240 Communications SYNTHESIS

Synthesis of New Macrocyclic Bis-Dithiocarbonates

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Macrocyclic compounds such as crown ethers or cryptands have received considerable attention in recent years because of the ability of these compounds to complex with metal cations. Synthetic macrocyclic di- and tetra-ester compounds have been reviewed, but no papers concerning macrocyclic ether-thiodiesters have been published. This article describes the synthesis of the cyclic, and possibly chiral, bis-dithiocarbonates 3aa-ee obtained by xanthation of α -diols 1a-e and substitution with α , ω -dibromoalkanes or ethers (2a-e).

Compounds 3 were prepared from the appropriate α -diol 1 of the cyclic, carbocyclic, or carbohydrate series. The xanthation reaction was carried out according to the previously reported procedure² and the substitution reaction was performed under high dilution conditions. The crude mixture is composed of 3 and the dimer 4 which is separated by column chromatography. In the case of 2,3-butanediol (1a) and 1,2-cyclohexanediol (1b), the *trans*- and *cis*-bis-dithio-

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1	R	R	2	A
а	H ₃ C	H ₃ C	а	-(CH ₂) ₃ -
b	-(CH ₂) ₄ -		b	-(CH ₂) ₄ -
С	-(CH ₂) ₂ -0-(CH ₂)2-	С	-(CH ₂) ₅ -
	,o		d	-(CH ₂) ₆ -
d	C ₆ H ₅	OCH ₃	е	-(CH ₂) ₂ -O-(CH ₂) ₂ -
е	HO OCH3			

carbonates were successively eluted and characterized by spectroscopic methods (I.R., N.M.R., and M.S.) and acidic hydrolysis.

The cis-bis dithiocarbonates 3 showed one I.R. band at 880 cm⁻¹ while the trans isomers gave a band at 850 cm⁻¹. The identification of diastereoisomers was confirmed for 3b by the cleavage of the dithiocarbonate with sulfuric acid into trans- or cis-1,2-cyclohexanediol. The limited hydrolysis of 3de with acetic acid leads to the deprotected sugar 3ee which constitutes a new type of chiral crown ether.

Table 1. Macrocyclic Bis-dithiocarbonates 3 and 4 prepared

This synthesis of chiral or achiral thio-crown ether esters has lead to a qualitative and quantitative study of their specific complexation abilities, which is now in progress.

Macrocyclic Bis-dithiocarbonates 3 and 4; General Procedure:

A mixture of the diol 1 (0.01 mol), dry dimethyl sulfoxide (50 ml), and powdered potassium hydroxide (0.025 mol) is stirred for 2-3 h at room temperature; then carbon disulfide (0.025 mol) is added dropwise over a 30 min period and stirring is continued for 4-5 h. The appropriate polymethylene (or ether-polymethylene) dibromide 2 (0.01 mol), dissolved in a mixture of benzene/dimethyl sulfoxide (3:1; ~1000 ml) is added. The resulting solution is stirred for 15 min and then maintained at room temperature for 24 h. The resulting yellow solution is poured into water (700 ml). The organic layer is separated, washed with water, and dried with sodium sulfate. After filtration, the solvent is removed under vacuum and the resulting yellow syrup is chromatographed on a silica gel column [eluent:tetrachloromethane, then tetrachloromethane/dichloromethane (1:1)] and then crystallized to give pure 3 and 4 (see Table 1). The physical properties and spectroscopic data for 3 and 4 are given in the Tables 1 and 2. A solution of 3de (0.001 mol) in 80% acetic acid (10 ml) is heated at 70 °C, after 2 h, neutralized with sodium carbonate, and extracted with chloroform. The combined extracts are dried with sodium sulfate and reduced in volume under vacuum (1 torr). The residue is recrystallized from ethyl acetate; yield: 90%,

Diol	Dibromide	Product	Yield ^a [%]	m.p. [°C] ^b (solvent)	Molecular formula ^c	M.S. ^d m/e (M+)
1a	2a	trans-3aa	14	125-126 (hexane)	C ₉ H ₁₄ O ₂ S ₄ (282.4)	282
1b	2a	cis-3ba trans-3ba	23 (51)	125-126 (hexane) 179-180 (C ₂ H ₅ OH)	$C_{11}H_{16}O_2S_4$ (308.5)	308
1b	2a	4ba	4	180–181 (C ₂ H ₅ OH)	$C_{22}H_{32}O_4S_8$ (617.0)	617
1b	2b	cis-3bb trans-3bb	22 (46)	126-127 (hexane) 140-141 (C ₂ H ₅ OH)	$C_{12}H_{18}O_2S_4$ (322.5)	322
1b	2c	trans-3bc	20 (38)	148–149 (C ₂ H ₅ OH)	$C_{13}H_{20}O_2S_4$ (336.5)	336
1b	2c	4bc	7	109-111 (C ₂ H ₅ OH)	$C_{26}H_{40}O_4S_8$	
1b	2d	cis-3bd trans-3bd	26 (32)	95 -96 (hexane) 120-121 (hexane)	$\begin{array}{c} (673.0) \\ C_{14}H_{22}O_2S_4 \\ \end{array}$	350
1b	2e	cis-3be trans-3be	(47)	160-161 (C ₂ H ₅ OH)	$(350.6) C_{12}H_{18}O_3S_4$	338
1c	2e	3ce	61	240-241 (CHCl ₃) 90-91 (hexane)	(338.5) $C_{10}H_{16}O_4S_4$	328
1d	2c	3de	(40)	190-122 (C ₂ H ₅ OAc)	(328.5) $C_{20}H_{24}O_7S_4$	504
		3ee°	90	90-92 (C ₂ H ₅ OAc)	(504.6) C ₁₄ H ₂₀ O ₇ S ₄ (428.6)	428

For a mixture of cis- and trans-isomers. The numbers in brackets are obtained for cis- and trans-isomers from trans-1,2-cyclohexane-

^b Melting points were determined on a Buchi apparatus (capillary method) and are uncorrected.

For a mixture of cis- and trans-isomers, the microanalyses were in satisfactory agreement with the calculated values (C ± 0.45 , H ± 0.21 , S

d Mass spectra were taken with a Varian-MAT CH instrument operating at 70 eV for separated cis- and trans-isomers.

e Prepared by hydrolysis of 3de.

Table 2. Spectral Data for Products 3 and 4

Product	I.R. $(KBr)^{a,b}$ ν [cm $^{-1}$]	'H-N.M.R. (60 MHz, CDCl ₃)° δ [ppm]
trans-3aa	2980 (m), 2940 (m), 2920 (m), 1450 (w), 1430 (w), 1410 (m), 1380 (s), 1350 (s), 1255 (vs), 1215 (vs), 1180 (s), 1130 (m), 1060 (vs), 1040 (vs), 1020 (s), 950 (w), 850 (s), 790 (w)	5.75-5.20 (m, 2H, >CH- O); 3.64-3.00 (m, 2H, CH ₂); 2.92-2.42 (m, 2H, SCH ₂); 2.35 (m, 2H, SCH ₂); 1.47 (d, <i>J</i> =6 Hz, 6 H, CH)
cis-3ba	2960 (m), 2940 (m), 2880 (m), 1440 (s), 1420 (w), 1340 (m), 1310 (w), 1265 (vs), 1220 (vs), 1205 (vs), 1115 (m), 1060 (vs), 1020 (vs), 1000 (vs), 880 (m)	CH ₃) 5.80-5.46 (m, 2H, >CH O); 3.72-3.12 (m, 2H, CH ₂); 2.98-2.18 (m, 4H, SCH ₂); 2.20 [m, 8 H, (CH ₂) ₄]
trans-3ba	2960 (m), 2940 (m), 2860 (m), 1470 (w), 1460 (w), 1440 (m), 1420 (m), 1370 (w), 1350 (s), 1325 (m), 1260 (vs), 1240 (vs), 1210 (vs), 1140 (s), 1090 (s), 1060 (vs), 1015 (s), 950 (w), 850 (m), 790 (w)	5,43–5.05 (m, 2H, >CH—O); 3.75–3.19 (m, 2H, CH ₂); 2.92–2.34 (m, 4H, SCH ₂); 2.25–1.05 [m, 8H, (CH ₂) ₄]
4ba	2960 (m), 2930 (m), 2860 (m), 1450 (s), 1440 (m), 1430 (w), 1420 (m), 1350 (w), 1330 (w), 1310 (w), 1260 (s), 1210 (vs), 1140 (m), 1050 (vs), 1010 (s), 960 (w), 850 (w)	6.00–5.57 (m, 4H, >CH—O); 3.30–2.87 (m, 8H, SCH ₂); 2.53–1.10 [m, 16H, (CH ₂) ₄]
cis-3bb	2960 (s), 2860 (m), 1465 (w), 1450 (m), 1440 (s), 1420 (w), 1370 (w), 1350 (w), 1340 (w), 1310 (m), 1280 (s), 1260 (s), 1240 (s), 1220 (vs), 1135 (w), 1118 (s), 1075 (vs), 1050 (vs), 1030 (vs), 1008 (vs), 950 (m), 885 (m), 810	6.00-5.60 (m, 2H, >CH-O); 3.80-3.20 (m, 2H, CH ₂); 2.98-2.11 (m, 4H, SCH ₂); 2.10-1.40 [m, 10 H, (CH ₂) ₅]
trans-3bb	(w), 790 (w) 2980 (w), 2950 (s), 2930 (s), 2860 (m), 1465 (w), 1450 (s), 1430 (s), 1410 (w), 1360 (s), 1345 (w), 1320 (w), 1280 (s), 1250 (w), 1230 (w), 1210 (vs), 1140 (s), 1090 (s), 1070 (s), 1045 (vs), 1010 (vs), 950 (w), 910 (w), 850 (m), 760 (w), 720 (w)	5.75-5.40 (m, 2H, >CH—O); 3.33-3.00 (m, 4H, SCH ₂); 2.10-1.25 and 2.70-2.30 (2m, 12H, CH ₂)
trans-3bc	2980 (m), 2940 (m), 2900 (m). 1460 (s), 1440 (w), 1410 (m), 1350 (w), 1340 (w), 1320 (w), 1280 (s), 1240 (s), 1230 (w), 1200 (vs), 1150 (w), 1135	6.08–5.50 (m, 2H, >CH-O); 3.20–2.75 (m, 4H, SCH ₂); 2.65–1.00 (m, 14H, CH ₂)
4bc	(s), 1090 (w), 1070 (s), 1040 (vs), 950 (w), 910 (m), 860 (m), 740 (w) 2920 (s), 2840 (s), 1450 (m), 1410 (w), 1350 (w), 1310 (w), 1200 (vs), 1140 (m), 1050 (vs), 1010 (s), 840 (w)	6.00-5.58 (m, 4H, >CH O); 3.25-2.70 (m, 8H, SCH ₂); 2.61-2.10 and 2.00-1.08 (2 m, 28 H, CH ₂)
cis-3bd	2970 (m), 2940 (s), 1460 (m), 1440 (m), 1420 (m), 1370 (w), 1350 (w), 1340 (m), 1310 (m), 1290 (m), 1270 (s), 1250 (s), 1220 (vs), 1200 (vs), 1130 (w), 1120 (s), 1075 (vs), 1060 (vs), 1030 (vs), 1005 (vs), 950 (w), 930 (w), 920 (w), 880 (s), 710 (w)	6.18-5.86 (m, 2H, >CH—O); 3.13-2.73 (m, 4H, SCH ₂); 2.32-1.36 (m, 16H, CH ₂)
trans-3bd	2960 (m), 2940 (s), 2860 (m), 1450 (s), 1440 (s), 1430 (s), 1400 (w), 1350 (m), 1330 (w), 1315 (w), 1308 (w), 1290 (w), 1270 (m), 1250 (s), 1190 (vs), 1130 (s), 1060 (vs), 1040 (vs), 1010 (vs), 960 (w), 850 (w), 790 (w),	6.04-5.69 (m, 2H, >CH -O); 3.42-3.11 (m, 4H, SCH ₂); 2.53-2.10 and 2.11-1.21 (2m, 16 H, CH ₂)
cis-3be	740 (m) 2970 (w), 2960 (m), 2930 (s), 2860 (m), 1480 (m), 1470 (m), 1450 (m), 1420 (w), 1385 (w), 1380 (w), 1370 (w), 1320 (w), 1300 (s), 1270 (s), 1250 (w), 1230 (vs), 1210 (s), 1150 (w), 1120 (s), 1090 (s), 1060 (vs), 1030 (s),	6.05-5.69 (m, 2H, >CH-O); 4.10-2.70 [m, 8H, (CH ₂) ₂ - O- (CH ₂) ₂]; 2.21-1.85 and 1.85-1.30 (2m, 8H, CH ₂)
trans-3be	1010 (s), 960 (w), 940 (w), 920 (w), 880 (s), 830 (w) 2980 (w), 2950 (w), 2920 (w), 2880 (m), 2850 (m), 1470 (w), 1450 (m), 1440 (w), 1390 (m), 1350 (s), 1320 (m), 1280 (s), 1245 (s), 1235 (s), 1210 (vs), 1180 (m), 1125 (vs), 1090 (w), 1070 (s), 1060 (s), 1040 (vs), 1000	6.03-5.54 (m, 2H, >CH-O); 4.05-2.93 [m, 8H, (CH ₂) ₂ -O -(CH ₂) ₂]; 1.93-1.20 (m, 8H, CH ₂ S)
3ce	(vs), 950 (w), 910 (w), 860 (m), 845 (m) 2980 (w), 2940 (m), 2900 (m), 2860 (m), 1480 (m), 1470 (m), 1450 (m), 1440 (m), 1410 (w), 1400 (w), 1385 (w), 1360 (w), 1310 (s), 1260 (s), 1240 (s), 1220 (vs), 1130 (vs), 1120 (s), 1090 (m), 1045 (w), 1020 (w), 1000 (w),	4.904.68 (m, 4H, >CH O); 4.00-3.63 (m, 8H, CH ₂ OCH ₂); 3.28-2.93 (m, 4H, CH ₂ S)
3de	940 (w), 880 (w), 830 (w), 800 (w), 765 (w), 740 (w) 3060 (w), 2980 (w), 2920 (w), 2860 (m), 1460 (m), 1410 (m), 1380 (s), 1360 (m), 1340 (m), 1290 (s), 1240 (vs), 1210 (vs), 1180 (vs), 1120 (vs), 1070 (vs), 1040 (vs), 1030 (vs), 980 (vs), 930 (w), 860 (w), 760 (s), 700	7.70-7.20 (m, 5 H _{arom}); 7.10-6.50 (m, H-3); 5.8 (dd, H-2); 5.65 (s, C ₆ H ₅ —CH); 5.30 (d, H-1); 4.40-3.00 (m, 15 H) ^d
3ee	(s) 3380 (vs), 2920 (m), 2850 (w), 1445 (w), 1370 (m), 1285 (m), 1190 (s), 1060 (vs), 900 (w)	6.80–6.40 (m, H-3, $J_{3,2}$ =10.2 Hz, $J_{3,4}$ =8.2 Hz); 5.70 (dd, H-2, $J_{2,3}$ =10.2 Hz, $J_{2,1}$ =8.4 Hz); 5.30 (d, H-1, $J_{1,2}$ =8.4 Hz); 4.8 (m OH); 4.0–3.3 (m, 15 H)

^a Recorded with a Perkin Elmer 237 spectrophotometer; w=weak, m=medium, s=strong, vs=very strong.

^b S - CH₂, ν =1430-1410 and 1340-1320 cm⁻¹; C=S, ν =1316-1000 cm⁻¹; see E. Block, Reactions of Organosulfur Compounds, Vol. 37, Academic Press, New York, 1978, p. 296.

^c Recorded with a Varian EM-360 spectrometer.

d Recorded at 80 MHz in acetone-d₆ with a Bruker WP-80 spectrometer.

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