trans-1,2-DISILYLETHYLENE DERIVATIVES

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As a continuation of studying the hydrosilylation of ethynylsilanes in the presence of the Speier catalyst [1-3] we synthesized a number of previously unknown methyl-substituted 1,2-disilylethylene derivatives, which contain ethynyl, phenyl, and methoxy groups on the silicon atom.

The reaction of methyltriethynylsilane with an equimolar amount of either methyldichlorosilane or trichlorosilane gave both the mono- and the diaddition products

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3\text{Si}(\text{C}{\equiv}\text{CH})_3 \ + \ \text{HSiRCl}_2 \rightarrow \text{CH}_3(\text{HC}{\equiv}\text{C})_2\text{SiCH} = \text{CHSiRCl}_2 \\ \text{(I), (II)} \\ \text{CH}_3(\text{HC}{\equiv}\text{C})\text{Si}(\text{CH} = \text{CHSiRCl}_2)_2 \\ \text{(III), (IV)} \\ \text{R} \ = \text{CH}_3 \ (\text{I), (III); Cl (II), (IV)} \end{array}$$

The reaction of (I) with ethynylmagnesium bromide gave 1,2-bis(methyldiethynylsilyl)ethylene (V)

(I) +
$$2HC \equiv CMgBr \rightarrow CH_3(HC \equiv C)_2SiCH = CHSi(C \equiv CH)_2CH_3$$
 (V)

A number of other ethynyl-substituted 1,2-disilylethylenes was obtained in a similar manner

$$(CH_3)_{3-n}(HC \equiv C)_n SiCH = CHSi(CH_3)_{3-m} CI_m + mHC \equiv CMgBr \rightarrow (CH_3)_{3-n}(HC \equiv C)_n SiCH = CHSi(CH_3)_{3-m}(C \equiv CH)_m$$

$$(VI) - (IX)$$

$$n = 0, m = 2 \text{ (VI)}; n = 0, m = 3 \text{ (VII)}; n = 1, m = 2 \text{ (VIII)}; n = 1, m = 3 \text{ (IX)}$$

The reaction of the chloro derivatives with methanol in the presence of urea leads smoothly to the corresponding methoxy derivatives

$$(CH_{3})_{3-n}(HC \equiv C)_{n}SiCH = CHSi(CH_{3})_{3-m}Cl_{m} + mCH_{3}OH \xrightarrow{mOC(NH_{3})_{2}} \rightarrow (CH_{3})_{3-n}(HC \equiv C)_{n}SiCH = CHSi(CH_{3})_{3-m}(OCH_{3})_{m}$$

$$(X) - (XV)$$

$$n = 0, m = 2 (X); n = 0, m = 3 (XI); n = 1, m = 2 (XII); n = 1, m$$

$$= 3 (XIII); n = 2, m = 2 (XIV); n = 2, m = 3 (XV)$$

The reaction of compound (III) with CH3MgI gave bis-[\beta-(trimethylsilyl)vinyl]methyl(ethynyl)silane (XVI)

(III) +
$$4CH_3MgI \rightarrow CH_3(CH \equiv C)Si[CH = CHSi(CH_3)_3]_2$$
 (XVI)

1-(Trichlorosilyl)-2-(trimethoxysilyl)ethylene (XVII)

$$(CH_2O)_3SiC \equiv CH + HSiCl_3 \rightarrow (CH_3O)_3SiCH = CHSiCl_3$$
 (XVII)

was synthesized by the addition of ${\rm HSiCl}_3$ to ethynyltrimethoxysilane, while 1-(ethyldichlorosilyl)-2-(diethylmethoxysilyl)ethylene (XVIII)

Irkutsk Institute of Organic Chemistry, Siberian Branch of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR. Translated from Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Khimicheskaya, No. 9, pp. 2066-2070, September, 1974. Original article submitted January 23, 1974.

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TABLE 1. NMR Spectra of 1,2-Disilylethylene Derivatives

			Ch	emica	al shi	fis, τ.	ppm
Compound	Formula	а-Н	3-Н	CH,SI1	CH,Si	осн	С≝СН
	- 0						
(VI)	CH _a (IIC==C) ₂ SiCH=CHSi(CH ₂) ₃	3,59	3,07	9,63	9,87	-	7,62
(VII)	(HC=C)₃SiCH=CHSi(CH₃)₃	3,63	2,88	_	9,85	-	7,50
(VIII)	$CH_3(HC=:C)_2SICH=CHSI(CH_1)_2C=CH$	3,39	3,24	9,58	9,71	-	{ 7,62(1H) 7,54(2H)
(IX)	(HC≡C) ₃ SiCH=CHSi(CH ₃) ₂ C≡CH	3,43	2,98	_	9,68	-	{ 7,59(1H) 7,42(3H)
(X)	$(CH_1)_1SICH = CHSi(OCH_1)_2CH_1$	3,65	3,21	9,91	9,91	6,64	. –
(XI)	(CH ₃) ₃ SiCH=CHSi(OCH ₄) ₃	3,81	3,12	9,90		€,50	-
(XII)	HC≡C(CH ₃)₂SiCH≔CHSi(OCH ₂)₂CH ₃	3,33	3,57	9,81	9,71	6,56	7,68
(XIII) (XIV)	HC=C(CH ₃);SiCH=CHSi(OCH ₃); CH ₃ (HC=C);SiCH=CHSi(OCH ₃);CH ₃	3,20 3,31	3,61 3,31	9,72 9,84	- 9,58	6,50 6,54	7,62 7,55
(XV) (XIX)	CH ₃ (HC==C) ₃ SiCH==CHSi(OCH ₃), (CH ₃ O) ₃ SiCH==CHSi(OCH ₃),	3,27 3,53	3,45 3,53	9,57		6,44 6,45	7,51 —
(XXI) (XXII) (XXIV)	(CH ₃) ₃ S(GH=CHSi(CH ₃) ₂ OCH ₃ CH ₃ O(CH ₃) ₃ SICH=CHSi(CH ₃) ₂ OCH ₃ C ₆ H ₃ (CH ₃) ₃ SICH=CHSi(CH ₃) ₃	3,52 3,42 3,33	3,35 3,42 3,33	9,92 9,85 9,69	9,87 9,85 9,90	6,65 6,56 —	
(XXV)	C ₄ H ₅ (CH ₃) ₂ SiCH=CHSi(C=CH) ₂ CH ₃	3,58	3,00	9,61	9,61	_	7,62
(XXVII) (XXVIIIa)	$C_{0}H_{3}(CH_{2})_{2}SiCH = CHSi(CH_{2})_{2}C \equiv CH$ $C_{0}H_{3}(CH_{2})_{2}Si \qquad H_{B}$	3,42	3,12	9,63	9,74	-	7,74
	C=C 75%	2,69	3,44	9,57		-	-
(XXVIIIb)	C ₄ H ₅ (CH ₅) ₂ Si H _β C=C 25%	3,14	3,53	9,57	_	-	_
(XXIXa)	C ₆ H ₅ (CH ₃) ₂ Si H _β C=-C 75%	2,98	3,68	9,67	_	6,45	-
(XXIX)	α H Si(OCH ₃) ₃ $C_6H_3(CH_3)_7Si$ H_5 $C=C$ 25% $(CH_1O)_7Si$ H_{α}	3,41	3,66	9.57		6,56	
(XXX)	$(CH_3)_2Si[CH=CHSi(OCH_3)_2]_2$	3,64	3,23	9,88	9,81	6,56	_

$$CH_3O(C_2H_5)_2SiC \leftrightharpoons CH + HSi(C_2H_5)Cl_2 \rightarrow CH_3O(C_2H_5)_2SiCH = CHSi(C_2H_5)Cl_2$$
 (XVIII)

was obtained from diethylethynylmethoxysilane and ethyldichlorosilane

The corresponding methoxy derivatives were synthesized by the reaction of compounds (XVII) and (XVIII) with methanol in the presence of urea

$$(CH_3O)_3SiCH = CHSi(OCH_3)_3 \ \ \text{and} \ \ CH_3O(C_2H_5)_2SiCH = CHSi(OCH_3)_2C_2H_5$$

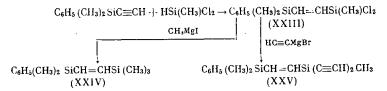
$$(XIX) \qquad (XX)$$

The reaction of 1-(trimethylsilyl)-2-(methyldimethoxysilyl)ethylene and 1-(dimethylmethoxysilyl)-2-(methyldimethoxysilyl)ethylene with an equimolar amount of CH_3MgI gave 1-(trimethylsilyl)-2-(dimethylmethoxysilyl)ethylene and 1,2-bis(dimethylmethoxysilyl)ethylene

$$(CH_3O)_n^{\bullet}(CH_3)_{3-n}$$
 SiCH = $CHSi(OCH_3)_2CH_3$ - CH_3MgI - \rightarrow $(CH_3O)_n^{\bullet}(CH_3)_{3-n}$ SiCH = $CHSi(CH_3)_2OCH_3$ (XXI), (XXII)

 $n = 0$ (XXI); $n = 1$ (XXII)

The 1,2-disilylethylenes that contain a phenyl radical on one of the silicon atoms were synthesized by the hydrosilylation of dimethyl(phenyl)(ethynyl)silane and subsequent reaction of the reaction product with either CH_3MgI or ethynylmagnesium bromide



and also by the hydrosilylation of dimethyldiethynylsilane with methylphenylchlorosilane and subsequent reaction with CH_3MgI

$$\begin{array}{c} (\mathrm{CH_3})_2\mathrm{Si}\;(\mathrm{C}\!\!\equiv\!\!\mathrm{CH})_2 \stackrel{.}{\cdot}\!\!=\! \mathrm{HSi}(\mathrm{C_6H_5})\;(\mathrm{CH_3})\mathrm{Cl} \rightarrow \mathrm{HC}\!\!\equiv\!\! \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{CH_3})_2\mathrm{Si}\mathrm{CH}\!\!=\!\!\mathrm{CHSi}(\mathrm{C_6H_5})(\mathrm{CH_3})\mathrm{Cl} \frac{\mathrm{CH_3MgI}}{(\mathrm{XXVI})} \\ \rightarrow \mathrm{HC}\!\!\equiv\!\! \mathrm{C}\;(\mathrm{CH_3})_2\;\mathrm{Si}\mathrm{CH}\!\!=\!\!\!=\!\!\mathrm{CHSi}(\mathrm{CH_3})_2\mathrm{C_6H_5} \\ (\mathrm{XXVII}) \end{array}$$

The addition of HSiCl₃ to dimethyl(phenyl)ethynylsilane gave1-(dimethylphenylsilyl)-2-(trichlorosilyl)-ethylene, which with methanol gives 1-(dimethylphenylsilyl)-2-(trimethoxysilyl)ethylene

$$\begin{array}{c} C_6H_5(CH_3)_2SiC \underline{=} CH + HSiCl_3 \rightarrow C_6II_5(CH_3)_2 \\ (XXVIII) \\ \rightarrow C_6H_5 \\ (CH_3)_2 \\ SiCII = CHSi \\ (OCH_3)_3 \end{array}$$

Dimethylbis- $[\beta$ -(methyldimethoxysilyl)vinyl]silane was synthesized in a similar manner

$$(CH_3)_2 \operatorname{Si}[CH = CHSi(CH_3)Cl_2] \xrightarrow{CH_1OH} (CH_3)_2 \operatorname{Si}[CH = CHSi(OCH_3)_2 CH_3]_2 \\ (XXX)$$

To confirm the structure of the synthesized compounds we studied their NMR spectra (Table 1). The spectra were obtained on a Tesla BS-487B spectrometer (80 MHz) for 10-15% CCl₄ solutions, using cyclohexane as the internal standard. Except for the symmetrical compounds and (XXIV), the olefinic protons of the 1,2-disilylethylene derivatives are depicted in the spectrum by quadruplets of the AB type. The vicinal spin-spin coupling constants of the olefinic protons are equal to 21-23 Hz, which proves the transstructure of the obtained compounds. Compounds (XXVIII) and (XXIX) are an exception, the spectrum of which shows that, together with the trans-adduct (XXVIIIa) and (XXIXa), the gem-isomer (XXVIIIb) and (XXIXb) is formed. An AB quadruplet with a spin-spin coupling constant of 5 Hz corresponds to the latter in the region of the olefinic protons. The ratio of the trans- and gem-isomers is 3:1.

EXPERIMENTAL METHOD

1-(Methyldiethynylsilyl)-2-(methyldichlorosilyl)ethylene (I) and bis-[β -(Methyldichlorosilyl)vinyl]-methyl(ethynyl)silane (III). To a mixture of 3.7 g of methyltriethynylsilane and 0.01 ml of 0.2 N H₂PtCl₆ in isopropanol at 40-45° was added 3.3 g of methyldichlorosilane. The mixture was heated at 80-90° for 0.5 h. Distillation gave 3.18 g (45.4%) of (I) with bp 92-93° (12 mm); n_D^{20} 1.4780; d_4^{20} 1.0517. Found: MR 62.78. $C_8H_{10}Si_2Cl_2$. Calculated: MR 62.01. In addition, we isolated 3.08 g (44.0%) of (III) with bp 152-154° (13 mm); n_D^{20} 1.4994; d_4^{20} 1.1877. Found: MR 86.41. $C_9H_{14}Si_3Cl_4$. Calculated: MR 86.26.

Compounds (II), (IV), (XVII), (XVIII), (XXIII), (XXVI), and (XXVIII) were obtained in a similar manner (Table 2).

 $1,2-bis\,(Methyldiethynylsilyl)ethylene\,(V).$ To a solution of 2.33 g of (I) in 5 ml of ether was added the Iotsich reagent that was prepared from 0.46 g of Mg, 2.18 g of C_2H_5Br , and acetylene in 25 ml of THF. After the usual workup we obtained 1.39 g (65.5%) of (V) with bp 114-116° (17 mm), mp 60-62°. Found: C 66.38; H 5.76; Si 25.64%. $C_{12}H_{12}Si_2$. Calculated: C 67.85; H 5.69; Si 26.45%.

Compounds (VI)-(IX) and (XXV) were obtained in a similar manner (see Table 2).

1-(Methyldiethynylsilyl)-2-(methyldimethoxysilyl)ethylene (XIV). With stirring, to a mixture of 2.4 g of urea and 12 ml of methanol in 15 ml of hexane was added 4.46 g of (I) in drops. The mixture was heated at 60° for 1 h, and the lower layer was separated and extracted with 10 ml of hexane. The extract was combined with the main layer, the hexane was distilled off, and the residue was vacuum-distilled. We obtained 3.6 g (74.0%) of (XIV) with bp 111-112° (18 mm); $n_{\rm D}^{20}$ 1.4618; d_4^{20} 0.9476. Found: C 53.71; H 7.15; Si 24.91%; MR 65.00. $C_{10}H_{16}Si_2O_2$. Calculated: C 53.62; H 7.14; Si 25.04%; MR 64.53.

Compounds (X)-(XIII), (XV), (XIX), (XXIX), and (XXX) were obtained in a similar manner (see Table 2).

TABLE 2. 1,2-Disilylethylene Derivatives

					W	MR		Found,%	0/	Fmnirical	Calc	Calculated,%	
Y but	Compound Yield,%	of Hg)	n_D^{20}	d.29	found	calcu- lated	Ü	H	Si	formula	່	н	Si
(II	43.8	86(12)	1.4836	1, 1637	62.09	61.57	1	1	1	C,H,Si,Cl3	1	1	Ī
<u>(</u> <u>(</u> <u>(</u> <u>(</u>	44,5	126(5)	1,5082	1,3408	86,54	85,40	!	1	1	C,HsSi3Cl	-	I	i
- GE	67,2	71-72(14)	1,4665	0,8349	63,91	62,88	62,45	8, 2 5, 7	28,79	C10H16Si2	61,41	86,	29,19
==	95.4 8.00 8.00	90_94(10)	mp. 62°	0.8680	65. 89	65 40	65,02 67,02	7,07	27,87	C11H14S12	65,27 67,27	6,97	27,16
x X	63,8	116(14)	mp. 48°	2000	6,1	į i	67,94	5,3	26,32	Gr.Hr.Sis	67,85	5,69	26,45
	61,7	58(10)	1,4270	0,8755	59,97	59,49	46,69	9,55	27,37	C ₈ H ₂₀ Si ₂ O ₂	47,00	9,86	27,48
 (ji	62,1	102(42)	1,4237	0,9282	60,56	60,31	43,60	80,6	25,46	C ₈ H ₂₀ Si ₂ O ₃	43,13	9,14	25,49
 36	8 8 8 8 9	95(18)	1,4445	0,9123	62,50	61,91	49,66	9,0 8,0 8,0	25,98	C9H18Si2O2	50.08 20.04	8,47	26,26 3,20 3,20
	70,3	9,4—95(6)	1,4423	0,9343	65,51	6,26 2,66 2,56	50,03	- c	23,38	CoH Sing	40,31	6,71	23,39
(11)	0,92	86(7)	1,4445	1,2542	59,75	59,88	- 1	- 1	1	CsH11Si2Cl3O3	- 1	- 1	-
 		131(19)	1,4615	1,0437	71,44	71,74	100	18	1 3	CoHroSirCho	1 8	1	8
<u>-</u>	6,60	119(13)	1,4150	1,0739	62,29	02,77	36,16	9,	21,01	C ₆ H ₂₀ Si ₂ O ₆	36, 17	1,51	20,92
(X	73,0	112(12)	1,4375	0,9341	73,63	73,44	49,92	9,77	21,12	C11H26Si2O3	50,34	9,98	21,32
 66	58,4	4.4(2)	1,4275	0,8900		59,49	47,00	9,87	26,96	CsO20Si2O2	47,00	9,86	27,13
-	20,02	140-141(10)	1,5252	1,0817	70,12	10,02	000	1 8	1 2	CutheStack	20 23	170	10 06
	62,7	(45(9)	1,5245	0,000	83.23	82,73	75,02	2,50	25,52	Cishissis	90,02	7,41	22,08
	44.6	152-153(16)	1.5228	1,0384	78,60	79,78	10.1	: 1	.	C.H.Si.Cl	: 1	? 1	1
XXVII)	63,4	120(8)	1,5088	0,9011	80,08	80,21	68,80	8,70	22,78	C14H20Si2	68,81	8,25	22,96
	8,1	121(5)	1,5220	1,1747	76,78	76,18	1		1	C10H13Si2Cl3	1	ı	1
	60,8 17,8	140(7)	1,4870	1,0122	80,26	79,95	55,06	8,46	19,24	C13H22Si2O3	55,29	7,83	61.80 80.80
 दे	6,16	138(8)	1,4500	0,9608	89,63	88,79	45,39	28,82	76,39	C12H28Si3O4	45,00	8,82	26,30

 $\frac{1-(Trimethylsilyl)-2-(dimethylmethoxysilyl)ethylene~(XXI).}{1-(trimethylsilyl)-2-(methyldimethoxysilyl)ethylene~in~15~ml~of~ether~was~added~the~Grignard~reagent,~prepared~from~1.21~g~of~Mg~and~7.1~g~of~CH_3I~in~25~ml~of~ether~,~in~drops.~The~mixture~was~heated~at~reflux~for~2~h.~The~obtained~precipitate~was~filtered,~the~ether~was~distilled~off,~and~the~residue~was~vacuum~distilled.~We~obtained~6.02~g~(64.0\%)~of~(XXI)~with~bp~39°~(4~mm);~n_D^{20}~1.4300;~d_4^{20}~0.8222.~Found:~C~50.98;~H~10.70;~Si~29.60\%;~MR~59.20.~C_8H_2oSi_2O.~Calculated:~C~50.98;~H~10.71;~Si~29.82\%;~MR~58.67.$

1,2-bis (Dimethylmethoxysilyl)ethylene (XXII) was obtained in a similar manner.

bis-[β -(Trimethylsilyl)vinyl]methyl(ethynyl)silane (XVI). To a solution of 2.8 g of (III) in 10 ml of ether was added the Grignard reagent, prepared from 0.76 g of Mg and 4.52 g of CH₃I in 25 ml of ether, in drops. The mixture was heated at reflux for 1 h, cooled, and decomposed with water and 5% HCl solution. After the usual workup and vacuum-distillation we obtained 1.46 g (68.5%) of (XVI) with bp 103-104° (8 mm); n_D^{20} 1.4606; d_4^{20} 0.8296. Found: C 58.77; H 9.83; Si 31.61%; MR 89.43. $C_{13}H_{26}Si_3$. Calculated: C 58.56; H 9.84; Si 31.60%; MR 88.03.

Compounds (XXIV) and (XXVII) were obtained in a similar manner (see Table 2).

CONCLUSIONS

- 1. Some new methyl-substituted trans-1,2-disilylethylene derivatives were synthesized by the addition of hydrosilanes to methylethynylsilanes and ethynylmethoxysilanes, and a study was made of their reaction with methanol, and also with the methyl- and ethynylmagnesium halides.
 - 2. It was established by the NMR method that all of the obtained compounds have a trans-structure.

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