

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product name : 2-Fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl chloride

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

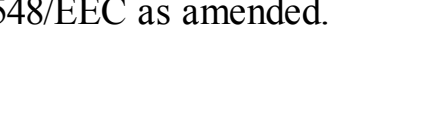
### Classification of the substance or mixture

According to Regulation (EC) No1272/2008  
Skin corrosion (Category 1B)

According to European Directive 67/548/EEC as amended.  
Causes burns.

### Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statement(s)  
H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statement(s)  
P280 : Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  
P305 + P351 + P338 : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P310 : Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

Hazard symbol(s)  
C : Corrosive

R-phrases(s)  
R34 : Causes burns.

S-phrases(s)  
S26 : In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S27 : Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

S36/37/39 : Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S45 : In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

### Other hazards

Lachrymator.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Formula : C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>3</sub>ClF<sub>4</sub>O

Molecular Weight : 226,56 g/mol

CAS-No.	EC-No.	Classification	Concentration
2-Fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl chloride 126917-10-0	-	Skin Corr. 1B; H314 C, R34	-

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

### In case of skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

### In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

### If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### Suitable extinguishing media

For small (incipient) fires, use media such as "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. For large fires, apply water from as far as possible. Use very large quantities (flooding) of water applied as a mist or spray; solid streams of water may be ineffective. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water.

### Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

### Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

### Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

### Conditions for safe storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in cool place.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Personal protective equipment

#### Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### Hand protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Faceshield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

#### Skin and body protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

#### Hygiene measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Appearance

Form : clear, liquid

Colour : colourless

### Safety data

pH : no data available

Melting point : no data available

Boiling point : 188 - 189 °C - lit.

Flash point : 81 °C - closed cup

Ignition temperature : no data available

Lower explosion limit : no data available

Upper explosion limit : no data available

Density : 1,5 g/cm<sup>3</sup> at 25 °C

Water solubility : no data available

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

### Materials to avoid

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases

### Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides, Hydrogen chloride gas, Hydrogen fluoride

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Acute toxicity

no data available

### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

no data available

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

### Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

no data available

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

no data available

### Aspiration hazard

no data available

### Potential health effects

#### Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled. Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

#### Ingestion

May be harmful if swallowed. Causes burns.

#### Skin

May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin burns.

#### Eyes

Causes eye burns.

### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea

### Additional Information

RTECS: Not available

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Toxicity

no data available

### Persistence and degradability

no data available

### Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

### Mobility in soil

no data available

### PBT and vPvB assessment

no data available

### Other adverse effects

no data available

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Product

This combustible material may be burned in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. Offer surplus and non-recyclable as a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### ADR/RID

UN-Number: 3265 Class: 8 Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (2-Fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl chloride)

### IMDG

UN-Number: 3265 Class: 8 Packing group: II EMS-No: F-A, S-B

Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (2-Fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl chloride)

Marine pollutant: No

### IATA

UN-Number: 3265 Class: 8 Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (2-Fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl chloride)

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Text of H-code(s) and R-phrases(s) mentioned in Section 3

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Skin Corr. : Skin corrosion

C : Corrosive

R34 : Causes burns.

### Further information

For R&D use only. Not for drug, household or other uses.

WARRANTY:

The above information is provided to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Lookchem shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

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