

SYNTHESIS OF ETHANE-1,1- AND ETHANE-1,2-DIBORIC ACIDS
STARTING FROM ACETYLENE AND DIBORANE

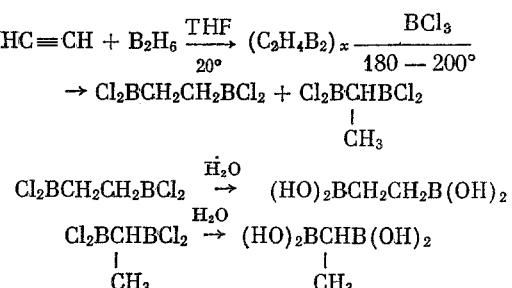
L. I. Zakharkin and A. I. Kovredov

Institute of Heteroorganic Compounds, Academy of Sciences, USSR

Translated from Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Khimicheskaya, No. 2, p. 393, February, 1964

Original article submitted November 29, 1963

We have found a convenient method for producing ethane-1,1- and ethane-1,2-diboronic acids from acetylene and diborane according to the following scheme:



When acetylene reacts with diborane in a solution of ether or tetrahydrofuran, a polymer of the approximate composition $(C_2H_4B_2)_n$ is formed; when heated with BCl_3 at 180-200°, it gives a mixture of the 2-bis-(dichloroboro)-ethanes in good yield in approximately a 1:1 ratio: bis-1,1-(dichloroboro)ethane, b.p. 129-130° ($C_2H_4B_2Cl_4$). Found: C 12.50; H 2.00; B 11.40; Cl 74.20% and bis-1,2-(dichloroboro)ethane, b.p. 141-143° ($C_2H_4B_2Cl_4$). Found: C 12.62; H 2.15; B 11.20; Cl 74.10%.

In the hydrolysis of bis-1,1-(dichloroboro)ethane, we obtained ethane-1,1-diboric acid, m.p. 148-150°. Literature data [1]: m.p. 151-153°; [2]: m.p. 142-150°. Hydrolysis of bis-1,2-(dichloroboro)ethane produced ethane-1,2-diboric acid, m.p. 195-198°. Literature data [1]: m.p. 198.5-200°; [2]: m.p. 180-190°.

LITERATURE CITED

1. D. S. Matteson and J. G. Shdo, *J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, **85**, 2684 (1963).
 2. B. M. Mikhailov and P. M. Aronovich, *Izv. AN SSSR. Otd. khim. n.*, 1963, 1233

All abbreviations of periodicals in the above bibliography are letter-by-letter transliterations of the abbreviations as given in the original Russian journal. Some or all of this periodical literature may well be available in English translation. A complete list of the cover-to-cover English translations appears at the back of this issue.