

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : BDE No 100 solution

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP]

Flammable liquids (Category 2)

Aspiration hazard (Category 1)

Skin irritation (Category 2)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3)

Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1)

Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1)

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Highly flammable. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Irritating to skin. Vapours may cause

drowsiness and dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aqueous environment. Highly flammable. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Irritating to skin.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term

adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Highly flammable. Harmful: may cause lung damage if

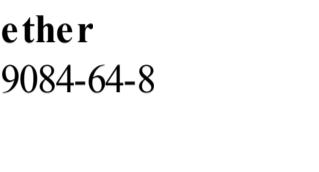
swallowed. Irritating to skin. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic organisms,

may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Pictogram



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P301 + P310 If SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

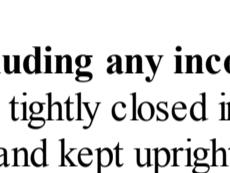
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Supplemental Hazard Statements

none

According to European Directive 67/548/EEC as amended.

Hazard symbol(s)



R-phrase(s)

R11 Highly flammable.

R38 Irritating to skin.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aqueous environment.

S-phrase(s)

S9 Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S29 Do not empty into drains.

S33 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

S60 This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

S61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/ Safety data sheets.

S62 If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

### 2.3 Other hazards - none

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2 Mixtures

Synonyms : 2,2',4,4',6-Pentabromodiphenyl ethersolution

2,2',4,4',6-PentaBDE

PBDE 100

Formula : C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Br<sub>5</sub>O

Component Classification Concentration

2,2,4-Trimethylenepentane

CAS-No. 540-84-1 Flam. Liq. 2; Asp. Tox. 1; Skin Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1;

EC-No. 208-759-1 H225, H304, H315, H336, H410

F, Xn, N, R11 - R38 - R65 - R67 - R50/53

2,2',4,4',6-Pentabromodiphenyl ether

CAS-No. 189084-64-8 - - - - -

<= 0,01 %

For the full text of the H-Statements and R-Phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

For small (incipient) fires, use media such as "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. For large fires, apply water from as far as possible. Use very large quantities (flooding) of water applied as a mist or spray; solid streams of water may be ineffective. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

### 5.3 Precautions for fire-fighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

### 5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13).

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Recommended storage temperature: 2 - 8 °C

### 7.3 Specific end uses

no data available

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices.

Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves must have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals. Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance Form: clear, colourless

b) Odour no data available

c) Odour Threshold no data available

d) pH -

e) Melting/freezing point Melting point/range: - 107 °C

f) Initial boiling point 98 - 99 °C at 1013 hPa

g) Boiling point -

h) Flash point -12 °C

i) Flammability (solid, gas) no data available

j) Upper/lower explosive limit no data available

k) Explosive limits Upper explosion limit: 1 % (V)

l) Vapour pressure 55 hPa at 21 °C

m) Relative density 0,90 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

n) Water solubility insoluble

o) Octanol/water partition coefficient: n.o.

p) Autoignition temperature 396 °C

q) Decomposition temperature -

r) Viscosity no data available

s) Explosive properties no data available

t) Oxidizing properties no data available

### 9.2 Other safety information

no data available

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity

no data available

### 10.2 Chemical stability

no data available

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available