## MALTOL FROM NEEDLES OF Abies sibirica

N. A. Tyukavkina, S. A. Medvedeva,

S. Z. Ivanova, and V. K. Voronov

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From the needles of Abies sibirica (Siberian fir) we have isolated a substance with the composition  $C_6H_6O_3$  (I), mp 159-160°C (methanol), mol. wt. 126 (mass spectrometry), readily subliming at 140°C. Compound (I) absorbs in the UV region at  $\lambda_{max}$  (methanol) 277 nm (log  $\epsilon$  3.93). Its NMR spectrum (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) has the signals of the protons of a methyl group (singlet with an intensity of 3H at  $\delta$  2.23 ppm) and a hydroxy group (broad singlet, 1H, at  $\delta$  3.63 ppm). The presence of a hydroxy group in compound (I) was confirmed by the formation of its monomethyl derivative on methylation with diazomethane (mol. wt. 140, mass spectrometry). In the NMR spectrum (CCl<sub>4</sub>) of the methyl ether of (I), the broad singlet of the proton of the hydroxy group disappears and a singlet (3H) of a methoxy group appears at  $\delta$  3.73 ppm.

The benzoylation of (I) led to a monobenzoate with mp 110-112°C (aqueous methanol).

The hydroxy group in substance (I) forms an intramolecular hydrogen bond, which is confirmed by the band of its stretching vibrations in the IR spectra [3260 cm<sup>-1</sup> (KBr) and 3260, 3415 cm<sup>-1</sup> (CHCl<sub>3</sub>)]. The hydroxy group is probably in the  $\alpha$  position to the carbonyl [1660 cm<sup>-1</sup> (KBr) and 1674 cm<sup>-1</sup> (CHCl<sub>3</sub>)]. This is in harmony with the fact that when the compound is methylated the frequency of absorption of the carbonyl group rises to 1715 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Substance (I) is unsaturated. Its IR spectrum has bands corresponding to the vibrations of a conjugated double bond.

Two doublets in the weak field ( $\delta$  6.30 and 7.83 ppm, J = 5.5 Hz) in the NMR spectrum of (I) correspond to protons on one of the double bonds in a  $\gamma$ -pyrone ring [1].

On the basis of the results obtained, the compound (I) isolated from the needles of the Siberian fir can be identified as 3-hydroxy-2-methyl- $\gamma$ -pyrone, or 2-methylpyromeconic acid. This substance — maltol — has been found previously in the needles of Abies alba Mill. [1] (silver fir).

## LITERATURE CITED

- 1. NMR Spectra Catalog, Spectrum 455, Varian Associates, Palo Alto, California (1962).
- 2. W. Feuerstein, Ber., 34, 1804 (1901).

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