# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## 1. PRODUCT

## 1.1 Product identifiers

Name: Formaldehyde solution, 36.5-38%

CAS-No.: 50-00-0

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Flammable liquids (Category 4), H227

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3), H301

Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3), H331

Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 3), H311

Skin corrosion (Category 1B), H314

Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

Skin sensitisation (Category 1), H317

Germ cell mutagenicity (Category 2), H341

Carcinogenicity (Category 1A), H350

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 1), H370

Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 3), H402

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

# 2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement(s)	H227 Combustible liquid. H301 + H311 + H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H370 Causes damage to organs. H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

Precautionary P201 Obtain special instructions before use. statement(s) P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection P301 + P310 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Rinse mouth. P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P307 + P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

## 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

No data available

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

P405 Store locked up.

extinguish.

#### 3.1 Mixtures

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Synonyms:} & \text{Formalin} \\ \text{Formula:} & \text{CH}_2\text{O} \end{array}$ 

# Hazardous components

Component		Classification	Concentration
Formaldehyd	de		
CAS-No.	50-00-0	Flam. Liq. 4; Acute Tox. 3; Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1;	>= 30 -< 50 %
EC-No.	200-001-8	Skin Sens. 1; Muta. 2; Carc. 1A; Aquatic Acute 3; H227, H301 + H311 + H331, H314, H317, H341, H350, H402	
Methanol			
CAS-No.	67-56-1	Flam. Liq. 2; Acute Tox. 3; STOT SE 1; H225, H301 +	>= 10 -< 20 %
EC-No.	200-659-6	H311 + H331, H370	

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

. I Description of first aid measures
General advice
Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.
If inhaled
If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.
In case of skin contact
Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician.

# In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

#### If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### 4.2 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### 5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

#### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.

Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

For precautions see section 2.2.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully

resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Storage class (TRGS 510): Non-combustible, acute toxic Cat.3 / toxic hazardous materials or hazardous materials causing chronic effects

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1 Control parameters

# Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis		
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	С	0.300000 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)		
	Remarks Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Eye irritation Sensitizer			n Eye irritation Suspected human carcinogen		
.57		TWA 0.016000 ppm USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits				
		Potential Occupational Carcinogen See Appendix A				
170,		С	0.100000 ppm	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits		
(3)		Potential Occupational Carcinogen See Appendix A 15 minute ceiling value				
		Substance listed; for more information see OSHA document 1910.1048				
		Substance listed; for more information see OSHA document 1910.1048				
		PEL	0.750000 ppm	OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens		
		from formalde	nis standard applie: hyde gas, its solut gulated carcinoger	s to all occupational exposures to formaldehyde, i.e. cions, and materials that release formaldehyde OSHA า		
		STEL	2.000000 ppm	OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens		
		1910.1048 This standard applies to all occupational exposures to formaldehyde, i.e. from formaldehyde gas, its solutions, and materials that release formaldehyde OSH/specifically regulated carcinogen				
		TWA	0.016000 ppm	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits		
.57		Potential Occupational Carcinogen Formalin is an aqueous solution that is 37% formaldehyde by weight; inhibited solutions usually contain 6-12% methyl alcohol.				
		Also see specific listings for Formaldehyde and Methyl alcohol. See Appendix A				
		C 0.100000 p	pm USA. NIOSH F	Recommended Exposure Limits		
		Potential Occupational Carcinogen Formalin is an aqueous solution that is 37% formaldehyde by weight; inhibited solutions usually contain 6-12% methyl alcohol. Also see specific listings for Formaldehyde and Methyl alcohol. See Appendix A 15 minute ceiling value				
		С	0.3 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)		
		Dermal Sensitization Respiratory sensitization Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Ey irritation 2015 Adoption Suspected human carcinogen				
		TWA	0.016 ppm	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits		
		formaldehyde	by weight; inhibite	gen Formalin is an aqueous solution that is 37% od solutions usually contain 6-12% methyl alcohol. maldehyde and Methyl alcohol. See Appendix A		
		С	0.1 ppm	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits		
55	t l	Potential Occupational Carcinogen Formalin is an aqueous solution that is 37% formaldehyde by weight; inhibited solutions usually contain 6-12% methyl alcohol. Also see specific listings for Formaldehyde and Methyl alcohol. See Appendix A 15 minute ceiling value				
679		PEL 0.75 ppm California permissible exposure limits for cher contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)				
CN		see Section 5	217	1		
		STEL	2 ppm	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)		
		see Section 5217				
Methanol	67-56-1	TWA	200.000000 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)		
		Headache Na Exposure Ind	iusea Dizziness Ey ex or Indices (see	ve damage Substances for which there is a Biological BEI® section) Danger of cutaneous absorption		

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis			
61		STEL	250.000000 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)			
		Headache Na Exposure Inde	usea Dizziness Ey ex or Indices (see	ye damage Substances for which there is a Biological BEI® section)			
		Danger of cutaneous absorption					
C.		TWA 200.000 Limits	000 ppm 260.000	000 mg/m3 USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure			
		Potential for d	lermal absorption				
		ST	250.000000 ppm 325.000000 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits			
		Potential for d	lermal absorption				
		TWA	200.000000 ppm 260.000000 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) -Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants			
		The value in mg/m3 is approximate.					
		TWA	200 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)			
.57		Headache Nausea Dizziness Eye damage Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section) Danger of cutaneous absorption					
		STEL	250 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)			
CD.		Headache Nausea Dizziness Eye damage Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section) Danger of cutaneous absorption					
		TWA	200 ppm 260 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits			
		Potential for d	lermal absorption				
		ST	250 ppm 325 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits			
		Potential for dermal absorption					
		TWA	200 ppm 260 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) -Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants			
		The value in mg/m3 is approximate.					
		STEL	250 ppm 325 mg/m3	USA. OSHA -TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -1910.1000			
Skin notation							
.5		TWA	200 ppm 260 mg/m3	USA. OSHA -TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -1910.1000			
		Skin notation					

# **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Component	CAS-No.	Parameters		Biological specimen	Basis
Methanol	67-56-1	Methanol	15.0000 mg/l	0000 mg/l Urine ACGIH -Biological Exposure Indices (BE	
	Remarks	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)			
		Methanol	15 mg/l Urine ACGIH -Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)		
		End of shift (As	of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)		

# 8.2 Exposure controls

# **Appropriate engineering controls**

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

# Personal protective equipment

Eye/face	Tightly fitting safety goggles. Faceshield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and
protection	approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection	Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.  Full contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.4 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Camatril® (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M) Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.2 mm Break through time: 60 min Material tested:Dermatril® P (KCL 743 / Aldrich Z677388, Size M) data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374 If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.
Body Protection	Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.
Respiratory protection	Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi- purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).
Control of environmen tal exposure	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: liquid Colour: clear
No data available
64 °C (147 °F) - closed cup
No data available
No data available
Upper explosion limit: 73 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 7 %(V)
69 hPa (52 mmHg) at 37 °C (99 °F)
1.04 - (Air = 1.0)
1.016 g/cm3 at 20 °C (68 °F)
No data available

# 9.2 Other safety information

Relative vapour density: 1.04 - (Air = 1.0)

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# 10.1 Reactivity

No data available

# 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

No data available

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides

In the event of fire: see section 5

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

No data available

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure - 20 h

(OECD Test Guideline 404)

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Corrosive - 7 d

(OECD Test Guideline 405)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Maximisation Test - Guinea pig

Result: Causes sensitisation.

May cause allergic skin reaction.

(OÉCD Test Guideline 406)

# Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

## Carcinogenicity

IARC: 1 - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans (Formaldehyde)

NTP: Known to be human carcinogen (Formaldehyde)

OSHA: OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen (Formaldehyde)

# Reproductive toxicity

No data available

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity -single exposure

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity -repeated exposure

No data available

### Aspiration hazard

No data available

#### **Additional Information**

RTECS: LP8925000

Liver - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

Liver - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence (Formaldehyde)

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence (Methanol)

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Harmful to aquatic life.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

This combustible material may be burned in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

#### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### DOT (US)

UN number: 2209 Class: 8 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Formaldehyde solutions

Reportable Quantity (RQ): 260 lbs Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

## **IMDG**

UN number: 2209 Class: 8 Packing group: III EMS-No: F-A, S-B

Proper shipping name: FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION

### **IATA**

UN number: 2209 Class: 8 Packing group: III
Proper shipping name: Formaldehyde solution

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **SARA 302 Components**

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 302:

Component	C	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Formaldehyde	50	0-00-0	2007-07-01

#### **SARA 313 Components**

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Methanol	67-56-1	2007-07-01
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	2007-07-01

### SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

# **Massachusetts Right To Know Components**

Component	.0	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Formaldehyde		50-00-0	2007-07-01
Methanol		67-56-1	2007-07-01

# **Pennsylvania Right To Know Components**

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Water	7732-18-5	
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	2007-07-01
Methanol	67-56-1	2007-07-01

# **New Jersey Right To Know Components**

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Water	7732-18-5	
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	2007-07-01
Methanol	67-56-1	2007-07-01

## California Prop. 65 Components

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	2007-09-28

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Methanol	67-56-1	2012-03-16

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

# Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute Acute aquatic toxicity

Carc. Carcinogenicity

Eye Dam. Serious eye damage

Flam. Liq. Flammable liquids

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H227 Combustible liquid.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H301 + H311 +H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

Muta. Germ cell mutagenicity

Skin Corr. Skin corrosion

Skin Sens. Skin sensitisation

STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

# **HMIS Rating**

Health hazard: 3

Chronic Health Hazard: \*

Flammability: 2

Physical Hazard 0

# **NFPA** Rating

Health hazard: 3

Fire Hazard: 2

Reactivity Hazard: 0

10