Synthesis of (\pm) -Kreysigine via a p-Quinol Acetate

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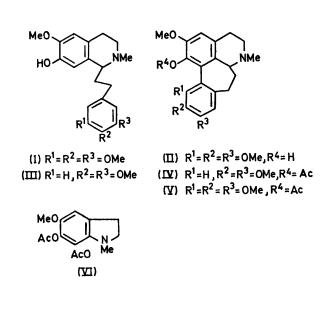
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Summary Treatment with acid of a *p*-quinol acetate derived from (\pm) -1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6-methoxy-2-methyl-1-[β -(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]isoquinolin-7-ol gave (\pm) -O-acetylkreysigine in 18% yield.

To explore the scope of the method used in the preparation of (\pm) -thaliporphine from (\pm) -codamine,¹ we have applied the same method to the (\pm) -tetrahydroisoquinoline† (I) in a synthesis of (\pm) -kreysigine‡ (II).²⁻⁴

 \ddagger Structures (II), (IV) or (VI) were confirmed by mass spectra.

[†] Satisfactory spectra (i.r., n.m.r.) were obtained for all compounds described. Analytical data for (IV) and the styphnate of (I) confirmed their structures.



The (\pm) -tetrahydroisoquinoline (III), an oil, was first oxidized $[Pb(OAc)_4]$ and then treated with conc. H_2SO_4 - Ac_2O to give the desired (±)-homoaporphine (IV) [16%, m.p. 163-164° (from benzene-n-hexane)]. The method could thus be used for the synthesis of homoaporphines.

Similarly, a solution of (I), an oil, was oxidized [Pb(OAc)₄; with water cooling] for 0.5 h to give an amorphous pquinol acetate which was treated with conc. H₂SO₄-Ac₂O and chromatographed [both column (CHCl₃-MeOH) and thin layer] to give (\pm) -O-acetylkreysigine (V) (18%) as an amorphous mass. The indoline (VI) [1.5%, m.p. 145-146° (from benzene-n-hexane)] was isolated from the CHCl₃ eluate.

Hydrolysis of (V) in 4N-HCl-MeOH at 80° for 1.5 h gave (II) [56%, m.p. 185.5-186.5°3,4 (from benzene-n-hexane), which was identical with an authentic sample (i.r. and n.m.r. spectra).

Indoline (VI) was presumably originated from the o-quinol acetate produced during the course of oxidation.

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