

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. PRODUCT

1.1 Product identifiers

Name: Methyl acetate

CAS-No.: 79-20-9

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)


Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225

Eye irritation (Category 2A), H319

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Central nervous system, H336

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement(s)	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statement(s)	P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection. P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish. P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Formula: $C_3H_6O_2$

Molecular weight: 74.08 g/mol
CAS-No.: 79-20-9
EC-No.: 201-185-2

Hazardous components

Component	Classification	Concentration
Methyl acetate	Flam. Liq. 2; Eye Irrit. 2A; STOT SE 3; H225, H319, H336	<= 100 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice
Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.
If inhaled
If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.
In case of skin contact
Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.
In case of eye contact
Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.
If swallowed
Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.2 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Use explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Storage class (TRGS 510): Flammable liquids

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	TWA	200.000000 ppm 610.000000 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) -Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
	Remarks	The value in mg/m3 is approximate.		
		TWA	200.000000 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		Upper Respiratory Tract irritation		
		Headache Eye irritation Ocular nerve damage		
		STEL 250.000000 ppm USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)		
		Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Headache Eye irritation Ocular nerve damage		
		TWA	200.000000 ppm 610.000000 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
		ST	250.000000 ppm 760.000000 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
		TWA	200 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		Eye damage (degeneration of ganglion cells in the retina) Headache Nausea Dizziness		
		STEL	250 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
		Eye damage (degeneration of ganglion cells in the retina) Headache Nausea Dizziness		
		TWA	200 ppm 610 mg/m ³	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
		ST	250 ppm 760 mg/m ³	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
		TWA	200 ppm 610 mg/m ³	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) -Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
		The value in mg/m ³ is approximate.		
		TWA	200 ppm 610 mg/m ³	USA. OSHA -TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -1910.1000
		STEL	250 ppm 760 mg/m ³	USA. OSHA -TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -1910.1000
		PEL	200 ppm 610 mg/m ³	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
		STEL	250 ppm 760 mg/m ³	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).
Skin protection	Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. Splash contact Material: butyl-rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.3 mm Break through time: 182 min Material tested: Butoject® (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M) data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374 If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.
Body Protection	Impervious clothing, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.
Respiratory protection	Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).
Control of environmental exposure	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Form: clear, liquid Colour: colourless
Odour	like fruit
Odour Threshold	No data available
pH	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -98 °C (-144 °F) - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	57 - 58 °C (135 - 136 °F) - lit.
Flash point	-13 °C (9 °F) - closed cup - DIN 51755 Part 1
Evaporation rate	No data available

Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 16 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 3 %(V)
Vapour pressure	217 hPa (163 mmHg) at 20 °C (68 °F)
Vapour density	2.8
Relative density	0.934 g/cm ³ at 25 °C (77 °F)
Water solubility	319 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F)
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 0.18
Auto-ignition temperature	454 °C (849 °F) at 1,013 hPa (760 mmHg)
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

9.2 Other safety information

Surface tension: 24 mN/m at 20 °C (68 °F)

Relative vapour density: 2.8

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male - 6,482 mg/kg
(OECD Test Guideline 401)
LC50 Inhalation - Rabbit - male and female - 4 h - 49.2 - 98.4 mg/l
LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - > 5,000 mg/kg
No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation - 4 h
(OECD Test Guideline 404)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit Result: Irritating to eyes. (OECD Test Guideline 405)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation
No data available
Germ cell mutagenicity
Ames test S. typhimurium Result: negative OECD Test Guideline 474 Rat - male and female Result: negative
Carcinogenicity
IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.
Reproductive toxicity
No data available No data available
Specific target organ toxicity -single exposure
May cause drowsiness or dizziness. - Central nervous system
Specific target organ toxicity -repeated exposure
Aspiration hazard
No data available
Additional Information
Repeated dose toxicity Rat - male and female - Inhalation - NOAEL : 1,057 mg/m3 - OECD Test Guideline 412 RTECS: AI9100000 narcosis, This product is metabolized into formic acid. Humans and other primates metabolize formic acid more slowly than do rodents. Formic acid can build up in the body producing toxic effects possibly leading to death; therefore, data from studies in rodents may have limited relevance for human risk assessment.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	static test LC50 - Danio rerio (zebra fish) - 250 - 350 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 1,026.7 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)
Toxicity to algae	static test EC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (Scenedesmus subspicatus) - > 120 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)
Toxicity to bacteria	EC50 - Pseudomonas putida - 6,000 mg/l - 16 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	aerobic - Exposure time 28 d Result: 70 % - Readily biodegradable (OECD Test Guideline 301D)
------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product
Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.
Contaminated packaging
Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

UN number: 1231 Class: 3 Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Methyl acetate

Reportable Quantity (RQ):

Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

IMDG

UN number: 1231 Class: 3 Packing group: II EMS-No: F-E, S-D

Proper shipping name: METHYL ACETATE

IATA

UN number: 1231 Class: 3 Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Methyl acetate

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	1993-04-24

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	1993-04-24

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	1993-04-24

California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other

reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Eye Irrit. Eye irritation

Flam. Liq. Flammable liquids

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

HMIS Rating

Health hazard: 2

Chronic Health Hazard:

Flammability: 3

Physical Hazard 0

NFPA Rating

Health hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 3

Reactivity Hazard: 0
