

# THE *tert*-BUTYL SULFOXIDE DIRECTED *ortho* METALATION GROUP. NEW SYNTHETIC METHODOLOGY FOR SUBSTITUTED AROMATICS AND PYRIDINES AND COMPARISON WITH OTHER METALATION DIRECTORS

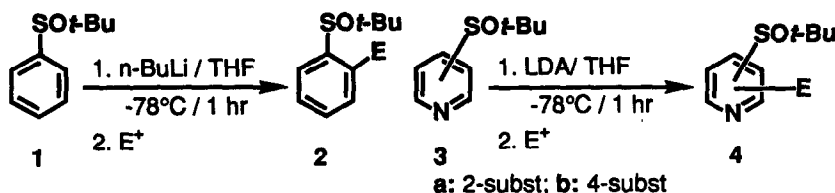
C. Quesnelle,<sup>1a</sup> T. Iihama,<sup>1b</sup> T. Aubert,<sup>1c</sup> H. Perrier, and V. Snieckus\*

Guelph-Waterloo Centre for Graduate Work in Chemistry, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Ontario CANADA N2L 3G1

**Abstract:** Details of the directed *ortho* metalation of *tert*-butyl phenyl sulfoxide (1) and 2- and 4-*tert*-butyl pyridyl sulfoxides (3a,b) are described along with comparisons with established metalation directors (CONR<sub>2</sub>, OCONR<sub>2</sub>, OMOM, SO<sub>2</sub>*t*-Bu) via inter- and intramolecular competition experiments.





As a contribution to the evolving area of directed *ortho* metalation chemistry,<sup>2</sup> we have recently reported on the metalation of aryl *tert*-butyl sulfones.<sup>3,4</sup> As a sequel to this study, we have investigated the metalation of the corresponding sulfoxides.<sup>5,6,7</sup> In this Letter, we describe preliminary results of *ortho* metalation of phenyl (1) and 2- and 4-pyridyl *tert*-butyl sulfoxides (3a,b) (Scheme 1) as well as inter- and intra-molecular competition experiments of *t*-BuSO *vis à vis* other frequently used directed metalation groups. These results show that the *tert*-butyl sulfoxide is a powerful *ortho* metalation director, comparable to the corresponding sulfone,<sup>3</sup> and constitutes a valuable addition to the repertoire of groups which allow the continuing development of new metalation methodology for the preparation of substituted aromatic and pyridine derivatives.

Scheme 1



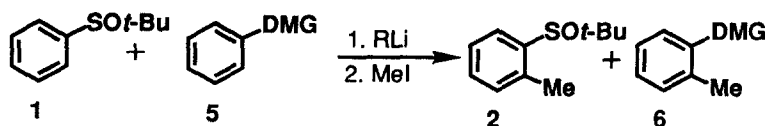
Metalation (*n*-BuLi/THF/-78°C/1h) of phenyl *tert*-butyl sulfoxide<sup>8</sup> followed by quenching with a variety of electrophiles led to *ortho*-substituted products in good to excellent yields (Table 1). Noteworthy are the introductions of *ortho*-(HO)CHPh, -CONEt<sub>2</sub>, -OH, and B(OH)<sub>2</sub> groups. The relative hierarchy of *ortho* metalation potential was probed by inter- and intra-molecular competition experiments (Tables 2, 3). Phenyl sulfoxide and aryl-DMG substrates, 1 and 5, were allowed to compete for 1.05 equiv of *n*-BuLi (THF/-78°C/1h) followed by excess MeI quench. Product mixtures, analyzed by NMR and chromatographic separation, indicate the dominant *ortho*-metalating capacity of the *t*-BuSO with respect to CON(*i*-Pr)<sub>2</sub>, OCON(*i*-Pr)<sub>2</sub>, and OMOM groups and its approximately similar metalation ability to the *t*-BuSO<sub>2</sub> DMG.<sup>9</sup> In intramolecular experiments, *n*-BuLi metalation of 7 led to products 8 or 9 thus further demonstrating the greater directing power of *t*-BuSO (Table 3).

Table 1. Synthesis of *ortho*-Substituted Phenyl Sulfoxides (2) and Substituted Pyridyl Sulfoxides (4)

E <sup>+</sup>	2, E	Yield, % <sup>a</sup>	3, Subst	E <sup>+</sup>	4, E	Yield, % <sup>a</sup>	
MeOD	D	88	2-	MeOD	D	75 <sup>f</sup>	
MeI	Me	96		MeI	Me	82	
EtI	Et	87		PhCHO	(HO)CHPh	74	
		41 <sup>b</sup>		CICONEt <sub>2</sub>	CONEt <sub>2</sub>	20	
PhCHO	(HO)CHPh	82 <sup>c</sup>		OH+g	OH	70	
DMF	CHO	0		I <sub>2</sub>	I	35	
CICONEt <sub>2</sub>	CONEt <sub>2</sub>	54 <sup>d</sup>		TMSCl	TMS	70	
 -CHPh	OH	48		Bu <sub>3</sub> SnCl	Bu <sub>3</sub> Sn	90	
(TMSO) <sub>2</sub>	OH	44		4-	MeOD	D	72 <sup>h</sup>
	Br	85			MeI	Me	74
B(OMe) <sub>3</sub> /HCl	B(OH) <sub>2</sub>	69 <sup>e</sup>			TMSCl	TMS	66
TMSCl	TMS	89			Bu <sub>3</sub> SnCl	Bu <sub>3</sub> Sn	74
Me <sub>3</sub> SnCl	Me <sub>3</sub> Sn	85					

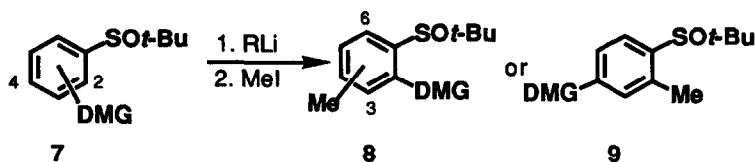
<sup>a</sup> Yields are of chromatographed materials; <sup>b</sup> Based on recovered SM; <sup>c</sup> 55:45 diastereomeric mixture based on <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of *t*-Bu signals; <sup>d</sup> 1.2 equiv TMEDA added; <sup>e</sup> Yield based on the isolated diethanolamine adduct; <sup>f</sup> 68% d<sub>1</sub> by MS; <sup>g</sup> 1. B(OMe)<sub>3</sub>; 2. H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> HOAc; <sup>h</sup> 71% d<sub>1</sub> by MS.

Table 2. Intermolecular Metalation Competition



DMG	Methylated Product, Yield, %		Starting Material, Yield, %	
	2	6	1	5
CON( <i>i</i> -Pr) <sub>2</sub>	78	<1	9	95
OCN( <i>i</i> -Pr) <sub>2</sub>	85	<1	4	86
OMOM	86	<1	3	85
SO <sub>2</sub> <i>t</i> -Bu	41	44	50	36

Table 3. Intramolecular Metalation Competition



DMG = a: 2-OMOM; b: 4-OMOM; c: 4-CONEt<sub>2</sub>; d: 4-NHt-Boc

Compound	Products (Yield, %) <sup>a</sup>	
7a	8a, 6-Me (57.5)	8a, 3-Me (2.4)
7b	9b (84)	
7c	9c (88) <sup>b</sup>	
7d	9d (72) <sup>b</sup>	

<sup>a</sup> Yield of chromatographed material; <sup>b</sup> Yield based on HPLC of an inseparable mixture of SM and product. Product 9c was compared to an independently prepared sample.

The results of 2- and 4-pyridyl *tert*-butyl sulfoxide metalation are also summarized in Table 1. Deprotonation of 3a and 3b under conditions similar to those used by Furukawa (LDA/-78°C/THF/ 0.5 h)<sup>6b</sup> followed by quenching with selected electrophiles led to substituted pyridyl sulfoxides 4 invariably in good yields.<sup>10</sup>

*Ortho* functionalization of phenyl and pyridyl *tert*-butyl sulfoxides further expands the scope of the directed *ortho* metalation reaction for the preparation of substituted aryl and pyridyl derivatives. Demonstration of the diverse potential of this strategy in organic synthesis continues to be a goal in our laboratories.<sup>11,12</sup>

#### References and Footnotes:

1. a) NSERC Canada Graduate Fellowship awardee 1989 - present; b) Visiting scientist from Nippon Soda Co., Kanagawa, Japan, 1988-89; c) Government of Canada Award (Canada-France Exchange Fellow), 1988-89.
2. Snieckus, V. *Chem. Rev.* **1990**, *90*, 879; Snieckus, V. *Bull. Soc. Chim. Fr.* **1988**, 67.
3. Iwao, M.; Iihama, T.; Mahalanabis, K.K.; Perrier, H.; Snieckus, V. *J. Org. Chem.* **1989**, *54*, 26.
4. For other sulfur-based directed metalation groups, see citations in ref 3 and Figuly, G.D.; Loop, C.K.; Martin, J.C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1989**, *111*, 654; Block, E.; Eswarakrishnan, V.; Gernon, M.; Ofori-Okai, G.; Saha, C.; Tang, K.; Zubieta, J. *ibid.* **1989**, *111*, 658; Smith, K.; Lindsay, C.M.; Pritchard, G.J. *ibid.* **1989**, *111*, 665 and refs therein; Smith, K.; Lindsay, C.M.; Morris, I.K. *Chem. Ind. (London)*, **1988**, 302. See also Cabiddu, S.; Fattuoni, C.; Floris, C.; Gelli, G. *Heterocycles*, **1988**, *27*, 1679.

5. a) Taken in part from Perrier, H. M.Sc. Thesis, University of Waterloo, 1989. b) Presented in part at: 72nd CIC, Victoria, B.C., June, 1989, Abstr OR-4AP-436; 31st National Organic Symposium, Ithaca, N.Y., June, 1989, Abstr B-30; 73rd CIC, Halifax, NS., July, 1990, Abstr 860 OR-C16; 74th CIC, Hamilton, Ont., June, 1991, Abstr 696P.
6. a) To the best of our knowledge, only isolated cases of ortho metalation of aryl sulfoxides had been previously described: Gilman, H.; Esmay, D.L. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1952**, *74*, 266; Furukawa, N.; Kimura, T.; Horie, Y.; Ogawa, S. *Heterocycles* **1991**, *32*, 675. b) In the course of our work, reports concerning the metalation of isomeric pyridyl phenyl sulfoxides and sulfoxide displacement reactions with Grignard reagents leading to biaryls and heterobiaryls appeared: Shibutani, T.; Fujihara, H.; Furukawa, N. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1991**, *32*, 2943; Shibutani, T.; Fujihara, H.; Furukawa, N. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1991**, *32*, 2947 and references cited therein. See also Oae, S.; Furukawa, N. *Advan. Heterocyclic Chem.* **1990**, *48*, 1.
7. To date, aryl sulfoxides have served solely as carbanion stabilizing and (oftimes) disposable functionalities in synthesis, see, *inter alia*,  $\alpha$ -metalation: Hua, D.H.; Miao, S.W.; Bravo, A.A.; Takemoto, D.J. *Synthesis* **1991**, 970; Solladie, G.; Ruiz, P.; Colobert, F.; Carreño, M.C.; Garcia-Ruano, J.L. *Synthesis* **1991**, 1011; Solladie, G. *Asymmetric Synthesis* J.D. Morrison, Ed.; Academic, New York, **1983**, Vol. 2, p. 157; Drabowicz, J.; Mikolajczyk, M. *Org. Prep. Proc.* **1982**, *14*, 45; Columbo, L.; Gennari, C.; Scolastico, C. *J. Chem Soc. Chem. Comm.* **1979**, 591;  $\alpha$ -vinyl metalation: Marino, J.P.; Laborde, E.; Paley, R.S. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1988**, *110*, 966; Eisch, J.S.; Galle, J.E. *J. Org. Chem.* **1979**, *44*, 3279; Michael addition: Pyne, S.G.; Bloem, P.; Chapman, S.L.; Dixon, C.E.; Griffith, R. *J. Org. Chem.* **1990**, *55*, 1086; Takaki, K.; Maeda, T.; Ishikawa, M. *J. Org. Chem.* **1989**, *54*, 58; Hsiao, C.-N.; Shechter, H. *J. Org. Chem.* **1988**, *53*, 2688; Posner, G.; Hamill, T.G. *J. Org. Chem.* **1988**, *53*, 6031; Kahn, S.D.; Dobbs, K.D.; Hehre, W.J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1988**, *110*, 4602; and asymmetric synthesis: Davis, F.A.; Towson, J.C.; Weismiller, M.C.; Lal, S.; Carroll, P.J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1988**, *110*, 8477; Davis, R.; Kern, J.R.; Kurz, L.J.; Pfister, J.R. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1988**, *110*, 7873.
8. Prepared from the corresponding sulfide by  $2\text{KHSO}_5 \cdot \text{KHSO}_4 \cdot \text{K}_2\text{SO}_4$  (OXONE<sup>®</sup>) treatment, see Trost, B.; Curran, D.P. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1981**, *22*, 1287.
9. Relative yields of products are considered to reflect amounts of respective ortho metalated species since metalation for shorter times (80 sec) led to product yields within experimental error of those observed in the 1 h metalation experiments.
10. For comparison with the corresponding sulfones, the synthesis of a variety of 3-substituted 2-pyridyl *tert*-butyl sulfones has been achieved from the 2-pyridyl sulfone under similar metalation conditions whereas the 4-pyridyl sulfone gives uncharacterizable mixtures of products under LDA and other standard alkylolithium conditions.<sup>5a</sup> Sulfone displacement in 2- and 4-pyridyl *tert*-butyl sulfones by *n*-BuLi treatment has been reported: Stoyanovich F.M.; Gol'dfarb, Y.L.; Marakatkina, M.A.; Karpenko, R.G. *Izv. Akad. Nauk. SSSR, Ser. Khim* **1978**, 2767; *Chem. Abstr.* **1979**, *90*, 137632k.
11. All new compounds show spectral (IR, NMR, MS) and analytical data consistent with the assigned structures.
12. We are grateful to NSERC Canada, Merck Frosst Canada, and Nippon Soda for financial support of this research. T.I. thanks Nippon Soda for a leave of absence.

(Received in USA 24 December 1991; accepted 19 February 1992)