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Formation of New Mesoionic Pyrimidines

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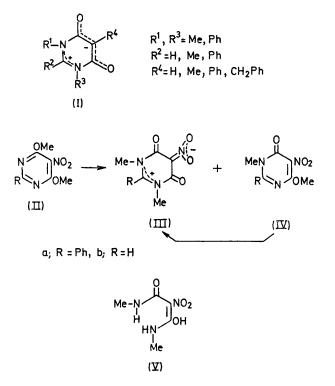
Summary Pyrolysis of 4,6-dimethyl-5-nitropyrimidines resulted in the formation of new mesoionic pyrimidines, anhydro-4-hydroxy-1,3-dimethyl-5-nitro-6-oxo-2-phenyl (or unsubstituted) pyrimidinium hydroxides.

MUCH attention¹ has been directed towards the synthesis, characterization, and application of mesoionic heterocycles. Nevertheless, relatively few examples²⁻⁴ of mesoionic systems with a diazine ring have been studied. Only simple mesoionic pyrimidines *e.g.*, (I), have been synthesised hitherto.^{2,3}

We report a novel reaction which results in the formation of a new mesoionic pyrimidine (III), and which involves double 1,3-alkyl migrations from oxygen to nitrogen in the pyrimidine system.

When a 4,6-dimethoxy-5-nitro-2-phenyl (or unsubstituted) pyrimidine (IIa,b)⁵ was heated without solvent at 200° for 15 min, anhydro-4-hydroxy-1,3-dimethyl-5nitro-6-oxo-2-phenyl (or unsubstituted)pyrimidinium hydroxide (IIIa) (m.p. 278°); or (IIIb) (m.p. 315°)† was obtained in 80% and 70% yields, respectively. 1-Methyl-4-methoxy-5-nitro-2-phenyl(or unsubstituted)-6(1H)-pyrimidinones (IVa) (m.p. 200°); or (IVb) (m.p. 149°) were also isolated by silica gel chromatography from the reaction mixture.

Mass spectral and microanalytical data on (IIIa,b) established their molecular formulae as $C_{12}H_{11}O_4N_3$ and $C_8H_7O_4-N_3$, positively excluding dimeric structures, and the i.r., u.v., and n.m.r. spectra of (IIIa,b) and (IVa,b) are in agreement with the structures assigned.



† Although there are many alternative formulations for the mesoionic pyrimidines, we adopt here the formulation (IIIa,b) which seems to represent one of the more important contributions to the resonance hybrid.

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Heating the by-product (IVa,b) at 200° resulted in its smooth conversion into (IIIa,b), suggesting the intermediacy of (IVa,b) in the formation of (IIIa,b). Upon treatment of (IIIa,b) with boiling aqueous potassium hydroxide, nitromalonic acid NN'-dimethylamide (V) was obtained quantitatively. Compound (V) was identical in every respect with a sample obtained by hydrolysis of nitrobarbituric acid.6

Prystas³ has described the formation of mesoionic pyrimidines (e.g. $I; R^1 = R^3 = Me$, $R^2 = H$, $R^4 = Ph$) from 5-substituted 4,6-dimethoxypyrimidines in poor yield by reaction with methyl iodide in a sealed tube. However,

pyrolysis of 4,6-dimethoxy-2-phenylpyrimidine in a similar manner to that of (IIa,b) caused only an $O \rightarrow N$ alkyl group migration to give the corresponding N-alkyl derivatives.

The formation of (IIIa,b) from (IIa,b) apparently involves novel double 1,3-alkyl $O \rightarrow N$ migrations via a radical mechanism,⁷ and a nitro-group of (IIa,b) seems to play a significant role in homolytic cleavage of O-Me bonds and stabilization of the mesoionic pyrimidines (IIIa,b) formed.

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