## SAFETY DATA SHEETS

According to Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) - Sixth revised edition

Version: 1.0

Creation Date: Aug 10, 2017

Revision Date: Aug 10, 2017

#### 1. Identification

#### 1.1 GHS Product identifier

Product name ibuprofen

#### 1.2 Other means of identification

Product number -

Other names Andran

#### 1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses For industry use only.

Uses advised against no data available

Company XiXisys.com
Address XiXisys.com
Telephone XiXisys.com
Fax XiXisys.com

Emergency phone

number

Service hours Monday to Friday, 9am-5pm (Standard time zone:

UTC/GMT +8 hours).

#### 2. Hazard identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Oral, Category 4

Skin mild irritation, Category 3

Eye irritation, Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure, Category 3

### 2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)

No symbol.

Signal word

Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H316 Causes mild skin irritation

H320 Causes eye irritation

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

P261 Avoid breathing

dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON

CENTER/doctor/…if you feel unwell.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/attention.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/…if you feel

unwell.

Storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep

container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to ...

#### 2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

none

#### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

Chemical	Common names and	CAS	EC	Concentration
name	synonyms	number	number	
ibuprofen	ibuprofen	15687-27-1	none	100%

#### 4. First-aid measures

## 4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

## 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

When acute overdosage of ibuprofen occurs, the stomach should be emptied by inducing emesis or by lavage, particularly if there is evidence that the drug has been ingested recently (within 1 hour), and standard measures to maintain urine output should be instituted. Since ibuprofen is acidic and is excreted in the urine, alkaline diuresis might be beneficial.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

## 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

### 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter

drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Preparations containing ibuprofen tablets should be stored in well closed, light resistant containers at 15-30°C.

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

## 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

# 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Wear impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

Wear dust mask when handling large quantities.

Thermal hazards

no data available

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state Colourless, Crystalline Solid

Colour Colorless, crystalline stable solid

Characteristic odor Odour

Melting point/ freezing 82°C(lit.)

point

Boiling point or initial 157°C/4mmHg(lit.)

boiling point and

boiling range

**Flammability** no data available no data available Lower and upper

explosion limit / flammability limit

Flash point 64°C(lit.)

**Auto-ignition** no data available

temperature

Decomposition no data available

temperature

pН no data available Kinematic viscosity no data available In water:insoluble Solubility Partition coefficient n- no data available

octanol/water (log

value)

Vapour pressure 0.000139mmHg at 25°C Density and/or relative 1.029g/cm3 density
Relative vapour density no data available
Particle characteristics no data available

### 10. Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

no data available

## 10.2 Chemical stability

**STABLE** 

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

no data available

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and fumes.

## 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

· Oral: LD50 Rat oral 636 mg/kg

· Inhalation: no data available

· Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

## 12. Ecological information

## 12.1 Toxicity

- · Toxicity to fish: no data available
- · Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available
- Toxicity to algae: no data available
- · Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: Ibuprofen has shown to be inherently biodegradable by sewage treatment(1). However, analysis of activated sludge from the wastewater treatment plant at Gossau, Switzerland indicates that a residence time in excess of 6 hours is required for complete removal of ibuprofen(2). A half-life of 20 days was determined from a study using water samples from lake Greifensee, Switzerland that were incubated at room temperature for 37 days with 200 ng/l racemic ibuprofen(2). Influent concentration of 0.3 ug/l in Brazilian treatment plants showed a removal efficiency of ranging from 22-75%(3).

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 3 was calculated for ibuprofen(SRC), using a log Kow of 3.97(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

The Koc of ibuprofen is estimated as 3,400(SRC), using a log Kow of 3.97(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this estimated Koc value suggests that ibuprofen is expected to have slight mobility in soil. The pKa of ibuprofen is 4.91(4), indicating that this compound will primarily exist in the dissociated form in the environment and anions generally do not adsorb to organic carbon and clay more strongly than their neutral counterparts(5).

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

#### 13. Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Disposal methods

**Product** 

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

### 14. Transport information

#### 14.1 UN Number

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods.

IMDG: Not dangerous goods.

IATA: Not dangerous goods.

## 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: unknown IMDG: unknown IATA: unknown

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous

IMDG: Not dangerous

IATA: Not dangerous

goods.

goods.

goods.

## 14.4 Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: Not dangerous

IMDG: Not dangerous

IATA: Not dangerous

goods.

goods.

goods.

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no

IMDG: no

IATA: no

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

no data available

## 15. Regulatory information

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
ibuprofen	ibuprofen	15687-27-1	none
European Inventor (EINECS)	Listed.		
EC Inventory	Listed.		
United States Toxio	Listed.		
China Catalog of H	Not Listed.		
New Zealand Inver	Listed.		
Philippines Invento	Listed.		

(PICCS)	
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory	Listed.
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC)	Not Listed.

#### 16. Other information

#### Information on revision

Creation Date Aug 10, 2017 Revision Date Aug 10, 2017

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

- · CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- · IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- · IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- · TWA: Time Weighted Average
- · STEL: Short term exposure limit
- · LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- · LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

- · IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website:
  - http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- · HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website:
  - https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- · IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website:
  - http://www.iarc.fr/
- eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:
  - http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en
- CAMEO Chemicals, website:

- http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- ChemIDplus, website:http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- · ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website:
   http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- · ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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