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Aryl azoxybromides have not yet been reported. We propose a simple method for the synthesis of such compounds by the reaction of arylnitroso compounds with  $NBr_3$  in an inert solvent.  $NBr_3$  is generated in situ from ammonia and brominating agents such as N-bromo-succinimide (NBS) or dibromoisocyanurate (DBI) [1].

 $\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{ArNO} \xrightarrow{1. \text{ NBS}} & \operatorname{ArN(O)=NBr} \\ (\text{Ia, b)} & (\text{IIa, b}) \end{array}$ 

Synthesis of (II). A sample of 300 ml (13.3 mmoles) gaseous ammonia was introduced using a syringe with stirring into a suspension of 10 mmoles (I) and 40 mmoles NBS in 1:1  $CH_2Cl_2-CH_3CN$  at from -60 to -70°C and then let warm to 0°C. The mixture was maintained for 1 h at 0°C. The solvent was distilled off in vacuum and (II) was extracted with pentane from the solid residue.

DBI, which permits the use of  $CH_2Cl_2$  for the extraction, is conveniently employed for the preparation of (IIb), which has poor solubility in pentane.

The yield of (IIa) was 90%, mp 46-47°C (from pentane). Mass spectrum (for <sup>79</sup>Br and <sup>35</sup>Cl isotopes), m/z (relative intensity, %): 200 (l1, M<sup>+</sup>), 156 (7, M<sup>+</sup> - N<sub>2</sub>O), 107 (29, M<sup>+</sup> - NBr), 94 (18), 77 (100, M<sup>+</sup> - N<sub>2</sub>OBr). IR spectrum in KBr ( $\nu$ , cm<sup>-1</sup>): 1470 (N(O)N). PMR spectrum in CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta$ , ppm from TMS): 7.47 (m-H), 7.56 (p-H), 8.05 (o-H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum in CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta$ , ppm from TMS): 122.51 (o-C), 129.21 (m-C), 132.48 (p-C), 145.13 (ipso-C). <sup>14</sup>N NMR spectrum ( $\delta$ , ppm from MeNO<sub>2</sub>): -38.3 (width at half-height,  $\Delta \nu_{\frac{1}{2}} = 46$  Hz, N+O), -62±5 ( $\Delta \nu_{\frac{1}{2}} > 400$  Hz, NBr).

The yield of (IIb) was 85%, mp 76-77°C (from pentane). Mass spectrum (for <sup>79</sup>Br and <sup>35</sup>Cl isotopes), m/z (relative intensity, %): 302 (22, M<sup>+</sup>), 258 (10, M<sup>+</sup> - N<sub>2</sub>O), 223 (5, M<sup>+</sup> - Br), 209 (100, M<sup>+</sup> - NBr), 179 (86, M<sup>+</sup> - N<sub>2</sub>OBr). IR spectrum in KBr ( $\nu$ , cm<sup>-1</sup>): 1446 (N(O)N). PMR spectrum in CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta$ , ppm from TMS): 7.36. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum in CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta$ , ppm from TMS): 126.95 (m-C), 129.69 (o-C), 137.23 (p-C), 140.45 (ipso-C). <sup>14</sup>N NMR spectrum ( $\delta$ , ppm from MeNO<sub>2</sub>): -41.9 ( $\Delta\nu_{\star}$  = 80 Hz).

The elemental analysis data for (IIa) and (IIb) correspond to the calculated values. We should note that the chemistry of aryl azoxyhalides has not been studied extensively [2-4]. The chemical properties of (II) differ significantly from those for the corresponding fluorides and chlorides.

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