

Stereoselective Syntheses of Conjugated 1-Phenylthio-1,3-alkadienes and
1,3,5-Alkatrienes through the Palladium-Catalyzed Cross-Coupling
Reaction of (E)- or (Z)-1-Alkenylboronates with
(E)- or (Z)-2-Bromo-1-phenylthio-1-alkenes[†]

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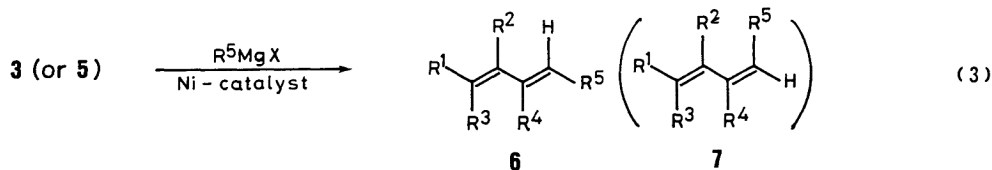
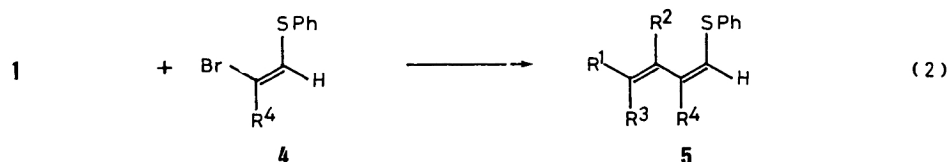
1-Phenylthio-1,3-alkadienes and 1,3,5-alkatrienes are obtained in excellent yields stereo- and regioselectively by the cross-coupling between 1-alkenyl or 1,3-alkadienyl-1,3,2-benzodioxaboroles and (E)- or (Z)-2-bromo-1-phenylthio-1-alkenes in the presence of a catalytic amount of Pd(PPh₃)₄. These sulfides are converted to the corresponding conjugated alkatrienes and tetraenes by the reaction with Grignard reagents in the presence of Ni-catalyst.

In our recent papers,^{1,2)} we reported a stereoselective synthesis of (E,E)-, (E,Z)- and (Z,Z)-alkadienes by the palladium-catalyzed cross-coupling reaction between (E)- or (Z)-1-alkenylboronates and (E)- or (Z)-1-halo-1-alkenes. The major advantage of this coupling in synthesis is the ready availability of a variety of (E)- and (Z)-1-alkenylboronates via hydroboration of alkynes or 1-halo-1-alkynes and the cross-coupling reaction takes place while retaining the original configurations of both the starting alkenylboranes and the halides.

We now wish to report that the reaction of 1-alkenylboronates with 2-bromo-1-phenylthio-1-alkenes (2 and 4)³⁾ proceeds smoothly under conditions similar to those of the usual 1-halo-1-alkenes to give almost exclusively the 1-phenylthio-1,3-alkadienes and 1,3,5-alkatrienes (3 and 5), stereoselectively (Eqs. 1 and 2). Alkylthioalkenes are known to undergo a cross-coupling with Grignard reagents in the presence of Ni- or Pd-catalysts (Eq. 3).^{4,5)} Although various methods for syntheses of alkenyl sulfides have been explored, the major methods lead to a mixture of stereoisomers which often difficult to separate. The present procedure should give a new and convenient route to stereodefined alkenyl sulfides and conjugated polyenes through the cross-coupling reactions.

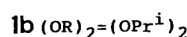
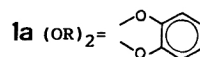
When (Z)-2-bromo-1-phenylthio-1-propene (4, R⁴=Me) reacted with (E)-1-hexenyl-1,3,2-benzodioxaborole (1a, R¹=n-Bu, R²=R³=H) in the presence of 3 mol% of Pd(PPh₃)₄ and aqueous KOH (3 equiv.) for 5 h in refluxing benzene, the substitution of the bromine was found to occur readily and gave (1Z,2E)-2-methyl-

[†]Dedicated to Professor Teruaki Mukaiyama of the University of Tokyo on the occasion of his 60th birthday.



$\text{R}^1 = \text{alkyl}, 1\text{-alkenyl}$ $\text{R}^2 = \text{alkyl}$ $\text{R}^3 = \text{alkyl}$

$\text{R}^4 = \text{H}, \text{Me}$ $\text{R}^5 = \text{alkyl}, 1\text{-alkenyl}, \text{aryl}$

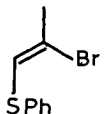
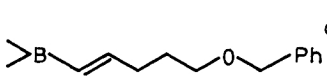
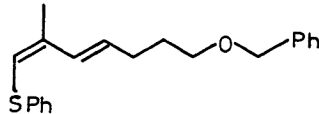
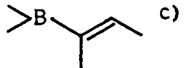
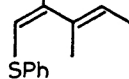
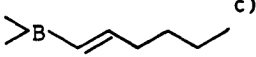
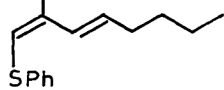
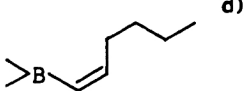
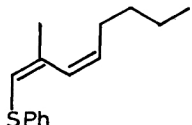
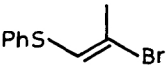
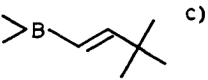
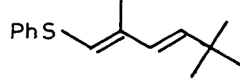
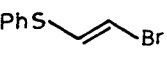
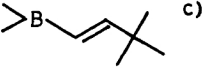
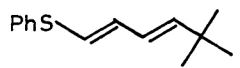
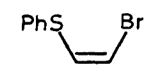
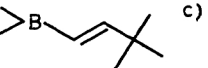
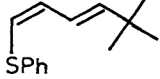
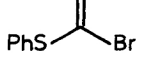
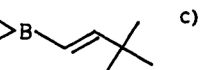
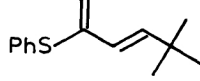
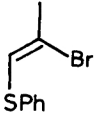
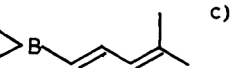
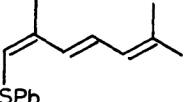
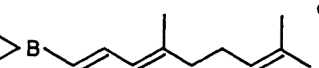
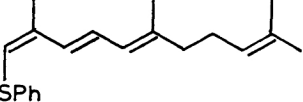
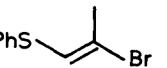
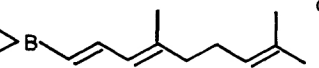
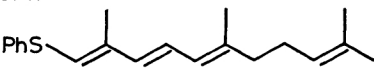
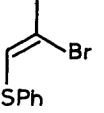
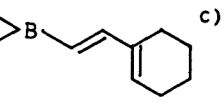
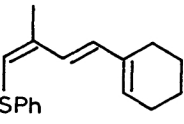
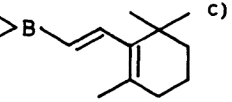
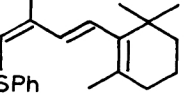


1-phenylthio-1,3-octadiene in a yield of 91%, with isomeric purity of 98%. The reaction was highly selective to the C-Br bond, and the C-S bond was inert even for longer reaction time and in the presence of an excess of 1-hexenylboronate. It should be noted that a high yield of the coupling product can be obtained when a combination of benzene-KOH is used as solvent and base, whereas when the reaction is carried out in benzene-NaOEt which is generally used for the cross-coupling reaction of alkenylboronates, the product yield is only 5%.

In the Table 1, the representative results of the reaction of a variety of (*E*)- and (*Z*)-1-alkenylboronates (**1**) with 2-bromo-1-phenylthio-1-alkenes (**2** and **4**) are summarized. The Table clearly shows that this reaction is highly regio-selective and gives the products which are prepared by the coupling at the C-Br bond, and the isomeric purity in each reaction is higher than 97%, which is determined by direct comparison with an authentic sample.

A typical procedure is as follows. A 25ml-flask equipped with a magnetic stirring bar, a septum inlet, and a reflux condenser was charged with Pd(PPh₃)₄ (58 mg, 0.05 mmol) and flushed with nitrogen. Benzene (4 ml) and (*Z*)-1-bromo-2-phenylthioethene (0.215 g, 1 mmol)³⁾ were added and the mixture was stirred for 15 min. Then, (*E*)-3,3-dimethyl-1-butenyl-1,3,2-benzodioxaborole (**1a**, R¹=*t*-Bu, R²=R³=H)⁶⁾ and aqueous KOH (4M solution, 0.75 ml) were added. After refluxing for 5 h, the reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature and diluted with 30 ml of hexane. The organic layer was separated, dried over MgSO₄, and then was treated with a few crystals of phenothiazine.⁷⁾ An analytically pure sample was obtained by chromatography over silica gel with hexane/CH₂Cl₂ (5:1); 0.21 g (96%). Analysis by VPC (fused silica capillary column, OV-101, 25 m) indicated that a ratio of 1-phenylthio-5,5-dimethyl-(1*Z*,3*E*)-hexadiene to (1*E*,3*E*)-isomer is 97:3.

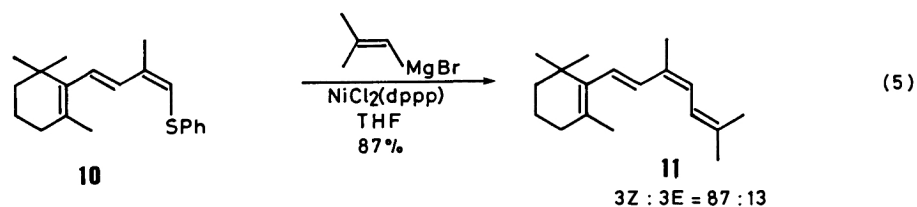
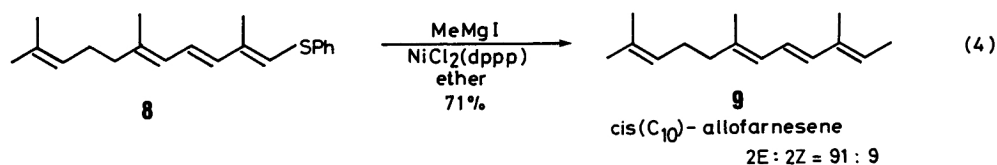
Table 1. Syntheses of 1-Phenylthio-1,3-alkadienes and 1,3,5-alkatrienes(3 and 5)^{a)}

Entry	2 or 4	1	Product	Yield/% ^{b)}
1		 ^{c)}		95
2		 ^{c)}		87
3		 ^{c)}		76
4		 ^{d)}		90
5		 ^{c)}		97
6		 ^{c)}		86
7		 ^{c)}		96
8		 ^{c)}		71
9		 ^{c)}		89
10		 ^{c)}		91
11		 ^{c)}		88
12		 ^{c)}		90
13		 ^{c)}		93

a) All reactions were carried out in benzene at 80 °C for 3-5 h, using 5 mol% of Pd(PPh₃)₄ and 3 equiv. of aqueous 4M-KOH. b) Isolated yields.

c) 1,3,2-benzodioxaborole (1a).⁶⁾ d) diisopropyl (1b).²⁾

The usefulness of the present method is demonstrated by the syntheses of (2E,4E,6E)-3,7,11-trimethyl-(2,4,6,10)-dodecateraene [*cis*(C₁₀)-allofarnesene] (**9**),⁸⁾ and 1-(2,6,6-trimethylcyclohexenyl)-3,6-dimethyl-(1E,3Z,5E)-heptatriene (**11**). Thus, the treatment of the sulfide (**8**) obtained by the reaction of entry 11 in Table 1 with a solution of methylmagnesium iodide in ether (2 equiv.) in the presence of NiCl₂(dppp) (5 mol%) at room temperature for 24 h, gave **9** in 71% yield (Eq. 4). The synthesis of **11** by the coupling of sulfide (**10**) (entry 13) with 2-methyl-1-propenylmagnesium bromide (2 equiv.) in THF at room temperature is an example which shows that extension of an additional double bond can be readily achieved (Eq. 5).



Use of 1-bromo-2-phenylthioethene as a building block to the synthesis of stereodefined double bonds by sequential cross-coupling reactions with Grignard reagents has been originally reported by Naso and coworkers.⁴⁾ The present reaction affords a simple and new route to the generally more difficultly synthesized stereodefined 1,3-alkadienyl and 1,3,5-alkatrienyl phenyl sulfides which are valuable intermediates in the synthesis of conjugated polyenes.

References

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- 2) The synthesis of (*Z*)-1-alkenylboronates and its cross-coupling reaction with organic halides was reported; N. Miyaura, M. Satoh, and A. Suzuki, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, **27**, 3745 (1986).
- 3) E. Angeletti, F. Montanari, and A. Negrini, *Gazz. Chim. Ital.*, **87**, 1086 (1957). (*E*)- and (*Z*)-2-Bromo-1-phenylthio-1-alkenes can be readily separated by chromatography over silica gel with hexane. We appreciate Professor F. Naso for sending us a detailed manuscript for synthesis of **2** and **4**.
- 4) V. Fiandanese, G. Marchese, F. Naso, and L. Ronzini, *J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun.*, **1982**, 647; *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1*, **1985**, 1115.
- 5) H. Okamura, M. Miura, and H. Takei, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, **1979**, 43; E. Wenkert, T. W. Ferreira, and E. L. Michelott, *J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun.*, **1979**, 637; S. Murahashi, M. Yamamoto, K.-i. Yanagisawa, N. Mita, and K. Kondo, *J. Org. Chem.*, **44**, 2408 (1979).
- 6) For the synthesis of 1-alkenyl-1,3,2-benzodioxaboroles, see; H. C. Brown "Organic Synthesis via Boranes", John Wiley & Sons, N.Y. (1975) and references 1 and 8.
- 7) The products, sulfides suffer deterioration in air. It is advisable therefore to store these sulfides under nitrogen in refrigerator in the presence of phenothiazine.
- 8) We reported previously the synthesis of *trans*(C₁₀)-allofarnesene; N. Miyaura, H. Sugimoto, and A. Suzuki, *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.*, **55**, 2221 (1982).

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