Certificate of Analysis(Ver.1.0)

Fumonisin B₁,B₂,B₃ in Acetonitrile/Water (1:1)

1. General information

This document is designed and the certified value(s) and uncertainty(ies) are determined in accordance with ISO Guide 31^[1].

2. Description of the Reference Material (RM)

Product name:	Fumonisin B1,B2,B3 in Acetonitrile/Water(1:1)
Product number:	STD#2014
Lot#:	2A00D17
CAS number:	Fumonisin B ₁ :116355-83-0; Fumonisin B ₂ :116355-84-1; Fumonisin B ₃ :1422359-85-0;
Forulma:	Fumonisin B ₁ :C ₃₄ H ₅₉ NO ₁₅ ; Fumonisin B ₂ :C ₃₄ H ₅₉ NO ₁₄ ; Fumonisin B ₃ :C ₃₄ H ₅₉ NO ₁₄
Formula weight:	Fumonisin B1:721.83; Fumonisin B2:705.83; Fumonisin B3:705.83
Result concentration:	Fumonisin B ₁ :50.01±0.60μg/mL Fumonisin B ₂ : 25.14±0.30μg/mL Fumonisin B ₃ : 25.07±0.40μg/mL
Starting material:	Fumonisin B₁:lot#J20202P,Pribolab Pte. Ltd. ;Fumonisin B₂:lot#I19418P,Pribolab Pte. Ltd.;
	Fumonisin B₃:lot#l19209J,Pribolab Pte. Ltd.
Matrix:	Acetonitrile, LiChrosolv®, Merck
Amount:	1.2mL
Production date:	15,Apr,2021
Expiry date:	14,Oct,2022
Name of the supplier:	Pribolab Pte. Ltd.

2.1 Intended use of the RM

- for laboratory use only
- calibration of analytical instruments

2.2 Instruction for the correct use of the RM

The compound should be stored at $2-8^{\circ}$ C or below in a dark place. Before usage of the RM,the compound should be allowed to warm to temperature($20\pm3^{\circ}$ C). The recommended minimum sub-sample amount for all kinds of application is 100 µL. The expiry date of this RM is based on the current knowledge and holds only for proper storage conditions in the originally closed flasks/packages.

2.3 Hazardous situation

The normal laboratory safety precautions should be observed when working with this RM.Further details for the handing of this RM are available as safety data sheet.

Hazardous Ingredients	Concentration in%	Pictograms	Signal word	Hazard statement(s)
Acetonitrile	>50		Danger	H225,H302,H312,H319,H332

3. Certified values and their uncertainties

Fumonisin B ₁ ,B ₂ ,B ₃ in Acetonitrile/Water						
Mass concentration		ntration ^a		Mass concentration ^a		
Compound	Certified value ^b	Uncertainty ^c	Compound	Certified value ^b	Uncertainty ^c	
Fumonisin B ₁	<mark>50.01</mark> µg/mL	±0.60µg/mL	Fumonisin B ₃	<mark>25.07</mark> µg/mL	±0.40µg/mL	
Fumonisin B ₂	<mark>25.14</mark> µg/mL	± <mark>0.30</mark> µg/mL				
a Mass concentration based on weighed amount ,purity and dilution steps						
b Values are based on preparation data and confirmed experimentally by LC-MSMS						

c Expanded uncertainty U(k=2) of the value uc according to GUM^[2]

3.1 Calculation of uncertainty

After the concentration of the gravimetric prepared solution was confirmed by LC-MSMS, the uncertainty of the calibrant was calculated on the basis of preparation^[3].

Uncertainty components	Description	Standard uncertaint	Standard uncertainty(U)		
Purity(P)of solid Fumonisin B1 Fumonisin B2 Fumonisin B3	P ₁ =99.0±1.0% P ₂ =98.9±1.1% P ₃ =98.2±1.8%	u(P ₁)=0.6% u(P ₂)=0.6% u(P ₃)=1.0%	а		
Weighing procedure: Weighted sample: m _{Fumonisin B1} =12.630mg m _{Fumonisin B2} =6.355mg m _{Fumonisin B3} =6.383mg	$U_{(m)}$ =0.0000008g+1.30*10 ⁻⁵ *m Toxin $u_{(m)}$ = $U_{(m)}/2$	u _(m1) =0.0012mg u _(m1) =0.0008mg u _(m1) =0.0008mg	b		
Dilution procedure Volumetric flask :v _f =250mL	Calibration:250mL ± 0.15mL Repeatability : 0.03mL Volume expansion solvent	u(cal)=0.06mL u(rep)=0.03mL u(Vol.exp.1)=0.59mL u(v)=0.6mL	c d e f		

a Maximum tolerance of purity was divided by $\sqrt{3}$

b Calculation of this u-value is based upon the uncertainty formula for the weighed amount as given in the calibration report from annual balance calibration

c A triangular distribution(division by $\sqrt{6}$)was chosen for the calculation of u(cal)

d Based on a series of ten fill and weigh experiments on a typical 50mL flask; the value was used directly as a standard deviation

e Based on the density of 0.7857 g/cm³ at temperature T=20°C and a maximum temperature variation of ±3°C, of volume expansion, relative volume expansion coefficient of acetonitrile is $1370*10^{-6}/^{\circ}C$ [7], volume expansion term(rectangular distribution) was divided by $\sqrt{3}$

f The three contributions are combined to give the u(V)= $\sqrt{u(cal)^2 + u(rep)^2 + u(Vol.exp)^2}$

Calculation of the combined uncertainty u_c and the expanded standard uncertainty U

$$C_{\text{Toxin}} = \frac{10 \times \text{m}_{\text{ws}} \times \text{P}}{V_{f}} = \frac{10 \times 12.630 \times 99.0}{250} = 50.01 \text{mg} / L$$
$$\frac{\textbf{U}_{c}(C_{\text{Toxin}})}{\textbf{C}_{\text{Toxin}}} = \sqrt{\left[\frac{u(P)}{P}\right]^{2} + \left[\frac{u(m)}{m_{\text{ws}}}\right]^{2} + \left[\frac{u(V)}{V_{f}}\right]^{2}} = \sqrt{\left[\frac{0.6}{99.0}\right]^{2} + \left[\frac{0.0004}{12.630}\right]^{2} + \left[\frac{0.6}{250}\right]^{2}} = 0.006$$
$$\mathcal{U}_{c}(C_{\text{Toxin}}) = C_{\text{Toxin}} \times 0.006 = 500 \times 0.006 = 0.300 \text{mg} / L$$

calculation of expanded standard uncertainty U using a coverage factor k=2

$$U(\mathbf{c}_{\text{Toxin}}) = \boldsymbol{\mu}_{c}(\mathbf{c}_{\text{Toxin}}) \times 2 = 0.300 \times 2 = 0.60 \,\mu g \,/\, mL$$

4.Discussion of traceability

This calibrant is certified on the basis of gravimetric preparation^[4]. Thus the certified value(mass concentration of Fumonisin B_1, B_2, B_3 is based on the weighed amount of the starting material and is therefore traceable to the stated purity of the solid raw material. High purity material represents a practical realization of concentration units, through conversion of mass to molar quantity.

5. Confirmation of certified value by LC-MSMS

The certified concentration of Fumonisin B_1 , B_2 , B_3 of the gravimetric prepared solution was confirmed by LC-MSMS against an independently prepared reference batch of Fumonisin B_1 , B_2 , B_3 .

С ₁₈ ,100×2.1mm, 3µm 1µL		106 80-		NL 4 68E4 mc2 708 350 pm 208 350 pm 302 3708 450 co 382 3708 460 ms 2020091101 24
2mM ammonium acetate		40	٨	
Acetonitrile		20-		NL:1.11E4
40 ℃		80		TIC F = e E ESI SRM ms2 722.000 (334.199.333.161, 352.593.52.161, MS 2000061301.24
0.3mL/min		60- 40-		1952.cod0091301-24
ESI,positive mode		20		
1:5 with Water/Acetonitrile	e=50:50	00 02 04 08 08 10 12 1	18 18 20 22 24 28 28 30 32 34	36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50
time in minutes (min)	% solvent			
0-1	30% B			
1-3.5	30-70% B		time[min]	concentration ^a
3.5-4	70-70% B			[µg/mL]
4-5	70-30% B	Fumonisin B	3.554	50.09 25.17 25.03
	1μL 2mM ammonium acetate Acetonitrile 40°C 0.3mL/min ESI,positive mode 1:5 with Water/Acetonitrile time in minutes (min) 0-1 1-3.5 3.5-4	1μL 2mM ammonium acetate Acetonitrile 40°C 0.3mL/min ESI,positive mode 1:5 with Water/Acetonitrile=50:50 time in minutes (min) % solvent 0-1 30% B 1-3.5 30-70% B 3.5-4 70-70% B	$ \begin{array}{c} 1\mu L\\ 2mM ammonium acetate\\ Acetonitrile\\ 40^{\circ}C\\ 0.3mL/min\\ ESI,positive mode\\ 1:5 with Water/Acetonitrile=50:50\\ time in minutes (min) & solvent\\ 0-1 & 30\% B\\ 1-3.5 & 30-70\% B\\ 3.5-4 & 70-70\% B\\ 4-5 & 70-30\% B \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 1 \mu L \\ 2 mM ammonium acetate \\ Acetonitrile \\ 40 ^{\circ}C \\ 0.3 mL/min \\ ESI,positive mode \\ 1:5 with Water/Acetonitrile=50:50 \\ time in minutes (min) & % solvent \\ 0-1 & 30\% B \\ 1-3.5 & 30-70\% B \\ 3.5-4 & 70-70\% B \\ 4.5 & 70-30\% B \\ \end{array} $

6.Further information

The purchaser must determine the suitability of this product for its particular use. Pribolab makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, other than its products meet all quality control standards set by Pribolab. We do not guarantee that the product can be used for a special application.

Inspected by

Quality System Specialist

References:

- [1] ISO Guide 31, 1-7, (2000), "Reference Materials Contents of Certificates and Labels"
- [2] International Organization for Standardization (ISO), (2008), "Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurements", (GUM 1995 with minor corrections) 1st Ed. Geneva, Switzerland
- R.D. Josephs, R. Krska, S. MacDonald, P. Wilson, H. Pettersson, J. AOAC Int. 86, 50-60. (2003),
 "Preparation of a Calibrant as Certified Reference Material for Determination of the Fusarium Mycotoxin, Zearalenone"
- [4] E.W. Flick, (1998), "Industrial Solvents Handbook ",5rd Ed., Noyes Data Corp. Westwood NJ