J.C.S. CHEM. COMM., 1973

Novel Oxidative Photochemical Aporphine Synthesis. Total Synthesis of Corunnine and Nandazurine

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Summary A novel and efficient synthesis of aporphines, via oxidative photocyclisation of 1-(α-hydroxy-2-iodobenzyl)-7-hydroxyisoquinolines to phenolic 7-oxoaporphines, has been developed.

Aporphines, which contain the tetracyclic skeleton shown in structure (6), have been investigated for many years.¹ Nevertheless, with few exceptions,²⁻⁶ cyclisations to apor-

phine derivatives have been inefficient or limited in applicability. We describe here a novel oxidative photochemical synthesis of the aporphine ring system, and its application to the efficient synthesis of the alkaloids (\pm) -caaverine $(\mathbf{6c}; \mathbf{R}^3 = \mathbf{H})$ and (\pm) -isoboldine $(\mathbf{6e}; \mathbf{R}^1 = \mathrm{OMe}, \mathbf{R}^2 = \mathrm{OH}, \mathbf{R}^3 = \mathrm{Me})$. The unambiguous direct syntheses of the novel zwitterionic oxoaporphine alkaloids corunnine $(\mathbf{5a})^7$ and nandazurine $(\mathbf{5b})^8$ are also reported.

The key step in our synthesis is the oxidative photocyclisation of isoquinolines (3a-d),† readily available from

I CHO

R' R²

(1)
$$\alpha$$
; R'=R²OMe

b; R'=R²O-CH₂-O

c; R'=R²H

d; R'=OMe; R'=OCHPh

MeO

PhCO

NC

H

OH

R'

R'

(3 α -d)

MeO

HO

R'

R'

R'

(4 α -d)

MeO

HO

R'

R'

R'

(5 α , b)

(6 α , b, c, e)

condensation9 of the appropriate o-iodobenzaldehydes (1a-d) with the Reissert compound (2) in the presence of NaH in DMF. Photolyses were carried out, as described earlier, 10 on solutions of (3a-d) in methanol at or near neutrality, to yield highly insoluble products. The products

were purified and characterised by acetylation to the O-acetates (4a, b, and d; $R^3 = MeCO$) or conversion into the crystalline trifluoroacetate of (4c; $R^3 = H$). We attribute the exceptionally high yields of photolysis products (71-79%) chiefly to the marked insolubility of the photocyclisation products under the reaction conditions, and to their consequent removal from the photolysis medium before being subjected to further photochemical transformation. The expected products (7a-d) are probably transients in these reactions, and suffer immediate oxidation to the fully conjugated planar products (4a—d).

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
MeO & N \\
HO & N \\
HO & H \\
OH & OH
\end{array}$$

$$(7 a-d)$$

The versatility of the oxoaporphine derivatives (4a-d) as aporphine alkaloid precursors was demonstrated by the synthesis of several target alkaloids. Hydrolysis of (4a) followed by N-methylation yielded corunnine⁷ (5a; 69%) and corresponding treatment of (4b) gave nandazurine⁸ (5b; 73%). Reduction of (5a) with Zn-AcOH gave (\pm) -thalicmidine⁴ (6a; $\mathbb{R}^3 = \text{Me}$; 63%) and similar reduction of (5b) gave (\pm) -domesticine⁵ (6b; $\mathbb{R}^3 = \mathrm{Me}$, 75%). When (4c) was reduced with Zn-AcOH and the crude product treated with HBr, (\pm)-caaverine hydrobromide (6c; R³ = H; 72%) was obtained. Hydrolysis of (4d) followed by catalytic reduction and in situ methylation with formaldehyde (Pt; 5% Pd/C, HOAc) afforded (\pm)-isoboldine (**6e**; R¹ = OMe, $R^2 = OH$, $R^3 = Me$) isolated as the hydrochloride (50%). Liberation of the free base gave crystalline (±)-isoboldine (6e; $R^1 = OMe$, $R^2 = OH$, $R^3 = Me$, m.p. 207—208°).

We thank the National Cancer Institute and the Hoffmann La Roche Foundation for financial support.

(Received, 17th September 1973; Com. 1288.)

† All new compounds have been characterised by concordant analytical and spectral data.

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