# **Certificate of Analysis**<sub>(Ver.2.0)</sub>

#### **Aflatoxin Total in Acetonitrile**

#### 1. General information

This document is designed and the certified value(s) and uncertainty(ies) are determined in accordance with ISO Guide 31<sup>[1]</sup>.

## 2. Description of the Reference Material (RM)

Product name: Aflatoxin Total in Acetonitrile

Product number: STD#1099

Lot#: 2B00A21

CAS number: Aflatoxin B<sub>1</sub>:1162-65-8;Aflatoxin B<sub>2</sub>:7220-81-7;Aflatoxin G<sub>1</sub>:1165-39-5;Aflatoxin G<sub>2</sub>:7241-98-7;

Forulma: Aflatoxin B<sub>1</sub>:C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>6</sub>; Aflatoxin B<sub>2</sub>:C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>6</sub>; Aflatoxin G<sub>1</sub>:C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>7</sub>; Aflatoxin G<sub>2</sub>:C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>7</sub>;

Formula weight: Aflatoxin B<sub>1</sub>:312.27; Aflatoxin B<sub>2</sub>:314.29; Aflatoxin G<sub>1</sub>:328.27; Aflatoxin G<sub>2</sub>:330.29;

Result concentration: Aflatoxin  $B_1:0.102\pm0.002\mu g/mL$ ; Aflatoxin  $B_2:0.100\pm0.002\mu g/mL$ ;

Aflatoxin  $G_1:0.100\pm0.002\mu g/mL$ ; Aflatoxin  $G_2:0.101\pm0.002\mu g/mL$ 

Starting material: Aflatoxin B<sub>1</sub>,lot#l19703J,Pribolab Pte. Ltd.; Aflatoxin B<sub>2</sub>,lot#l19703J,Pribolab Pte. Ltd.;

Aflatoxin G<sub>1</sub>,lot#l19703J,Pribolab Pte. Ltd.; Aflatoxin G<sub>2</sub>,lot#l19703J,Pribolab Pte. Ltd.

Matrix: Acetonitrile, LiChrosolv<sup>®</sup>, Merck

Amount: 1.2mL

Production date: 21,Jan,2022 Expiry date: 20,Jul,2023

Name of the supplier: Pribolab Pte. Ltd.

#### 2.1 Intended use of the RM

- for laboratory use only
- calibration of analytical instruments

#### 2.2 Instruction for the correct use of the RM

The compound should be stored at  $-20^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  or below in a dark place. Before usage of the RM,the compound should be allowed to warm to temperature( $20\pm3^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ ). The recommended minimum subsample amount for all kinds of application is 100  $\mu$ L. The expiry date of this RM is based on the current knowledge and holds only for proper storage conditions in the originally closed flasks/packages.

#### 2.3 Hazardous situation

The normal laboratory safety precautions should be observed when working with this RM.Further details for the handing of this RM are available as safety data sheet.

Hazardous IngredientsConcentration in%PictogramsSignal wordHazard statement(s)Acetonitrile>99.9DangerH225,H302,H312,H319,H332

## 3. Certified values and their uncertainties

Aflatoxin Total in Acetonitrile							
Compound	Mass concentration <sup>a</sup>			Mass concentration <sup>a</sup>			
	Certified value <sup>b</sup>	Uncertainty <sup>c</sup>	Compound	Certified value <sup>b</sup>	Uncertainty <sup>c</sup>		
Aflatoxin B₁	0.102µg/mL	±0.002µg/mL	Aflatoxin G₁	0.101µg/mL	±0.002µg/mL		
Aflatoxin B <sub>2</sub>	0.100µg/mL	±0.002µg/mL	Aflatoxin G <sub>2</sub>	0.101µg/mL	±0.002µg/mL		

- a Mass concentration based on weighed amount ,purity and dilution steps
- b Values are based on preparation data and confirmed experimentally by HPLC-DAD
- c Expanded uncertainty U(k=2) of the value u<sub>c</sub> according to GUM<sup>[2]</sup>

# 3.1 Calculation of uncertainty

After the concentration of the gravimetric prepared solution was confirmed by HPLC-DAD, the uncertainty of the calibrant was calculated on the basis of preparation<sup>[3]</sup>.

Uncertainty components	Description	Standard uncertainty <sub>(U)</sub>	
Purity(P)of solid Aflatoxin B <sub>1</sub> Aflatoxin B <sub>2</sub> Aflatoxin G <sub>1</sub> Aflatoxin G <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>1</sub> =99.1±0.9% P <sub>2</sub> =98.9±1.1% P <sub>3</sub> =99.0±1.0% P <sub>4</sub> =98.8±1.2%	u(P <sub>1</sub> )=0.5% u(P <sub>2</sub> )=0.6% u(P <sub>3</sub> )=0.6% u(P <sub>4</sub> )=0.7%	а
Weighing procedure: Weighted sample:  maflatoxin B1=2.548mg	$U_{(m)}$ =0.0000008g+1.30*10 <sup>-5</sup> *m <sub>Toxin</sub> $u_{(m)}$ = $U_{(m)}$ /2	u <sub>(m)</sub> =0.0004mg	b
Dilution procedure Volumetric flask1:V <sub>f1</sub> =250mL Volumetric flask2:V <sub>f2</sub> =250mL One-mark glass pipette:V <sub>P</sub> =5mL	calibration flask1: 250mL±0.15mL repeatability flask1: 0.03mL volume expansion solvent flask1 calibration flask2: 250mL±0.15mL repeatability flask2: 0.03mL volume expansion solvent flask2 Calibration pipette: 5mL±0.015mL volume expansion solvent pipette	u(cal1)=0.06mL u(rep1)=0.03mL u(Vol.exp.1)=0.59mL u(V1)=0.59mL u(cal2)=0.06mL u(rep2)=0.03mL u(Vol.exp.2)=0.59mL u(V2)=0.59mL u(val3)=0.006mL u(Vol.exp.3)=0.012mL u(V3)=0.01mL	c d e f g h i j k l m

a Maximum tolerance of purity was divided by  $\sqrt{3}$ 

f,j,m The three contributions are combined to give the u(V)=  $\sqrt{u(cal)^2 + u(rep)^2 + u(Vol.exp)^2}$ 

Calculation of the combined uncertainty uc and the expanded standard uncertainty U

b Calculation of this u-value is based upon the uncertainty formula for the weighed amount as given in the calibration report from annual balance calibration c.g.k A triangular distribution(division by  $\sqrt{6}$  ) was chosen for the calculation of u(cal)

d,h Based on a series of ten fill and weigh experiments on a typical 250mL flask; the value was used directly as a standard deviation

e,i,l Based on the density of 0.7857 g/cm³ at temperature T=20 °C and a maximum temperature variation of  $\pm 3$  °C,of volume expansion, relative volume expansion coefficient of acetonitrile is  $1370^*10^{-6}$  °C [7], volume expansion term(rectangular distribution) was divided by  $\sqrt{3}$ 

$$\mathbf{c}_{Toxin} = \frac{10 \times m_{ws} \times P_1 \times V_P}{V_{f_1} \times V_{f_2}} = \frac{10 \times 2.548 \times 99.1 \times 5}{250 \times 250} = 0.101 \, mg \, / L$$

$$\frac{u_c(c_{\text{Toxin}})}{c_{\text{Toxin}}} = \sqrt{\left[\frac{u(P)}{P}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{u(m)}{m_{ws}}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{u(V1)}{V_{f1}}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{u(V2)}{V_{f2}}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{u(V3)}{V_P}\right]^2} = \sqrt{\left[\frac{0.5}{99.1}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{0.0004}{2.548}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{0.59}{250}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{0.59}{250}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{0.007}{5}\right]^2} = 0.007$$

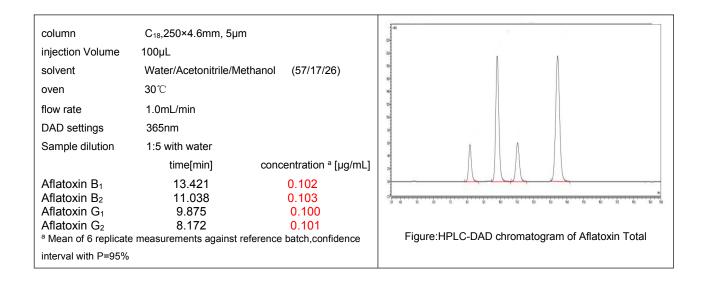
$$\mathbf{U}_C(c_{Toxin}) = c_{Toxin} \times 0.007 = 0.101 \times 0.007 = 0.001 \, mg \, / L$$
calculation of expanded standard uncertainty U using a coverage factor k=2
$$\mathbf{U}(c_{Toxin}) = u_c(c_{Toxin}) \times 2 = 0.001 \times 2 = 0.002 \, mg \, / L = 0.002 \, \mug \, / mL$$

## 4. Discussion of traceability

This calibrant is certified on the basis of gravimetric preparation<sup>[4]</sup>. Thus the certified value(mass concentration of Aflatoxin Total is based on the weighed amount of the starting material and is therefore traceable to the stated purity of the solid raw material. High purity material represents a practical realization of concentration units, through conversion of mass to molar quantity.

# 5. Confirmation of certified value by HPLC-DAD

The certified concentration of Aflatoxin Total of the gravimetric prepared solution was confirmed by HPLC-DAD against an independently prepared reference batch of Aflatoxin Total.



## **6.Further information**

The purchaser must determine the suitability of this product for its particular use. Pribolab makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, other than its products meet all quality control standards set by Pribolab. We do not guarantee that the product can be used for a special application.

Inspected by

Quality System Specialist

#### References:

- [1] ISO Guide 31, 1-7, (2000), "Reference Materials Contents of Certificates and Labels"
- [2] International Organization for Standardization (ISO), (2008), "Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurements", (GUM 1995 with minor corrections) 1st Ed. Geneva, Switzerland
- [3] R.D. Josephs, R. Krska, S. MacDonald, P. Wilson, H. Pettersson, J. AOAC Int. 86, 50-60. (2003), "Preparation of a Calibrant as Certified Reference Material for Determination of the Fusarium Mycotoxin, Zearalenone"
- [4] E.W. Flick, (1998), "Industrial Solvents Handbook",5rd Ed., Noyes Data Corp. Westwood NJ