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## Adducts of Tetrachlorobenzyne and Pyrroles

By MUNIR AHMED and JOHN M. VERNON\*

(Department of Chemistry, University of York, Heslington, York YO1 5DD)

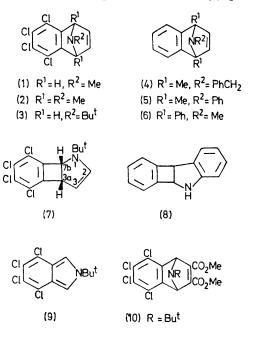
Summary Tetrachlorobenzyne adds to N-substituted pyrroles to give 5,6,7,8-tetrachloro-1,4-dihydronaphthalen-1,4-imines and in one case another adduct, a tetrachlorobenzo[3.4]cyclobuta[1.2-b]pyrrole; the naphthalen-1,4imines decompose thermally by a retro-Diels-Alder reaction.

BENZYNE adds to a variety of N-substituted pyrroles to give 1,4-dihydronaphthalen-1,4-imines or other products which arise by secondary reactions of these 1:1 adducts with benzyne.<sup>1</sup> One adduct (1) of the same type has been obtained using tetrachlorobenzyne.<sup>2</sup> However, previous attempts to add benzyne to 1,2,5-trisubstituted pyrroles gave only 2-naphthylamine derivatives, supposedly by rearrangement of the intermediate 1,4-dihydronaphthalen-1,4-imines (4)—(6).<sup>3</sup>

The adduct (2), † m.p. 182—184 °C, which we have obtained from tetrachlorobenzyne (generated from  $C_6Cl_6$ and Bu<sup>n</sup>Li in Et<sub>2</sub>O) and 1,2,5-trimethylpyrrole, is thus the first 1,4,*N*-trisubstituted naphthalen-1,4-imine to be characterised. The symmetrical structure (2) is shown by the <sup>1</sup>H n.m.r. spectrum [ $\tau$  3.50 (2H, s, CH=CH), 8.05 (3H, s, NMe), and 8.24 (6H, s, Me)] and by formation of the ion MeC=N<sup>+</sup>-Me (most intense peak in the mass spectrum, m/e 56), which is a fragmentation pattern characteristic of naphthalen-1,4-imines.<sup>4</sup>

The corresponding adduct (3), m.p. 96–98  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C},$  was obtained (50% yield) from tetrachlorobenzyne and N-t-

butylpyrrole, but in this case an isomeric product of the reaction is of greater interest. The minor adduct (2% yield), m.p. 142-144 °C, is assigned the structure (7), principally



<sup>†</sup> All new compounds analysed correctly for C, H, and N.

on the evidence of its <sup>1</sup>H n.m.r. spectrum:  $\tau$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 3.22 (1H, q, 2-H), 3.59 (1H, q, 3-H), 6.57 (1H, d, 7b-H), 7.31 (1H, octet, 3a-H), and 8.93 (9H, s, Bu<sup>t</sup>);  $J_{2.3}$  10,  $J_{2.38}$  1,  $J_{3.38}$ 4, and  $J_{33,7b}$  6 Hz. This is apparently the first example of the benzo[3.4]cyclobuta[1.2-b]pyrrole ring system. Formation of a cyclobutene ring by 1,2-cycloaddition of benzyne is unusual, although benzyne and indol-1-yllithium gave the tetracyclic adduct (8) and isomeric phenylindoles.5

The 1,4-dihydronaphthalen-1,4-imine (2) was more stable than implied by the mild conditions for rearrangement of the analogous adducts (4)---(6),<sup>3</sup> but acetylene was evolved when (2) was heated above 200 °C. Compound (3) decomposed in the same way to give acetylene and the isoindole

(9), m.p. 156 °C, which was converted into its adduct (10), m.p. 163-165 °C, with dimethyl acetylenedicarboxylate when (3) was heated at 200 °C with the acetylenic ester. The behaviour of the N-t-butylnaphthalen-1,4-imine (3) in this respect is very different from that of the analogous N-methyl derivative (1),6 which gave 1,2,3,4-tetrachloronaphthalene as the main product. A precedent for the observed decomposition of compounds (2) and (3) by a retro-Diels-Alder reaction is described for 5,6,7,8-tetra $fluoro {-} 1, 4 {-} dihydro {-} 1, 4 {-} (N {-} methylimino) naphthalene, {\circlenergy} and {\circlenergy$ although in this case tetrafluoro-N-methylphthalimide was isolated rather than 4,5,6,7-tetrafluoro-2-methylisoindole.

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- <sup>1</sup> L. J. Kricka and J. M. Vernon, Adv. Heterocyclic Chem., 1974, 16, 87, and references therein.
  <sup>2</sup> G. W. Gribble, N. R. Easton, jun., and J. T. Eaton, Tetrahedron Letters, 1970, 1075.
  <sup>3</sup> E. Wolthuis, D. V. Jagt, S. Mels, and A. DeBoer, J. Org. Chem., 1965, 30, 190.
  <sup>4</sup> L. J. Kricka and J. M. Vernon, J.C.S. Perkin I, 1972, 904.
  <sup>5</sup> M. E. Kuehne and T. Kitagawa, J. Org. Chem., 1964, 29, 1270: the u.v. spectrum of adduct (8) was recorded, but not the n.m.r. spectrum. There is no discussion of other evidence in support of this structural assignment.
- <sup>6</sup> L. J. Kricka and J. M. Vernon, *Chem. Comm.*, 1971, 942. <sup>7</sup> P.L. Coe and A. J. Uff, *Tetrahedon*, 1971, **27**, 4065.

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