CAN. ENT., p. 120, an instance of this sort is recorded by Mr. R. Bunker, of Rochester, where the larva became a chrysalis on the first of August and produced the moth on the 10th of September. Should these larvæ at any time prove troublesome, they can be readily subdued by hand-picking.

LIST OF N. AMERICAN ANTHOMYIDAE, EXAMINED BY R. H. MEADE, ESQ., BRADFORD, ENGLAND.

BY DR. H. A. HAGEN, CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

Mr. R. H. Meade has kindly examined the N. American Anthomyidæ of the Museum of Comparative Zoology in Cambridge, forwarded to him by the Baron von Osten Sacken. The collection was returned last year The species are separated carefully and by the Baron to the Museum. accompanied by a list giving the genera and species, the latter not named except when identical with European species. The notes and determinations of the list differ sometimes from the notes previously published by Mr. R. H. Meade in the Entom. Monthly Mag., 1878, xiv., p. 230-250. Those differences and the more complete statements in the list induced me to publish it, thinking it to be ungrateful to Mr. Meade that his extensive and thorough examination should rest in the archives of the Museum Baron von Osten Sacken stated in his letter that and be lost to science. he has not the intention to work out the Anthomyidæ. carefully compared the labeled types in the Loew collection, and have added always the locality for the species examined by Mr. Meade. Where I was able to make out identities, they are given. The collection of the Museum, out of which the Baron himself selected the lot sent to Mr. Meade, will probably contain only duplicates of the lot, except in later Loew's collection contains a number not yet assorted and additions. Types of European species sent by Loew, Schiner, some new species. Gerstaecker and Jmhoff, have been compared with the American ones. O. Sacken's Catalogue has 139 N. Amer. species, including a large number of Fr. Walker's not yet scientifically compared. Mr. Meade has counted (with a few varieties) 121 species, and Loew's collection contains 12 species not seen by Mr. Meade; therefore the whole number of N. Am. species is 133. Mr. Meade has identified among them 27 European species and Loew 7 more; therefore 34 species seem to be identical with European ones. The Museum owes the most sincere thanks to Mr. Meade and to Baron v. Osten Sacken.

Genus Hyetodesia Rond. (Aricia pt. Macq.)

- Bears a considerable resemblance to Aricia marmorata Zett.; 8
 male and female; Lake Super., Huds. Bay Terr., Can., N. Hampsh.
 No specimen of A. marmorata is at hand. I consider A.
 morioides Zett. (perhaps A. mori Zett. of O. Sack. Cat., p. 164) to be
 identical with No. 1. Loew's type is a female from Sitka
 (Sahlberg), and an Aricia.
- 2. Is perhaps a variety of No. 1; the longitudinal thoracic stripes are narrower; 2, male and female; Lake Super., N. Hampsh.
- 3. Closely corresponds to the descriptions of A. serva; this is perhaps also a var. of No. 1; 1, female; Norway, Maine.
- 4. Seems identical with A. lucorum Fall.; 1, male; West N. Y.
- 5. Is very similar to A. obscurata Meig.; 1, male; Huds. Bay Terr.
- 6. Differs from any species I know; 4, male and female; Brit. Amer., Western N. Y.; Geysers, Cala.

This species is A. parviceps, Loew collect., from Sitka, Sahlberg, male, female; the male agrees perfectly with No. 6; the female differs somewhat, but the 4 spec. of No. 6 seem to represent varieties.

7. Bears a very close general resemblance to S. pagana Fabr., but differs by having the eyes decidedly pubescent and also by having 3 instead of 4 thoracic bristles behind the suture; 2, male and female; Englewood, N. Jers.; Maine.

This species is identical with *H. angelicæ*, Loew coll., male and female (*Spilogaster angelicæ* O. Sack. Catal., p. 165) and one European type sent by Loew as *Fellaca angelicæ* Scop. The differences quoted above agree with *F. angelicæ*; nevertheless the eyes are a little less pubescent in the only European specimen before me, but decidedly as pubescent in the 2 Amer. specimens in Loew's coll.

There are in Loew's coll. the following species named, all different from the No. 1-7: A. schinophora, 3, male and female, from Sitka, Sahlberg, and from Alaska, related to No. 5 but different. A. consors, 2, male and female, from Sitka, Sahlberg, allied to No. 6.

A. spec., 1, female, from Wisc., simillima A. Bilbergi, differt tarsis anticis. In Ent. M. Mag., xiv., p. 250, Mr. Meade has mentioned a species closely resembling A. lugubris Meig. This species is not given in his list.

Genus Mydaea Desv. (Spilogaster p. unspotted.)

- 8. Unlike any species I know; 1 female, Arctic Amer.
- 9. Corresponds to the description of M. floricola Desv.; I female, N. Y. This is Spilog. urbana Loew, O. Sack. Catal., 3, male and female, in Loew's coll. from Br. Amer. and Conn.; I cannot compare M. floricola, but the specimen No. 9 agrees with the European type of M. urbana sent by Mr. Meade.
- 10. Male, Canada; 11 females and 12 males, Western N. Y.; 13 females, Catskill Mts., N.Y.; 14 males, Canada; 15 males, Arctic Amer. Unlike any species known to me. No. 12 seems to be identical with *A. flexuosa* Loew, male and female, from Sitka.
- 16. Very similar to M. flaveola Fall., but has the external transverse vein straight instead of curved; 4, male and female, from White Mts., N. H.; Quebec, Can.; Huds. Bay Terr.; Catskill Mts., N.Y. In Loew's coll. labelled A. diaphana (Limnophora diaphana O. Sack. Catal., p. 166); 7, male and female, from N. Hampsh.; Me.; Brit. Amer.; the specimens are identical with European types of A. diaphana sent by Loew.
- 16.a. An imperfect species, very like A. varians Zett.; I male, Canada; abdomen wanting; agrees well with one European type sent by Loew.

Genus Spilogaster Macq. (spotted.)

- † Legs black. All species unlike any known to me.
- 17. 3, male and female. Ky.; Lake Super.—18; 1 male, Huds. Bay Terr.—19; 1 female, Huds. Bay Terr.—20; 1 male, no loc.
- 21. 1 female, Huds. Bay Terr.—22; 1 male, no loc.
 - †† Legs wholly or partly yellow.
- 23. Differs from any species I know, but appears to be the analogue of S. uliginosa Fall.; 2, male; R. I.
 - I have compared European types of S. uliginosa sent by Mr. Meade and Loew, but they differ so strikingly from No. 23 that I am unable to say why they are analogous.

- 24. I male, Western N. Y.—25. I female, Cambridge, Mass. Both unlike any species known to me.
- 26. The generic position of this injured specimen is rather doubtful; r female, D. C.
- 27. Corresponds to Rondani's description of S. hirticrura and is very like A. pertusa Meig.; 7, male and female, from N. Y. and Ill.

I cannot compare A. pertusa nor S. hirticrura; the species is Anth. trabeata Loew; one type of Loew with his label is among the specimens No. 27; in Loew's coll. there are 7 specimens from N. Y., Ill., Pa., D. C.

Mr. Meade says, Ent. M. Mag., l. c. p. 251: In Spilog, there were eleven species. . . . There was only one male in the collection, and it bore a remarkable resemblance to Cyrtoneura meditabunda Fabr. The fifth longitudinal wing vein was curved in a similar manner towards the fourth vein, though in a less degree. . . .

There must be some misunderstanding here which I am not able to solve, as the eleven species before me contain 12 males belonging to 7 species. I have compared every one carefully with a type of *Cyrt. meditabunda* sent by Loew, without finding any male corresponding to the characters of *C. meditabunda*. Later I found among the Diptera not seen by Mr. Meade one female very well agreeing with the characters mentioned, bearing a label *M. meditabunda*? written by O. Sacken.

Genus Hydrophoria Desv.

- 28. Unlike any species known to me; 1 female, Connecticut.
- 29. Resembles M. ambigua Fall.; 1 male, Huds. Bay Terr.
- 30. Unlike any species known to me; 1 female, Brit. Amer.

Genus Drymeia Meig.

31. A well marked species which differs slightly from the only European one, D. hamata, 4, male and female, from Huds. Bay Terr.

It is difficult to decide about the similarity with *D. hamata*, as the Amer. specimens are in a rather indifferent condition; the European types sent by Mr. Meade and Loew are much larger. Formerly, *l. c.*, p. 251, Mr. Meade had considered them to be quite distinct.

Genus Hydrotea Desv.

- 32. Appears to be identical with *H. dentipes* Fall.; 1 female, Canada.

 In Loew's coll., 2 females, 1 from Sitka, Sahlb., with the same determination.
- 33. Seems identical with *H. armipes* Fabr.; 3, male and female, Cambridge, Mass.

In Loew's coll., I male from Nebraska with the same determination.

Genus Lasiops Meig.

- 34. Something like *L. canotans* Meig., but it is not identical; I male, Br. Colombia..
- 35. Not like any species known to me; 4, male and female, N. Hampsh.

Genus Osphyra Desv.

 Similar to A. leucostoma Fall.; 5, male and female, from D. C., Mass., Maine.

In Loew's coll., 5 male and female, from Maine, New York, D. C., identical with No. 36, labelled A. leucostoma.

36.a. Not like any species known to me; 2, male and female, Canada.

Genus Limnophora Desv.

- Somewhat resembles A. compuncta Wied., but has the eyes more

 widely separated in the male; 6 male and female, from Mass.; N.
 Y., D. C.; Hudson Bay Terr.
- 38. 1 male, N. Y.—39; 1 male, Connect.—41; 1 male, Huds. Bay Terr.
 —42; 1 female, N. Y.—43; 1 male, Mass.—43 a (lost) Huds. Bay Terr. All not like any species known to me.
- 40. Very like *Coenosia triangulum* Zett. This species might perhaps be placed in the genus *Coenosia*, as the eyes in both sexes are separated by a widish interval. But this occurs to some extent in nearly all the species of this genus; I male, Catskill Mts., N. Y.

L. stygia Meig., O. Sacken Catal., p. 152, in Loew's coll. from Sitka, Sahlberg, is not represented among the species examined by Mr. Meade. L. triangulifera Zett., †male, labelled by Loew, is in the collection of the Museum.

Genus Homalomyia Bouché.

44. Identical with *M. canicularis* Linn.; 11 male and female, from South Greenland; Mass., Maine, Conn.

In Loew's coll. are 10, male and female, N. Y., Maine, with the same determination.

45. Identical with A. scalaris Meig.; 8, male and female, Maine, Mass., Pennsylvania.

In Loew's coll, 12 male and female, D. C., Pa., Wisc., with the same name.

- 46. Identical with *M. prostrata* Rossi (*invisurata* Zett.); 2, male and female, N. Y., Mass. There are 3, male and female, from the same locality in the Museum's coll.
- 47. Probably only var. of H. canicularis; 4 females, Middle States, Mass.
- 49. Not like any species known to me; 1 male, N. Hampsh., abdomen wanting; the other from Hudson's Bay Terr., lost.

Probably H. serena Loew, but the specimen is too imperfect to be sure.

50. Not like any species known to me; 4 females, from South Greenland; N. Y. All imperfect.

There are in Loew's collection the following determined species: *H. manicata* Meig., from Sitka, Sahlb.; *H. serena* Fall., from Br. Amer.; *H. subpellucens* Zett., from Sitka, Sahlb.; *H. tetracantha* Loew, from Middle States; *H. femorata* Loew, from Cuba. The *H. spathulata* Zett. quoted with * in O. Sack. cat., p. 170, is not represented.

Genus Azelia Desv.

51. Seems identical with A. Slaegeri Zett.; 1 male, N. Hampsh.

Genus Atomogaster Macq.

Is not among the specimens examined by Mr. Meade, but represented in Loew's coll. by 5, male and female, from Texas; Nebr. A. albicincta.

Genus Anthomyia Meig.

- 52. Identical with M. radicum Linn.
- 53. 3 males, Regio. arct. 54; 1 male, probably Mass. 55; 1 female, Cambridge, Mass. 56; 2, male and female, no loc. 58; 1 male, Illinois. All not like any species known to me.
- 57. Identical with A. latitarsis Slaeg. & Zett.; 2, male and female, from N. Hampsh. and N. Y.
- 59. Very similar to small specimens of A. pluvialis; 1 male, Long Island, N. Y.

Genus Hylemyia Desv.

- † Legs black.
- 60. Not like any species known to me; 10, male and female, Brit. Am., N. Y., N. J.
- Not like any species known to me; 5, male and female, N. Hampsh.,
 N. Y., Conn.
- 62. Resembles *H. antiqua* Meig.; 2, male and female, Hudson's Bay Terr., Reg. Arctic.
 - Is identical with *H. deceptiva* A. Fitch, 2 types in Loew's coll. †† Legs yellow.
- 63. Not like any species known to me; this is perhaps A. alcathoe Walk. Mus. Cat.; 6, male and female, N. Hampsh., N. Y., Mass.

Is identical with A. tarsata Sik., male and female, N. Y., Ill., labelled by Loew.

In Loew's collection are 2 males from Cuba, types of *H. angustifrons* Loew, united (O. Sack. Cat., p. 167) probably after examination of Macquart's type with *H. pici*. Loew has written on the label: "Can be taken to be *H. pici*, if it is assumed that the artist has allowed himself wild fancy in drawing the veins of the wings and the bristles of the legs." On the label of the second specimen is said: "Probably the pale-winged variety quoted by Wiedeman as his quadrilineata."

64.—73. Unlike any species known to me. 64. 4, male and female, N. Y.—65; I female, N. Y.—66; 2 females, N. Hamps.—67; I female, Hudson's Bay Terr.—68; I male, D. C.—69; 3 females, Hudson's Bay Terr., Canada, N. Hamps.—70; 3 males, N. Y.—71; 2 females, Lake Super.—72; I female, Maine.—73; 3 females, Nebraska.

Genus Chortophila Macq.

- † Legs black.
- 74. Very similar to C. floccosa Meig.; 1 male, Mass.
- 75. 1 male, Mass.—76; 1 female, California—77; 1 male, Regio Arct.—All unlike any species known to me.
- 78. Seems identical with A. angustifrons Meig.; 5, male and female, Br. Amer., Maine, Mass.

Is identical with Anthom. calopteni Riley, infesting the eggs of Caloptenus spretus, after the types in the Museum sent by Mr. Whitmann from St. Paul, Minn.

- 79.—85. 85 a. Not exactly like any species known to me. 79. 1 male, Hudson's Bay Terr.—80, 1 male, N. Y.—81; 1 male, Canada—82; 1 male, N. Y.—83; 1 male, Hudson's Bay Terr.—84; 10, male and female, Hudson's Bay Terr., Maine, N. Y., D. C., Arctic Reg.—85; 8 females, Mass., Conn., N. Y. +† Legs yellow.
- 86.—92 and 96-101. Unlike any species known to me. 86, 1 male, Conn.—87, 2 females, Conn.—88, 1 male, Cala—89, 3, male and female, N. Y.—90. 5, male and female, N. Y.—91. 7, male and female, Mass., bred from Rumex by O. Sack.—92. 1 male, N. Y.—96. 1 female, Hudson's Bay Terr.—97. 1 female, no loc.—98, 1 female, South Greenland. 99, 1 female, Hudson's Bay Terr.—100, 1 female, no loc.—101, 1 female, Regio Arct.
- 93. Resembles A. gilva Zett.; 2 females, N. Y.
- 94. Very like A. vittigera Zett.; 3, male and female, N. Y.
- 95. Very like A. flavoscutellata Zett.; 1 male, N. Hampsh.
 In Loew's coll. one species with black legs from Texas is labelled
 f. Chort. cilioraca.

Genus Lispa Latr.

102. Like *L. tentaculata* Deg.; 2 females, N. Y.

Identical with *L. sociabilis* Loew; 5, male and female, D. C.

103. Like L. oliginosa Fall.; 1 female, Hudson's Bay Terr. Identical with the same species by Loew from Ill.

104. Not like any European species; 1 female, Maryland.
In Loew's collection are *L. flavicincta* from Hudson's Bay Terr.,
and *L. consanguinea* from Texas.

Genus Caricea Desv. (Coenosia Meig.)

To5. This very distinct species, of which there are many specimens, is different from any European one that I know; the female closely resembles that of *Mydaea impuncta* Meig. 27, male and female, from Hudson's Bay Terr.; Canada, N. Hampsh., Mass., N. Y.

Genus Coenosia Meig.

106-115; 117-121. Not exactly like any species known to me; 106, 4, male and female, N. Y.—107. 3 females, Cuba, is labelled in Loew's coll. *C. strigosa* Loew. 108. 4, male and female, Mass.—109. 3, male and female, N. Hampsh., C. D., is *C. subsimplex*

Loew (not described) from D. C. 110. 2 females, Rhode Island—111. 1 male, Canada—112. 1 male, Canada—113. 2 females, Conn. 114. 1 female, D. C.—115. 3 males, N. Hampsh., Conn., D. C., is *C. calopyga* L. from Pa.—117. 4, male and female. Hudson's Bay Terr., N. Hampsh., C. D.—118. 1 male, Hudson's Bay Terr—119. 2, male and female, Canada, Mass.—120. 1 female, Hudson's Bay Terr.—121. 1 male, D. C.

116. Very similar to C. pygmaea Zett.; 1 male, Canada.

In Loew's coll. is also *C. modesta* from Washington Terr., not from Washington, D. C., as in O. Sack. Catal., p. 171; and *C. nivea* from Pa.

Genus Schoenomyza Hal.

In Loew's coll, are the types of *S. chrysostoma* from N. Hampsh, and *C. dorsalis* from D. C.

NEW SPECIES OF CYNIPIDAE.

BY H. F. BASSETT, WATERBURY, CT.

Cynips Q. Californica, n. sp.

Galls: Polythalamous, sessile on the branches of the Californian White Oak (Quercus Hindsii?) Sub-globular, but varying much in form A common form is what may be termed balloon-shaped, the and size. upper part perfectly globular, the lower tapering more or less to the sessile They often occur of a long compressed oval form; these are placed longitudinally on the branch and the length is two or three times their breadth or thickness. Those of this form are often of monstrous size, being ten or twelve inches in their greatest circumference. globular galls are from one to two inches in diameter. In color they are of an opaque white. They are usually smooth, but specimens occur that have a more or less warty surface, and others are found that have slight structure, and the not very numerous larval cells (from one to a dozen) lie closely imbedded in this cellular substance.

From their shape and color these galls might easily be mistaken for a species of white fungus which grows on trees.