ISSN 1070-4280, Russian Journal of Organic Chemistry, 2014, Vol. 50, No. 5, pp. 757–758. © Pleiades Publishing, Ltd., 2014. Original Russian Text © N. Merkhatuly, S.B. Abeuova, A.N. Iskanderov, S.K. Aldabergenova, B.B. Togizbaeva, 2014, published in Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii, 2014, Vol. 50, No. 5, pp. 767–768.

> SHORT COMMUNICATIONS

Stereocontrolled Acid Cyclization of (+)-Hanphillin

N. Merkhatuly, S. B. Abeuova, A. N. Iskanderov, S. K. Aldabergenova, and B. B. Togizbaeva

Buketov Karaganda State University, Universitetskaya ul. 28, Karaganda, 100028 Kazakhstan e-mail: merhatuly@ya.ru

Received September 27, 2013

DOI: 10.1134/S107042801405025X

In extension of our research in the field of biomimetic transformations of germacranic sesquiterpene γ -lactones [1, 2] we performed by the action of formic acid a stereocontrolled transannular carbocyclization of *E*,*E*-germanocranolide hanphillin (I) isolated from Noble Yarrow (*Achillea nobilis L.*), and obtained new *trans*-fused 5 α (H),10 β (CH₃)-eudesmanolides II and III in the yields of 65 and 30% respectively.

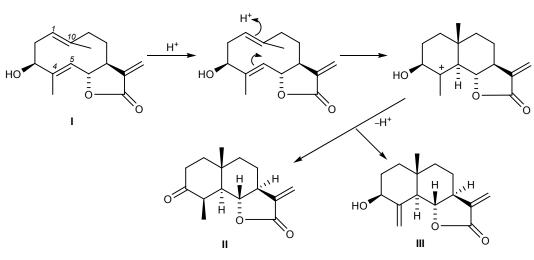
As shown in the scheme the acid-catalyzed 5,10carbocyclization of compound I proceeds evidently through a regioselective protonation of the most electron-donor and spatially available $\Delta^{1,10}$ -double bond of compound I followed by a stereospecific nucleophilic attack by the $\Delta^{4,5}$ -double bond leading via a tertiary carbocation to the *trans*-fused eudesmanolides II and III (Scheme 1).

The stereocontrolled 5,10-carbocyclization of compound I occurs also in the presence of CH₃CO₃H

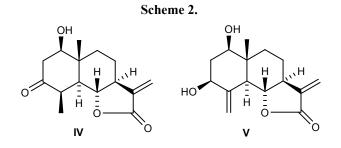
and $C_6H_5CO_3H$ in CH_2Cl_2 at room temperature giving *trans*-eudesmanolides formerly isolated from plant sources [3, 4] epiartekalin (**IV**) and ridentin-B (**V**) in 45 and 53% yields (Scheme 2).

Compounds II and **III**. To a solution of 0.3 g (1.2 mmol) of compound **I** in 15 mL of CHCl₃ was added dropwise at room temperature 4.6 mL of 99% HCO₂H. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature, then washed with 10% solution of NaHCO₃ (2 × 10 mL), with water (3 × 10 mL), dried with MgSO₄, the solvent was distilled off in a vacuum. The residue (0.33 g) was chromatographed on a column packed with silica gel (eluent hexane–ethyl acetate, 2 : 3 and 1 : 4).

3-Oxoeudesm-11(13)-en-6,12-olide, or (3aS,5aS,9R,9aS,9bS)-5a,9-dimethyl-3-methylideneoctahydronaphtho[1,2-b]furan-2,8(3H,4H)-dione (II). Yield 0.193 g (65%). R_f 0.54 (hexane-ethyl acetate, 2 : 3). Colorless crystals, mp 136–138°C.



Scheme 1.



 $[\alpha]_D^{18}$ +96° (*c* 0.02, CHCl₃). IR spectrum, v, cm⁻¹: 1760 (C=O), 1700 (C=O), 1640 (C=C). ¹H NMR spectrum, δ , ppm: 1.43 s (3H, CH₃-C¹⁰), 1.68 br.s (3H, CH₃-C⁴), 4.12 q (1H, H⁶, *J* 10, 8.5 Hz), 5.52 d (1H, H¹³, *J* 3.5 Hz), 6.26 d (1H, H¹³, *J* 3.5 Hz). Mass spectrum, *m/z* (*I*_{rel}, %): 248 (32.4) [*M*]⁺. Found, %: C 72.38; H 7.87. C₁₅H₂₀O₃. Calculated, %: C 72.58; H 8.06.

3-Hydroxyeudesma-4(15),11(13)-dien-6,12-olide, or (3aS,5aS,9aR,9bS)-8-hydroxy-5a-methyl-3,9dimethylidenedecahydronaphtho[1,2-b]furan-2(3H)-one (III). Yield 0. 074 g (30%). $R_{\rm f}$ 0.37 (hexane-ethyl acetate, 1 : 4). Colorless crystals, mp 175–177°C. [α]_D¹⁸ +106° (c 0.02, CHCl₃). IR spectrum, v, cm⁻¹: 1760 (C=O), 1650, 1640 (C=C). ¹H NMR spectrum, δ , ppm: 1.43 s (3H, CH₃C¹⁰), 4.12 q (1H, H⁶, J 10, 8.5 Hz), 5,26 d (1H, H¹⁵, J 1 Hz), 5.52 d (1H, H¹³, J 3.5 Hz), 5,92 d (1H, H¹⁵, J 1 Hz), 6.26 d (1H, H¹³, J 3.5 Hz). Mass spectrum, m/z (I_{rel} , %): 248 (44.7) $[M]^+$. Found, %: C 72.33; H 7.81. C₁₅H₂₀O₃. Calculated, %: C 72.58; H 8.06.

IR spectra were recorded on a spectrophotometer Avatar-360 from pellets with KBr. ¹H NMR spectra were registered on a spectrometer Bruker Avance-400 (operating frequency 400.13 MHz), solvent CDCl₃, internal reference TMS. Mass spectra were obtained on an instrument Agilent 7890A. Specific rotation was measured on a polarimeter Perkin-Elmer 141. Melting points were determined on a small heating block Boëtius. TLC was carried out on Silufol UV-254 plates.

REFERENCES

- Merkhatuly, N., Zhokizhanova, S.K., Balmagambetova, L.T., and Adekenov, S.M., *Russ. J. Gen. Chem.*, 2006, vol. 76, p. 1347.
- 2. Merkhatuly, N., Vestn. Karagand. Gos. Univer., Ser. Khim., 2008, no 2, p. 46
- Irwin, M.A. and Geissman, T.A., *Phytochem.*, 1973, vol. 12, p. 871.
- 4. Geissman, T.A., Griffin, T.S., and Irwin, M.A., *Phytochem.*, 1969, vol. 8, p. 871.