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> LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

## **Reaction of Trimethylsilyl Hypophosphite** with Aromatic Aldehydes and Azomethines

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Trimethylsilyl esters of hypophosphorous acid are extensively used in the synthesis of various functional derivatives of organophosphorus acids, which attract interest as perspective ligands and biologically active compounds. Thus, bis(trimethylsiloxy)phosphine is capable of readily adding to aromatic aldehydes and azomethines [1], and trimethylsilyl hypophosphite **A** easily reacts with 2 equiv of N,N-diethylvinylsulfonamide [2]. In the present work we have studied the reaction of trimethylsilyl hypophosphite **A** formed from ammonium hypophosphite and chlorotrimethylsilane with aromatic aldehydes and azomethines in methylene chloride. It was found that hypophosphite **A** is capable of easily adding at the carbonyl group of various aromatic aldehydes to form either phosphonites **Ia–Ic** or phosphinates **IIa–IIc**, depending on the reagent ratio, in quite a high yield (cf. [3]). Phosphonites **I** were isolated by additional treatment of the reaction mixture with bis(trimethylsilyl)amine, and phosphinates **II** were recrystallized from aqueous ethanol.



The reaction of hypophosphite **A** with 2 equiv of aromatic azomethines under the same conditions provides aryl-substituted bis(aminomethyl)phosphinates **III** in high yield.

The NMR spectra of compounds I-III show characteristic signals of the PC<sup>1</sup>H(OX)Ar fragments, whose parameters are presented below. According to the NMR spectra, compounds II and III are mixtures



of two stereoisomers. The stereoisomer ratios were determined by <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectroscopy, and the data for the prevailing isomer are given first. For phosphinates **IIa** and **IIb** only <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>31</sup>P NMR data are presented because of the minor content of the second isomer.

Bis(trimethylsilyl) [phenyl(trimethylsiloxy)methyl]phosphonite (Ia). A mixture of 8.3 g of ammonium hypophosphite, 10.6 g of benzaldehyde, and 26 g of chlorotrimethylsilane in 50 ml of methylene chloride was heated under reflux with stirring for 2 h. Ammonium chloride was filtered off, the solvent was distilled off, and 65 g of bis(trimethylsilyl)amine was added to the residue. The mixture was refluxed until ammonia no longer evolved and then distilled to obtain 26.4 g of phosphonite Ia, yield 68%, bp 120°C (1.5 mm Hg). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: -0.10 s, 0.02 s and 0.21 s (3Me<sub>3</sub>Si), 4.28 s (C<sup>1</sup>H), 7.3–7.4 m (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum,  $\delta_C$ , ppm: 0.22 s (Me<sub>3</sub>SiOC), 0.80 d and 1.40 d (2Me<sub>3</sub>SiOP, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 3 Hz), 82.72 d (C<sup>1</sup>, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 11 Hz), 139.60 d (C<sup>2</sup>, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 13 Hz), 127.45 d (C<sup>3</sup>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 5 Hz), 127.67 s (C<sup>4</sup>), 126.85 s (C<sup>5</sup>). <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum,  $\delta_P$ , ppm: 140.47 s.

Phosphonites **Ib** and **Ic** were synthesized by the same method.

**Bis(trimethylsilyl)** [(4-methoxyphenyl)(trimethylsiloxy)methyl]phosphonite (Ib). Yield 59%, bp 115°C (1 mm Hg). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum, δ, ppm: -0.16 s, -0.06 s and 0.14 s (3Me<sub>3</sub>Si), 4.15 s (C<sup>1</sup>H), 6.74 d (C<sup>3</sup>H, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> 8 Hz), 7.10 d (C<sup>4</sup>H, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> 8 Hz), 3.64 s (MeO). <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm C}$ , ppm: 0.18 s, 0.77 s and 1.32 s (3Me<sub>3</sub>Si), 82.18 d (C<sup>1</sup>, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 9 Hz), 131.72 d (C<sup>2</sup>, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 13 Hz), 128.51 d (C<sup>3</sup>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 5 Hz), 113.13 s (C<sup>4</sup>), 158.77 s (C<sup>5</sup>), 54.89 s (MeO). <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm P}$ , ppm: 140.07 s.

**Bis(trimethylsilyl)** [(4-bromophenyl)(trimethylsiloxy)methyl]phosphonite (Ic). Yield 64%, bp 159°C (1 mm Hg), mp 62°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm H}$ , ppm: -0.12 s, -0.04 s and 0.12 s (3Me<sub>3</sub>Si), 4.19 s (C<sup>1</sup>H), 7.06 d (C<sup>3</sup>H, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> 8 Hz), 7.32 d (C<sup>4</sup>H, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> 8 Hz). <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm C}$ , ppm: 0.16 s (Me<sub>3</sub>SiOC), 0.90 d and 1.35 d(2 Me<sub>3</sub>SiOP, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 3 Hz), 81.77 d (C<sup>1</sup>, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 14 Hz), 138.60 d (C<sup>2</sup>, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 11 Hz), 128.89 d (C<sup>3</sup>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 4 Hz), 130.60 s (C<sup>4</sup>), 120.50 s (C<sup>5</sup>). <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm P}$ , ppm: 139.22.

**Bis[hydroxy(phenyl)methyl]phosphinic acid** (**IIa).** A mixture of 8.3 g of ammonium hypophosphite, 22.4 g of benzaldehyde, and 40 g of chlorotrimethylsilane in 60 ml of methylene chloride was heated under reflux with stirring for 2 h. Ammonium chloride was filtered off, the solvent was distilled off, and 60 ml of ethanol was added to the residue. The mixture was heated to boil, ethanol was distilled off, and the residue was recrystallized from 70% aqueous ethanol. The white crystals that formed were kept in a vacuum (1 mm Hg) for 1 h to obtain compound **Ha**. Yield 21.7 g (78%), mp 187°C. Major isomer (90%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 5.17 d (C<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PH</sub> 8 Hz), 7.3–7.5 m (2C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm C}$ , ppm: 68.96 d (C<sup>1</sup>, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 106 Hz), 139.06 d (C<sup>2</sup>, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 3 Hz), 128.14 d (C<sup>3</sup>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 5 Hz), 128.00 s (C<sup>4</sup>), 127.35 s (C<sup>5</sup>). <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm P}$ , ppm: 39.31 s. Minor isomer. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 4.86 d (C<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PH</sub> 8 Hz), 7.3–7.5 m (2C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>). <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm P}$ , ppm: 37.05 s. Found, %: C 60.09; H 5.49. C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>15</sub>O<sub>4</sub>P. Calculated, %: C 60.43; H 5.43.

Compounds **IIb** and **IIc** were prepared by the same method.

**Bis[hydroxy(4-phenoxyphenyl)methyl]phosphinic acid (IIb).** Yield 72% yield, mp 165°C. Major isomer (86%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum, δ, ppm: 5.07 d (C<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PH</sub> 8 Hz), 6.90 d (C<sup>3</sup>H, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> 8 Hz), 7.35 d (C<sup>4</sup>H, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> 8 Hz), 3.74 s (MeO). <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum, δ<sub>C</sub>, ppm: 68.50 d (C<sup>1</sup>, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 107 Hz), 130.93 d (C<sup>2</sup>, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 4 Hz), 129.36 d (C<sup>3</sup>, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 4 Hz), 113.56 s (C<sup>4</sup>), 158.95 s (C<sup>5</sup>). <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum, δ<sub>P</sub>, ppm: 38.88 s. Minor isomer. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum, δ<sub>H</sub>, ppm: 4.75 d (C<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PH</sub> 8 Hz), 7.14 d (C<sup>3</sup>H, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> 8 Hz), 7.89 d (C<sup>4</sup>H, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> 8 Hz), 3.74 s (MeO). <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum, δ<sub>P</sub>, ppm: 36.96 s. Found, %: C 56.69; H 5.72. C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>19</sub>. O<sub>6</sub>P. Calculated, %: C 56.81; H 5.66.

**Bis**[(4-bromophenyl)hydroxymethyl)]phosphinic acid (IIc). Yield 52%, mp 162°C. Major isomer (55%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum, δ, ppm: 4.87 d (C<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PH</sub> 8 Hz), 7.2–7.6 m (2C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm C}$ , ppm: 69.64 d (C<sup>1</sup>, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 104 Hz), 138.70 s (C<sup>2</sup>), 130.14 s (C<sup>3</sup>), 130.97 s (C<sup>4</sup>), 120.74 s (C<sup>5</sup>). <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm P}$ , ppm: 35.95 s. Minor isomer. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 5.15 d (C<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PH</sub> 8 Hz), 7.2–7.6 m (2C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm C}$ , ppm: 68.46 d (C<sup>1</sup>, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 106 Hz), 138.33 s (C<sup>2</sup>), 130.14 s (C<sup>3</sup>), 130.97 s (C<sup>4</sup>), 120.77 s (C<sup>5</sup>). <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm P}$ , ppm: 38.10 s.

**Bis**[(methylamino)phenylmethyl]phosphinic acid (IIIa). A mixture of 8.3 g of ammonium hypophosphite, 25.2 g of benzylidene(methyl)amine, and 17 g of chlorotrimethylsilane in 60 ml of methylene chloride heated under reflux with stirring for 2 h. Ammonium chloride was filtered off, the solvent was removed in a vacuum, and 60 ml of ethanol was added to the residue. The mixture was heated to boil; the precipitate that formed was filtered off and washed with 20 ml of ethanol and 20 ml of ether. The resulting white fine crystals were kept in a vacuum of 1 mm Hg for 1 h to obtain compound **IIIa**. Yield 28 g (92%), mp 214°C. Major isomer (67%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 4.69 d (C<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PH</sub> 8 Hz), 2.55 s (MeN), 7.2–7.5 m (2 C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm C}$ , ppm: 61.58 d (C<sup>1</sup>, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 95 Hz), 31.89 s (MeN), 128.0– 133.0 m (2C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>). <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm P}$ , ppm: 19.94 s. Minor isomer. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 4.64 d (C<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PH</sub> 8 Hz), 2.55 s (MeN), 7.2–7.5 m (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm C}$ , ppm: 61.32 d (C<sup>1</sup>, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 94 Hz), 31.95 s (MeN), 128.0–133.0 m (2C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>). <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm P}$ , ppm: 19.66 s. Found, %: C 62.97; H 7.09. C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>P. Calculated, %: C 63.15; H 6.96.

Compound **IIIb** was prepared by the same procedure.

**Bis**[(4-methoxyphenyl)(methylamino)methyl]phosphinic acid (IIIb). Yield 90%, mp 208°C. Major isomer (80%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum, δ, ppm: 4.54 d (C<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PH</sub> 8 Hz), 6.81 d (C<sup>3</sup>H, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> 8 Hz), 7.24 d (C<sup>4</sup>H, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> 8 Hz), 2.56 s (MeN), 3.79 s (MeO). <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm C}$ , ppm: 60.95 d (C<sup>1</sup>, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>PC</sub> 97 Hz), 132.28 s (C<sup>2</sup>), 131.57 s (C<sup>3</sup>), 114.21 s (C<sup>4</sup>), 160.49 s (C<sup>5</sup>), 31.60 s (MeN), 54.73 s (MeO). <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm P}$ , ppm: 21.00 s. Minor isomer. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 4.39 d (C<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PH</sub> 8 Hz), 6.96 d (C<sup>3</sup>H, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> 8 Hz), 7.34 d (C<sup>4</sup>H, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> 8 Hz), 2.55 s (MeN), 3.83 s (MeO). <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{\rm C}$ , ppm: 60.55 d (C<sup>1</sup>,  ${}^{1}J_{PC}$  96 Hz), 132.28 s (C<sup>2</sup>), 131.52 s (C<sup>3</sup>), 114.21 s (C<sup>4</sup>), 160.78 s (C<sup>5</sup>), 31.66 s (MeN), 54.82 s (MeO).  ${}^{31}P$  NMR spectrum,  $\delta_{P}$ , ppm: 21.52 s. Found, %: C 59.12; H 6.97. C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>P. Calculated, %: C 59.33; H 6.92.

The NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance 400 spectrometer in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  (phosphonites I),  $(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$  (phosphinates II), and  $\text{CD}_3\text{COOD}$  (phosphinates III) against TMS (<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C) or 85% H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> in D<sub>2</sub>O (<sup>31</sup>P).

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