the bromide (II) with paraformaldehyde, as described in [6], gave, after chromatography on SiO_2 (ether-hexane 1:1) tridec-4E-en-1-ol (III) with a yield of 31.8%. IR spectrum (ν , cm^{-1}): 970 (trans- $\text{CH}=\text{CH}$), 3380 (OH). PMR spectrum (200 MHz, CHCl_3): 0.87 (3H, t, CH_3 , $J = 6.4$ Hz), 1.22-1.42 (14H, br.s, CH_2), 1.90-2.10 (4H, m, $\text{C}=\text{CCH}_2$), 3.54 (2H, t, OCH_2 , $J = 7.2$ Hz), 5.3-5.6 (2H, m, $\text{CH}=\text{CH}$, $J = 15.2$ Hz). Mass spectrum, m/z : 198 M^+ .

Acetylation of the alkenol (III) with acetic anhydride in pyridine gave the desired pheromone (I) with a yield of 86%, n_D^{30} 1.4385. According to the literature [4]: n_D^{22} 1.4440. IR spectrum (ν , cm^{-1}): 970 (trans- $\text{CH}=\text{CH}$), 1740 (CO). PMR spectrum (200 MHz, CHCl_3): 0.87 (3H, t, CH_3 , $J = 6.4$ Hz), 1.20-1.42 (14H, br.s, CH_2), 1.98 (3H, s, COCH_3), 1.90-2.10 (4H, m, $\text{C}=\text{CCH}_2$), 3.54 (2H, t, OCH_2 , $J = 7.2$ Hz), 5.28-5.58 (2H, m, $\text{CH}=\text{CH}$, $J = 15.2$ Hz). Mass spectrum, m/z : 180 ($\text{M}^+ - \text{CH}_3\text{COOH}$).

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