

ROOM 11-13, 16TH FLOOR, BLOCK A, FINANCIAL SQUARE, XINGLONGTAI DISTRICT, PANJIN CITY, LIAONING P.R. CHINA

HTTP://WWW.DMSO.NET.CN EMAIL: DMSO@CHINADMSO.COM TEL: +86-427-6503033 FAX:+86-427-2871717

#### DMSO (DIMETHY SULFOXIDE)

Material Safety Data Sheet

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Dimethyl Sulfoxide (DMSO)

Appropriate Uses: Solvent and/or law material for polymer manufacturing, extracting, agricultural chemicals manufacturing, dyes and pigments manufacturing, stripper and rust preventives manufacturing, drug manufacturing, precision instrument and electronic parts cleaning, thin film manufacturing, etc. nappropriate Uses: No information.

Name of Supplier: LIAONING DMSO CHEMICALS CO., LTD.

Address: Room 11-13, 16th floor, Block A, Financial Square, Panjin Wealth Building, No. 107 Shiyou Road, Xinglongtai District, Panjin city, Liaoning P.R. China

POST CODE: 124010 TEL: +86-427-6503033 FAX: +86-427-2871717 E-mail: DMSO@CHINADMSO.COM Http://www.dmso.net.cn

## 2. HAZARDS INDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification Flammable liquids: Category 4 Skin corrosion/ irritation: Category 3 Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 2B

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements Signal word: Warning Hazard statement (s): Combustible liquid May causes slight skin irritation May causes eye irritation

Precautionary statement(s): Keep away from ignition such as heat, spark, fire and high temperature- No smoking.

Wash skin with water and soap well after handling.

Use appropriate protective equipment.

Potential health effects/ First aid: See section 4. Consult a doctor if you feel sick. Special hazardous information: No information.

# 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/ Mixture: Substance Chemical name: Dimethyl Sulfoxide Synonyms: DMSO Common chemicals name: Methyl sulfoxide Composition: > 99.9% Chemical formula: (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO Molecular Weight: 78.1 CAS No.: 67-68-5 CHINA. Inventory of Existing: Conform to Chemical Substance EU. EINECS No.: 200-664-3 TSCA: Rigistered

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### JAPAN.ENCS No.: (2)-1553

# 4. FIRST AID

If inhaled

Consult a doctor if you feel sick. More person into fresh air and keep at rest in a comfortable position.

### In case of skin contact

Contact a doctor. Consult a doctor if you feel sick. Wash off with soap and plenty water. Take off all contaminated clothes and wash thoroughly before reuse.

## In case of eye contact

Contact a doctor. Take out contact lenses if possible. Flush eyes carefully with water for a few minutes.

## If swallowed

Contact a doctor. Rinse mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting.

# Acute and gradual effects/ Potencial health effects

This substance may cause eye and skin irritation. Avoid contact with this substance containing toxic materials or materials with unknown hazardous properties. This substance is readity absorbed through skin and may carry such materials into the body.

Protective equipment for first aid person Use rubber gloves and air-tight safety goggles.

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Fire-fighting measures

Move out of dangerous area except authorized persons. Use appropriate protective equipments. Extinguish a fire from safety windward side. Remove all affected containers if possible. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so.

Extinguishing media Mist water, "alcohol" foam, dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide and dry sand should be used.

# Hazardous combustion products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions: carbon oxide, carbon dioxide and sulfur oxides.

#### Special hazardous

This substance may explode with heat, flames and sparks.

This substance may react violently with Strong acids, Strong oxidizing agents, Strong reducing agents, Acid chlorides and Phosphorus halides.

Special fire-fighting measures No information

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Use appropriate protective equipments.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:



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Use appropriate protective equipments. Avoid skin contact. Move out of spilt area except authorized persons. Remove all sources of ignition and prevent further spillage if safe to do so.

Environmental Precautions: Do not let spillage enter drains.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

In case of small amount of spillage, collect with inert materials such as dry sand or soil, and then flush trace spillage with large quantities of water. Dilute waste flushing water and may be burned in a chemical incinerator equipped with a scrubber. In case of large amount of spillage, contain spillage with banks and/or ditch, and then collect with a pump and place in containers or lorries for recycling or disposal. Dispose spillage in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Secondary hazardous precautions Use appropriate protective equipments. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Prevent further spillage.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling:

Handle with a closed system and a ventilator. For safe handling, you should well understand physicochemical properties and hazardous information of DMSO. Use safety protective glasses, protective clothing for preventing static electricity, protective gloves made from synthetic rubber to avoid skin and eye contact. Keep away from ignition sources and high temperature. Do NOT eat, drink and smoke in the workplace. Take measures to prevent static electricity. Use explosion-proof type equipments and ventilators. Avoid contaminate with vapor or mist in a workplace condition. Avoid contact with Strong acid, Strong oxidizing agents, Strong reducing agents, Acid chlorides and Phosphorus halides. Handle with care to prevent damage of containers. Prepare appropriate extinguishes and first aid equipments. Hazardous materials may remain in used containers.

#### Conditions for safe storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dark, a cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from ignition sources, high temperature and sunlight. Avoid contact with Strong acid, Strong oxidizing agents, Strong reducing agents, Acid chlorides and Phosphorus halides. Prepare appropriate extinguishes and first aid equipments. Prepare appropriate equipments and materials for accidental release in storage. DMSO freezes at 18.4°C. Liquefy solid of DMSO in hot water bath. Dispose contents/containers in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Workplace control parameters CHINA MAC : No data Available The former Soviet Union MAC: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> USA. WEEL TLV-TWA: 250 ppm

#### **Control** measures

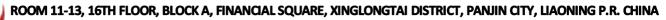
Handle with a closed system and a ventilator. Prepare appropriate emergency shower and eye washer in the workplace.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Use appropriate respirators if the workplace air condition containing high density of dangerous substance. The type of respirator must be selected according to the density and amount of the dangerous substance at the workplace.

#### Hand protection

Handle with protective gloves. Protective gloves must be inspected prior to use.



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Eye protection

Use appropriate safety protective glasses (ex. Safety protective glasses with side-shields).

Skin and body protection

Use appropriate impervious protective clothing (ex. Whole-body suits, full-face mask, protective boots) if necessary. The type of impervious protective clothing must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the workplace.

Hygiene measures Do NOT eat, drink and smoke in the workplace. Wash hands after handling.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Colorless liquid Odor: Characteristic odor pH: No data Available Freezing point: 18.4°C Boiling point: 189℃ Flash point: 87  $^{\circ}$ C closed cup Upper explosion limit: 28.5 %(V/V) Lower explosion limit: 2.6 % (V/V)Vapor pressure: 0.56 hPa at  $20^{\circ}$ C Relative vapor density: 2.7 (Air = 1.0) Relative density: 1.1 at 20  $^{\circ}$ C (Water = 1g/mL) Viscosity: 2.14 mPa • s at 20°C Water solubility: Completely miscible at 20 °C Partition coefficient : log Pow : -2.03n-octanol/water Ignition temperature: 300~302°C Thermal decomposition temperature: >190°C

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability This substance is stable material under normal temperature and pressure conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions.–Toxic fumes of Sulfur oxides

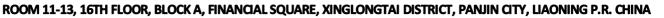
Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Materials to avoid Strong acid, Strong oxidizing agents, Strong reducing agents, Acid chlorides and Phosphorus halides.

Hazardous decomposition products Sulfur oxides, Formaldehyde, Methanethiol and Dimethyl sulfide.

#### Other information

Internal pressure of closed system will increase at high temperature.



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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity Oral: LD50 Oral - rat - 13,400~28,300 mg/kg

Dermal: LD50 Dermal - rat - 40,000 mg/kg

Inhalation: LCO Inhalation - rat - 4h - >5.3 mg/L LCO Inhalation - rat - 4h - >1.6 mg/L (aerosol)

Skin corrosion/irritation Skin – rabbit – Mild skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Eyes - rabbit - Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization Respiratory: No data available

Skin:

Skin - mouse/guinea pig - no skin allergy was observed.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Assessment in vitro:

Salmonella typhimurium reverse mutation assay (Ames test): negative DMSO is a neutral solvent in the Ames mutagen test.

Assessment in vivo: Micronucleus assay in bone marrow (chromosome aberration): negative

Carcinogenicity

Tumorigenic – mouse – subcutaneous injection – no benign tumor or malignant tumor was observed at the injection site. – Exposure 76 weeks (once a week)

Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity assay according to OECD guide-lines 413: negative

Specific target organ/systemic toxicity – single exposure This substance may cause eye and skin irritation. Exposure to high concentrations of DMSO may cause lowering of consciousness. May accelerate skin absorption of other materials (see Notes)

Notes:

Avoid contact with DMSO containing toxic materials or materials with unknown hazardous properties. DMSO is readily absorbed through skin and may carry such materials into the body.

Specific target organ/systemic toxicity - repeated exposure

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NOAEL Oral – monkey – 2,970 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL Inhalation – monkey – 8,910 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC Dermal – rat – 2800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Aspiration hazard No data available

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50 - Fish - 25,000~43,000 mg/L - 96h

Persistence and degradability Low potential for ready biodegradation according to OECD guide-line 301D (Gancet C (2009a))

Bioaccumulative potential BCF – Cyprinus carpi - <0.4/42 days ( $25^{\circ}$ C)

Mobility in soil DMSO moves in soil.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose residual contents/containers in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. If this substance is burned in an incinerator equipped with scrubber, exhaust sulfur oxides gas is removed.

#### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

UN No.: Not applicable UN Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable UN Hazard Class: Not applicable UN Packing Group: Not applicable Marine pollutant: No

Precautions on transport:

Inspect packing conditions of container before transportation. Keep safety (No spilling, No falling and No damage) in transit. Do not transport with Strong acid, Strong oxidizing agents, Strong reducing agents, Acid chlorides, Phosphorus halides and Edible chemicals. Wash Lorry thoroughly before loading next contents. Transport contents in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Regulation for safety handling of chemicals at workplace, [1996] Ministry of Labor of CHINA No. 423 Regulatory information with regard to this substance in your local/region/national should be examined by your own responsibility.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION / REFERENCES

General disclaimer:

The information contained herein is accurate as far as the best of our knowledge. However, we can not assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. The users are responsible for final decisions on suitability of any materials. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used in caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that there are all the hazards which exist.



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- 8. Ann. New York Acad. Sci. 141, 96 (1967)
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