## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

#### 1. PRODUCT

#### 1.1 Product identifiers

Name: Butyl lactate CAS-No.: 138-22-7

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

## GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Flammable liquids (Category 4), H227

Skin irritation (Category 2), H315

Eye irritation (Category 2A), H319

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Respiratory system, H335

Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 3), H402

Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 3), H412

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statement(s)	H227 Combustible liquid. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement(s)	P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection. P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction. P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

No data available

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances

Formula:  $C_7H_{14}O_3$  Molecular weight: 146.18 g/mol CAS-No.: 138-22-7 EC-No.: 205-316-4

#### **Hazardous components**

Component	Classification	Concentration
Butyl lactate		
	Flam. Liq. 4; Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2A; STOT SE 3; Aquatic Acute 3; Aquatic Chronic 3; H227, H315, H319, H335, H412	<= 100 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice
Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.
If inhaled
If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.
In case of skin contact
Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.
In case of eye contact
Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.
If swallowed
Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

## 4.2 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

physician.

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### 5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

For precautions see section 2.2.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Storage class (TRGS 510): Combustible liquids

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis	
Butyl lactate	138-22-7	TWA	5.000000 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	
	Remarks	Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Headache			
		TWA	5 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	
		Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Headache			
		TWA	5.000000 ppm 25.000000 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits	
C.T.	,	PEL	5 ppm 25 mg/m3	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)	

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

## Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).
Skin protection	Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.  Full contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M) Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M) data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374  If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.
Body Protection	Impervious clothing, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.
Respiratory protection	Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).
Control of environmen tal exposure	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Form: liquid Colour: colourless
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
pH	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -28 °C (-18 °F) - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	185 - 187 °C (365 - 369 °F) - lit.
Flash point	69 °C (156 °F) - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
Vapour pressure	0.5 hPa (0.4 mmHg) at 20 °C (68 °F)
Vapour density	5.05 - (Air = 1.0)5.05 - (Air = 1.0)
Relative density	0.984 g/cm3 at 25 °C (77 °F)
Water solubility	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

## 9.2 Other safety information

Relative vapour density: 5.05 - (Air = 1.0)

5.05 - (Air = 1.0)

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

## 10.1 Reactivity

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agentsStrong oxidizing agents, Strong bases

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - > 5,000 mg/kg Inhalation: No data available Dermal: No data available

LD50 Subcutaneous - Rat - 12,000 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

#### Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

#### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity -single exposure

Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Specific target organ toxicity -repeated exposure

No data available

## **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

#### **Additional Information**

RTECS: OD4025000

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

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#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	LC50 - Danio rerio (zebra fish) - 75 mg/l - 96 h mortality NOEC - Danio rerio (zebra fish) - 56 mg/l - 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 320 mg/l - 48 h
Toxicity to algae	No data available
Toxicity to bacteria	No data available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Harmful to aquatic life.

No data available

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

### **Product**

This combustible material may be burned in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

#### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### DOT (US)

NA-Number: 1993 Class: NONE Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (Butyl lactate)

Reportable Quantity (RQ):
Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

**IMDG** 

Not dangerous goods

IATA

Not dangerous goods

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## **SARA 302 Components**

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

### **SARA 313 Components**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

#### SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard

## **Massachusetts Right To Know Components**

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Butyl lactate	138-22-7	1994-04-01

## **Pennsylvania Right To Know Components**

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Butyl lactate	138-22-7	1994-04-01

## **New Jersey Right To Know Components**

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Butyl lactate	138-22-7	1994-04-01

#### California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Aquatic Acute Acute aquatic toxicity

Aquatic Chronic Chronic aquatic toxicity

Eye Irrit. Eye irritation

Flam. Liq. Flammable liquids

H227 Combustible liquid.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

## **HMIS Rating**

Health hazard: 2

Chronic Health Hazard:

Flammability: 2

Physical Hazard 0

## **NFPA Rating**

Health hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 2

Reactivity Hazard: 0