

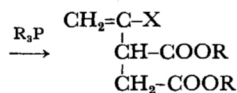
New Addition Reactions of Acrylic Compounds with Fumaric Acid Esters Catalyzed by Tervalent Phosphorus Compounds

Ken-ichi MORITA and Tsuneo KOBAYASHI

The Basic Research Laboratory, Toyo Rayon Company, Kamakura

(Received April 11, 1969)

Dimerization of acrylonitrile or acrylic acid esters catalyzed by tervalent phosphorus compounds has been studied in great detail,^{1,2)} since the reaction furnishes industrially important products.³⁾ However, the study of the catalyzed reaction has been restricted only to dimerization.⁴⁾ In a previous paper,⁵⁾ we reported the reaction of acrylonitrile or acrylates with aldehydes to produce 2-(1-hydroxyalkyl)acrylonitriles or -acrylates in the presence of tertiary phosphines. This paper deals with the synthesis of 3-butene-1,2,3-tricarboxylic acid, a new tricarboxylic acid, and related compounds by the reaction of acrylic compounds with fumaric, or maleic acid esters.⁶⁾



- 1 X = CO₂CH₃, R = C₂H₅
 2 X = COOH, R = H
 4 X = CN, R = C₄H₉

1) N. Takashima and C. C. Price [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **84**, 489 (1962)] found that acrylonitrile is converted into 1,1,4,4-tetracyanoethyl-1,4-dicyano-*trans*-2-butene, in the presence of triphenylphosphine, and suggested a dimer of acrylonitrile to be probably a precursor of the hexamer.

2) Dimerization of acrylonitrile to 2-methyleneglutaronitrile: a) P. Carardes, C. Grard, P. Lafont and M. Thiers (to Rhone-Poulenc), French Pat. 1336081 (1964); b) J. D. McClure (to Shell Oil Co.), U. S. Pat. 3277745 (1966); c) M. M. Baizer and H. D. Anderson, *J. Org. Chem.*, **30**, 1357 (1965); d) W. H. Dietzsch, *Tetrahedron Letters*, **1966**, 6347; e) D. Wittenberg and H. Mueller (to Badische Anilin & Soda-Fabrik A. G.), French Pat. 1385883 (1963); f) J. Feldman (to National Distillers & Chem. Co.), Belg. Pat. 677175 (1966); g) J. W. Nemec and R. B. Wuchter (to Rohm & Haas Co.), Belg. Pat. 689598 (1967). The dimerization to 1,4-dicyanobutene: h) J. S. McClure (to Shell Oil Co.) U. S. Pat. 3225083 (1965); i) Badische Anilin & Soda-Fabrik A. G., Belg. Pat. 698441 (1967); j) E. I. Du Pont de Nemours Co., Belg. Pat. 697162 (1967). Dimerization of acrylates to 2-methyleneglutarates: k) M. Rauhut and H. Currier (to American Cyanamid), U. S. Pat. 3047999 (1963); l) J. D. McClure (to Shell Oil Co.), U. S. Pat. 3277745 (1966); m) J. W. Nemec and R. B. Wuchter (to Rohm & Haas Co.), French Pat. 1460427 (1966), 1438745 (1966); n) Imp. Chem. Ind., Brit. Pat. 1100350 (1968).

3) L. F. Moormeier and J. Feldman, *Hydrocarbon Process Petrol. Refiner*, **44**, 151 (1965).

4) Cf. a) J. D. McClure (to Shell Oil Co.), U. S. Pat. 3225082 (1965); b) A. Lantz and F. Weiss (Soc. d'Electro-Chimie, d'Electron-Metallurgie, et des Acieries Electriques D'Ugine), French Pat. 1463853 (1966).

5) K. Morita, Z. Suzuki and H. Hirose, *This Bulletin*, **41**, 2815 (1968).

6) The new reaction can be called Succination.

The reaction of 34.3 g (0.40 mol) of methyl acrylate, 67.0 g (0.39 mol) of diethyl fumarate and 1.5 g (5.4 mmol) of tricyclohexylphosphine in 100 ml of dioxane in an atmosphere of nitrogen at 70°C for 16 hr gave 95.7 g (95.5%, yield)⁷⁾ of 3-butene-1,2,3-tricarboxylic acid 1,2-diethyl-3-methyl ester (**1**) as a colorless liquid,⁸⁾ bp 101–102°C (3 × 10⁻³ mmHg); *n*_D²⁰ 14502, *λ*_{max}^{n-hexano} 213 mμ (ε, 5790); *ν*_{max}^{film} 1737 cm⁻¹ (shoulder at 1721 cm⁻¹) (esters).

An acid hydrolysis of **1** gave 3-butene-1,2,3-tricarboxylic acid (**2**), mp 184–185°C: *ν*_{max}^{KBr} 1697, 1721 cm⁻¹ (C=O); p*K*₁, 3.18, p*K*₂, 4.52, p*K*₃, 5.99. Catalytic hydrogenation of **1** over palladium charcoal followed by an acid hydrolysis furnished a mixture of diastereoisomers of 1,2,3-butanetricarboxylic acid (**3**), *i. e.*, a major component mp 181–182°C (lit., mp 182°C⁹⁾; 184–185°C¹⁰⁾ and a minor one, mp 147–148°C (lit.,¹¹⁾ mp 146–147°C). Thermal decomposition of **2** at its melting point gave dimethylmaleic anhydride mp 94°C (lit.,¹²⁾ mp 95–96°C).

An analogous reaction of acrylonitrile with dibutyl fumarate in the presence of tricyclohexylphosphine at 100°C for 16 hr gave a mixture of dibutyl (1-cyanovinyl)succinate (**4**) and dibutyl (1-cyanoethylidene)succinate bp 128–129°C (0.1 mmHg); *ν*_{max}^{film} 1743 cm⁻¹ (shoulder at 1723 cm⁻¹) (C=O), 2211 cm⁻¹ (C≡N).

7) A trace of dimethyl methyleneglutarate was found in the product.

8) All new compounds described here gave satisfactory elemental analyses.

9) K. Alder and H. Söll, *Ann.*, **565**, 57 (1949).

10) S. Beckmann, H. Geiger and M. Schaber-Kiechle, *Chem. Ber.*, **92**, 2419 (1959).

11) K. Alder, Herbert Söll and Hanna Söll, *Ann.*, **565**, 77 (1949).

12) W. J. Bailey, R. L. Hudson and E. T. Yates, *J. Org. Chem.*, **28**, 828 (1963).