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Regio- and Stereo-selective γ-Substitution of Allylic Sulphoxides and Sulphones with Lithium Dialkylcuprates. A New Synthesis of Trisubstituted Olefins

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Summary A new regio- and stereo-selective γ -substitution of allylic sulphoxides and sulphones with lithium dialkylcuprates providing a promising new method for the preparation of trisubstituted olefins in particular is described. method for carbon-carbon bond formation.¹ This communication describes a new γ -substitution of allylic sulphoxides (1) and sulphones (2) with lithium dialkylcuprates (R₂CuLi) as a promising new general method for the regioand stereo-selective synthesis of trisubstituted olefins (3) in particular.

THE regio- and stereo-selective desulphurizative substitution of sulphur-containing allylic substrates provides a new Secondary allylic sulphoxides (1) and sulphones (2), derived from the corresponding allylic sulphides which

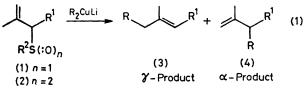
TABLE. Reaction of allylic sulphoxides (1) and sulphones (2) with R₂CuLi [reaction (1)].

	$R^2S(:O)_n$	R	Yielda/%	Product ratio	
R1				(3):(4)	$E_{-}(3): Z_{-}(3)$
$-[CH_2]_2C(Me)-O-[CH_2]_2-O$	PhS(:O)	Me Bu ⁿ	69 70	91:9 95:5	79:21 82:18
33	$PhS(:O)_2$	Me Bu ⁿ	74 73	95:5 98:2	93:7 92:8
-CH ₂ Ph	PhS(:O)	Me Bu ⁿ	65 75	94:6 95:5	c 93:7
"	$PhS(:O)_2$	Me Bu ⁿ	63 89	$95:5\\92:8$	c 86:14
$-[CH_2]_2C(Me)=CHCH_2OCH_2Ph$	PhS(:O)	Me Me	71 52 ^b	90:10 87:13	78:22
93	MeS(:O)	Bu¤ Me	75 22	$\begin{array}{c} 97:3\\91:9 \end{array}$	87:13
37	$PhS(:O)_2$	Me Bu ⁿ	85 73	95:5 97:3	85:15 86:14
-CH2OCH2Ph	$MeS(:O)_2$ PhS(:O)	Me Me	52 53	88:12 86:14	57:43
-0112001121 II "	$PhS(:O)_2$	Me	26	83:17	66:34

^a The reaction was carried out at -20 °C unless otherwise stated. ^b Carried out at -40 °C. ^c The γ -product showed a single g.l.c. peak and the E/Z ratio was not determined.

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were easily prepared in high yield from gem-dimethyl olefins by our recently developed method,² react at low temperature with lithium dialkylcuprates to give the sulphur-free olefins (3) and (4) selectively. The Table indicates the scope of this reaction. In no case could the mixture of γ - and α -products and E- and Z-isomers of the γ -product (3) be separated by the usual column chromatography on silica gel. The regio- and stereo-isomeric ratios were determined by n.m.r. spectroscopy, g.l.c., and g.c.-m.s. analysis. The authentic E-olefins (3) were prepared stereoselectively by treatment of the corresponding



allylic acetates with lithium dialkylcuprates.³ Reactions of other allylic sulphoxides (1) and sulphones (2) gave anallogous results as shown in the Table; regio- and stereoselective substitution occurred and gave γ - and E-(3) predominantly.

The following procedure for the preparation of E-1phenyl-3-methyloct-2-ene is representative of the regio- and stereo-selective γ -substitution. To an ethereal solution of lithium di-n-butylcuprate (1 mmol; 4 ml) a solution of 2-methyl-3-phenylsulphinyl-4-phenylbut-1-ene (0.2 mmol) in ether (0.5 ml) was added dropwise at -20 °C under argon. The mixture was stirred for 30 min at -20 °C and then gradually warmed up to room temperature. After quenching of the reaction with water, workup of the reaction mixture in the usual manner gave an oil which was submitted to column chromatography on silica gel (hexane) to afford a t.l.c.-pure fraction (75%). In this case, n.m.r. and g.l.c. analysis of the products gave the ratios 95:5 for (3): (4) and 93: 7 for E-(3): Z-(3).

This regio- and stereo-selective γ -substitution of allylic sulphoxides and sulphones provides a new method for the preparation of trisubstituted olefins. In addition the arylsulphinyl and sulphonyl groups may now be used as suitable leaving group in substitution reactions with organocopper reagents.4

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