SAFETY DATA SHEETS

According to Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) - Sixth revised edition

> Version: 1.0 Creation Date: Aug 12, 2017 Revision Date: Aug 12, 2017

1.	Identification		
1.1	GHS Product identifier		
	Product name	Guargum	
1.2	2 Other means of identification		
	Product number Other names	- guaran	
1.3	3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use		
	Identified uses Uses advised against	For industry use only. Processing Aids and Additives no data available	
2.	Hazard identification		
2.1	Classification of the substance or mixture		
	Not classified.		
2.2	2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements		
	Pictogram(s) Signal word	No symbol.	
		No signal word.	
	Hazard statement(s)	none	
	Precautionary statement(s)		
	Prevention	none	

Response	none
Storage	none
Disposal	none

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

none

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Chemical	Common names and	CAS	EC	Concentration	
name	synonyms	number	number	Concentration	
Guar gum	Guar gum	9000-30-0	none	100%	

4. First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

ACUTE/CHRONIC HAZARDS: When heated to decomposition this compound emits irritating fumes and smoke.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

/SRP:/ Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or pocket mask, as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on the left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. /Poisons A and B/

- 5. Fire-fighting measures
- 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Flash point data for this compound are not available. However, it is probably combustible.

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

- 6. Accidental release measures
- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

- 7. Handling and storage
- 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep in a dry place. Storage class (TRGS 510): Non Combustible Solids.

- 8. Exposure controls/personal protection
- 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Wear impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the

specific workplace. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique(without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

Wear dust mask when handling large quantities.

Thermal hazards

no data available

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION: Off-white to yellowish-white powder. Five to eight times the thickening power of starch. Water solutions are tasteless, odorless, and nontoxic and have a pale translucent gray color with neutral pH. Water solutions converted to gel by small amounts of borax.
Colour	Yellowish-white free-flowing powder
Odour	Nearly odorless
Melting point/ freezing point	220°C(lit.)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	239°C(lit.)
Flammability	no data available
Lower and upper explosion limit / flammability limit	no data available
Flash point	49°C(lit.)
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
Decomposition temperature	no data available
рН	A 1% SOLN MAY REACH, A PH OF 5.5-6.1 AND TEND TO BECOME MORE ACIDIC WHILE STANDING.
Kinematic viscosity Solubility	A 1% SOLN MAY REACH A VISCOSITY OF 2700 CPS. less than 1 mg/mL at 18.89°C

Partition coefficient n- no data available octanol/water (log value) Vapour pressure no data available Density and/or relative no data available density Relative vapour density no data available Particle characteristics no data available

- 10. Stability and reactivity
- 10.1 Reactivity

no data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable to heat.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

GUAR GUM is a ether-alcohol derivative, the ether being relatively unreactive. Flammable and/or toxic gases are generated by the combination of alcohols with alkali metals, nitrides, and strong reducing agents. They react with oxoacids and carboxylic acids to form esters plus water. Oxidizing agents convert alcohols to aldehydes or ketones. Alcohols exhibit both weak acid and weak base behavior. They may initiate the polymerization of isocyanates and epoxides.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

no data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

· Oral: LD50 Rat oral 9.4 g/kg

- · Inhalation: no data available
- · Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation no data available Serious eye damage/irritation no data available Respiratory or skin sensitization no data available Germ cell mutagenicity no data available Carcinogenicity no data available **Reproductive toxicity** no data available STOT-single exposure no data available STOT-repeated exposure no data available Aspiration hazard

no data available

12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

- · Toxicity to fish: no data available
- · Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available
- · Toxicity to algae: no data available
- · Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: Guar gum is subject to biological degradation in solution(1). A strain of Pseudomonas sp., isolated from soil, was able to degrade guar gum(2). Polysaccharides like guar gum are very susceptible to biodegradation(3). Guar gum, unless protected by a biocide, is attacked by soil microorganisms creating objectionable odors(4); when it breaks down, the natural gum leaves a solid residue of about 10%(4).

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

Guar gum is a natural polymer used in drilling muds and fluids to flocculate drill cuttings(1,2). Guar gum, as a mudding agent, works by increasing cohesion (via thickening or gelatization) and by wrapping soil particles with a polymer bridge(2). The polymer adsorbs strongly to the soil particles(2). This suggests that guar gum is expected to be immobile in soil and will not leach(SRC).

12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

14. Transport information

14.1 UN Number

	ADR/RID: UN3260	IMDG: UN3260	IATA: UN3260
14.2	UN Proper Shipping Name		
	ADR/RID: CORROSIVE SOLID, A IMDG: CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIE IATA: CORROSIVE SOLID, ACID	DIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)		
	ADR/RID: 8	IMDG: 8	IATA: 8
14.4	Packing group, if applicable		
	ADR/RID: II	IMDG: II	IATA: II
14.5	Environmental hazards		
	ADR/RID: no	IMDG: no	IATA: no
14.6	Special precautions for us	ser	

no data available

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

no data available

- 15. Regulatory information
- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
Guar gum	Guar gum	9000-30-0	none
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)			Listed.
EC Inventory			Listed.
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory			Listed.
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015			Not Listed.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)			Listed.

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Listed.
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory	Listed.
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC)	Listed.

16. Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	Aug 12, 2017
Revision Date	Aug 12, 2017

Abbreviations and acronyms

- · CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- · IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- · IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- · STEL: Short term exposure limit
- · LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

- IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:
 - http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en

- CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- · ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.