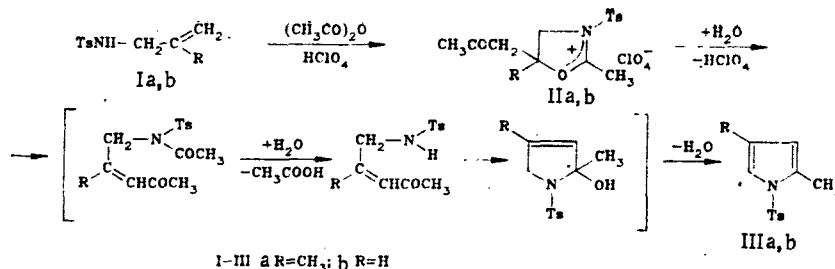


We have found that acylation of N-methallyltoluenesulfonamide (Ia) with a mixture of acetic anhydride and 70% perchloric acid results in the formation of 2,5-dimethyl-3-tosyl-5-acetonyloxazolinium perchlorate (IIa), which undergoes recyclization upon treatment with aqueous ammonia to give 1-tosyl-2,4-dimethylpyrrole (IIIa). Acylation of N-allyltoluenesulfonamide (Ib) gives the oxazolinium salt IIb as a noncrystalline oil, which, upon further workup with aqueous ammonia and subsequent purification by column chromatography yields 1-tosyl-2-methylpyrrole (IIIb).



Oxazolinium Salt IIa, mp 89-90°C, yield 85%. PMR spectrum (CF₃COOH): 1.7 (3H, s, 5-CH₃), 2.25 (3H, s, CH₃CO), 2.5 (3H, s, CH₃ tosyl), 2.83 (2H, s, 2-CH₃), 3.43 (2H, s, CH₂CO), 4.35 (2H, s, 4-CH₂), 7.47 (2H, d, 3- and 5-H tosyl, J = 9 Hz) 7.92 ppm (2H, d, 2- and 6-H tosyl, J = 9 Hz).

Pyrrole IIIa, mp 85°C, yield 94%. PMR spectrum (octafluorotoluene): 1.93 (3H, s, 4-CH₃), 2.13 (3H, s, 2-CH₃), 2.5 (3H, s, CH₃ tosyl) 5.7 (1H, s, 5-H), 6.87 (1H, s, 3-H), 7.23 (2H, d, 3- and 5H tosyl, J = 9 Hz), 7.47 ppm (2H, d, 2- and 6-H tosyl, J = 9 Hz).

Pyrrole IIIb, mp 84°C, yield 8%. PMR spectrum (CDCl₃): 2.22 (3H, s, 2-CH₃), 2.3 (3H, s, CH₃ tosyl), 5.82 (1H, m, 4-H), 6.02 (1H, t, 5-H, J = 3.5 Hz), 7.08 (3h, m. 3- and 5-H tosyl and pyrrole), 7.52 ppm (2H, d, 2- and 6-H tosyl, J = 9 Hz). Pyrrole IIIb was also prepared independently from 2-methylpyrrole and toluenesulfonyl chloride, according to [1].

Elemental analyses were consistent with calculated values for all of the compounds prepared in this work.

The alkenyltoluenesulfonamide precursors I were prepared according to [2].

LITERATURE CITED

1. E. P. Papadopoulos and N. F. Haidar, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, No. 14, 1721 (1968).
2. D. Klamann and H. Bertsch, *Chem. Ber.*, 89, 2007 (1956).