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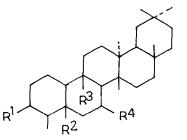
SYNTHESIS OF 25-OXYGENATED D:A-FRIEDOOLEANANES FROM D:A-FRIEDOOLEAN-7/3-OL

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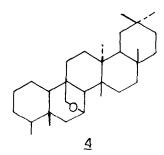
Summary : D:A-Friedoolean-25-ol(1) and 25-al(2) have been synthesised from D:A-friedoolean-773-ol(3). Substituted tetrahydrofuran rings are opened up on treatment with lithium in ethylenediamine to yield the corresponding saturated alcohols.

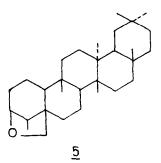
Although a number of triterpenoids belonging to the D:A-friedooleanane group and containing oxygen functions at C-25 have been isolated and their structures suggested¹⁻⁷, but none of these compounds has been synthesised or directly correlated with any known compound as yet. Some of these compounds were converted^{1,2} into D:A-friedoolean-25-ol(1) and 25-al(2) and their structures were also established on the basis of spectral data¹⁻⁴. The present communication reports the first successful synthesis of these two compounds (1 and 2) from D:A-friedoolean-7/ β -ol(3), a compound of known⁸ structure and stereochemistry.

 7β ,25-oxido-D:A-friedooleanane(<u>4</u>) synthesised from <u>3</u> by the procedure of Sengupta <u>et al</u>⁹ on reduction with lithium in ethylenediamine afforded <u>1</u> and <u>3</u> in nearly 18% and 10% yields respectively. Unchanged <u>4</u> was however, recovered in ca 70% yield.



1. $R^{1}=R^{4}=H; R^{2}=CH_{3}; R^{3}=CH_{2}OH$ 2. $R^{1}=R^{4}=H; R^{2}=CH_{3}; R^{3}=CHO$ 3. $R^{1}=H; R^{2}R^{3}=CH_{3}; R^{4}=OH(\beta)$ 6. $R^{1}=OH(\beta); R^{2}=R^{3}=CH_{3}; R^{4}=H$ 7. $R^{1}=R^{4}=H; R^{2}=CH_{2}OH; R^{3}=CH_{3}$ 8. $R^{1}=R^{4}=H; R^{2}=CHO; R^{3}=CH_{3}$





In a typical procedure, a mixture of $\underline{4}$ (200 mg), lithium (200 mg) and dry ethylenediamine (20 ml) was refluxed under N₂ atmosphere for 6 hrs. The mixture was cooled, treated with NH₄Cl (2 g) and acidified with 5<u>N</u> HCl. Extraction with ether followed by chromatography (silica gel) yielded the products (<u>1</u>, R_f 0.95; <u>4</u>, R_f 0.87 and <u>3</u>, R_f 0.75). R_f values were measured on dried silica gel plates in petrol-benzene (9:1). <u>1</u> on oxidation with CrO₃-pyridine complex¹ yielded <u>2</u> and <u>2</u> on reduction with LiAlH₄ and sodium in amyl alcohol yielded the same alcohol (<u>1</u>).

The poor yields of <u>1</u> and <u>3</u> were attributed to the steric hindrance rendered by the axial methyl groups at C-5 and C-14 that opposed the attack of the solvated electrons at the 7,25-oxide bridge in <u>4</u>. To rationalise this, 3/3,24-oxido-D:A-friedooleanane(<u>5</u>)⁴ was synthesised from D:A-friedoolean-3/3-ol(<u>6</u>)¹⁰ and <u>5</u> having no such hindrance for attack of the solvated electrons at C-3 from the equatorial side when reduced under identical conditions yielded D:A-friedoolean-24-ol (<u>7</u>, 75%) and <u>6</u> (22%) and no unreacted <u>5</u> could be detected. <u>7</u> on oxidation with CrO₃-pyridine yielded D:A-friedoolean-24-al(<u>8</u>)⁴.

Compounds <u>1,2,5,7</u> and <u>8</u> were identified by comparisons with their reported physical and spectral data¹⁻⁴ and <u>3,4,6</u> were identical with authentic samples⁸⁻¹⁰.

In the present work the reagent lithium in ethylenediamine has been used for the first time to open substituted tetrahydrofuran rings to give the corresponding saturated alcohols.

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