1. PRODUCT

1.1 Product identifiers

Name: Dibutyltin dilaurate

CAS-No.: 77-58-7

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Skin corrosion (Category 1C), H314

Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

Skin sensitisation (Category 1), H317

Germ cell mutagenicity (Category 2), H341

Reproductive toxicity (Category 1B), H360

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 1), H370

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 1), H372

Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H400

Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement(s)	 H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child. H370 Causes damage to organs. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary	P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
statement(s)	P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and
	understood.
	P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
	P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
	P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
	P273 Avoid release to the environment.
	P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face
	protection.
	P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.
	P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated
	clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
	P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or
	doctor/ physician.
	P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately
	call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
	P307 + P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
	P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	P391 Collect spillage.
	P405 Store locked up.
	P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

No data available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Formula:	C ₃₂ H ₆₄ O ₄ Sn
Molecular weight:	631.56 g/mol
CAS-No.:	77-58-7
EC-No.:	201-039-8

Hazardous components

Component	Classification	Concentration
Dibutyltin dilaurate		
cher	Skin Corr. 1C; Eye Dam. 1; Skin Sens. 1; Muta. 2; Repr. 1B; STOT SE 1; STOT RE 1; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1; H314, H317, H341, H360, H370, H372, H410	<= 100 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.2 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

No data available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate

personnel to safe areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully

resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Storage class (TRGS 510): Non-combustible, acute toxic Cat.3 / toxic hazardous materials or hazardous materials causing chronic effects

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis			
Dibutyltin dilaurate	77-58-7	TWA	0.100000 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) -Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants			
		TWA	0.100000 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)			
	Remarks	Central nervous system Immune effects Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Headache Eye irritation Nausea Not classifiable as a human carcinogen Danger of cutaneous absorption varies					
		STEL	0.200000 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)			
		Central nervous system Immune effects Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Headache Eye irritation Nausea Not classifiable as a human carcinogen Danger of cutaneous absorption varies					
12		TWA	0.100000 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits			
		Also see specific listing for Cyhexatin. Potential for dermal absorption					
C.Y		TWA	0.1 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) -Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants			
		TWA	0.1 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)			
		Central nervous system Immune effects Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Headache Eye irritation Nausea Not classifiable as a human carcinogen Danger of cutaneous absorption varies					
		STEL	0.2 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)			
		Central nervous system Immune effects Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Headache Eye irritation Nausea Not classifiable as a human carcinogen Danger of cutaneous absorption					
		varies					
		TWA 0.1 mg/m	TWA 0.1 mg/m3 USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits				
		Also see specific listing for Cyhexatin. Potential for dermal absorpt					
		PEL 0.1 mg/m3 California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)					
		Skin					
aner .		STEL	0.2 mg/m3	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)			
		Skin					

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of

workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face
protectionTightly fitting safety goggles. Faceshield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and
approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection	Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. Full contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.4 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Camatril® (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M) Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 30 min Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M) data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374 If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.
Body Protection	Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.
Respiratory protection	Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi- purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).
Control of environmen tal exposure	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Form: clear, viscous liquid Colour: light yellow
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available
Flash point	113 °C (235 °F) - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
Vapour pressure	0.3 hPa (0.2 mmHg) at 160 °C (320 °F)
Vapour density	No data available
Relative density	1.066 g/cm3 at 25 °C (77 °F)
Water solubility	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: > 3
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

9.2 Other safety information

No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides, Tin/tin oxides

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	
.D50 Oral - Rat - 2,071 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 401) nhalation: No data available .D50 Dermal - Rat - > 2,000 mg/kg No data available	
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin - Rabbit Result: Corrosive, category 1C - where responses occur after exposures between 1 hour and 4 hours and observations up to 14 days. OECD Test Guideline 402)	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	
Eyes - Rabbit Result: Severe eye irritation OECD Test Guideline 405)	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	
Maximisation Test - Guinea pig May cause allergic skin reaction. OECD Test Guideline 406)	
Germ cell mutagenicity	
n vitro tests showed mutagenic effects Result: Not mutagenic in Ames Test Result: Positive results were obtained in some in vitro tests.	
Carcinogenicity	
This product is or contains a component that is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity based on its IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification. ARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a chown or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. DSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.	
Reproductive toxicity	
Presumed human reproductive toxicant Developmental Toxicity - Rat - Oral Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Craniofacial (including nose and tongue). Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system.	
Specific target organ toxicity -single exposure	
Causes damage to organs Thymus.	
Specific target organ toxicity -repeated exposure	
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Thymus.	
Aspiration hazard	

No data available

Additional Information

RTECS: WH7000000

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	No data available
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - < 0.46 mg/l - 48 h
Toxicity to algae	No data available
Toxicity to bacteria	No data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Result: - According to the results of tests of biodegradability this product is not
readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Other adverse effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

UN number: 3265 Class: 8 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (Dibutyltin dilaurate)

Reportable Quantity (RQ):

Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

IMDG

UN number: 3265 Class: 8 Packing group: III EMS-No: F-A, S-B

Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Dibutyltin dilaurate)

Marine pollutant:yes

ΙΑΤΑ

UN number: 3265 Class: 8 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (Dibutyltin dilaurate)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De

Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Dibutyltin dilaurate	77-58-7	1993-02-16

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Dibutyltin dilaurate	77-58-7	1993-02-16

California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other

reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Aquatic Acute Acute aquatic toxicity

Aquatic Chronic Chronic aquatic toxicity

Eye Dam. Serious eye damage

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Muta. Germ cell mutagenicity

HMIS Rating

Health hazard: 2

Chronic Health Hazard: *

Flammability: 1

Physical Hazard 0

NFPA Rating

Health hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 1

