

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Dibromofluoromethane solution

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP]

Flammable liquids (Category 2)

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3)

Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3)

Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 3)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 1)

Hazardous to the ozone layer

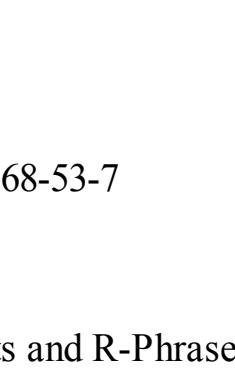
Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Highly flammable. Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Dangerous for the ozone layer.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

Precautionary statement(s)

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Supplemental Hazard information (EU)

EUH059 Hazardous to the ozone layer.

According to European Directive 67/548/EEC as amended.

Hazard symbol(s)



R-phrase(s)

R11 Highly flammable.

R23/24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R39/23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R59 Dangerous for the ozone layer.

S-phrase(s)

S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

S59 Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling.

2.3 Other hazards - none

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Component Classification Concentration

Methanol

CAS-No.	67-56-1	Flam. Liq. 2; Acute Tox. 3;	99,8 %
EC-No.	200-659-6	STOT SE 1; H225, H301,	
	-	H311, H331, H370	
		F, T, R11 - R23/24/25 -	
		R39/23/24/25	

Dibromofluoromethane

CAS-No.	1868-53-7	Acute Tox. 4; Ozone ; H302,	0,2 %
		EUH059	
		Xn, N, R22 - R59	

For the full text of the H-Statements and R-Phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Methyl alcohol may be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Cannot be made non-poisonous. Effects due to ingestion may include: Nausea, Headache, Vomiting, Gastrointestinal disturbance, Dizziness, Weakness, Confusion, Drowsiness, Unconsciousness. To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

For small (incipient) fires, use media such as "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. For large fires, apply water from as far as possible. Use very large quantities (flooding) of water applied as a mist or spray; solid streams of water may be ineffective. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

5.3 Precautions for fire-fighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully ressealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Recommended storage temperature: 2 - 8 °C

7.3 Specific end uses

no data available

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance

Form: liquid

Colour: colourless

b) Odour

no data available

c) Odour Threshold

no data available

d) pH

no data available

e) Melting/freezing point

-98 °C

f) Initial boiling point and boiling range

64 - 65 °C at 1.013 hPa

g) Flash point

11 °C - closed cup

h) Evaporation rate

no data available

i) Flammability (solid, gas)

no data available

j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Upper explosion limit: 36 % (V)

k) Explosive limits

no data available

l) Vapour pressure

547,23 hPa at 50 °C

m) Vapour density

0,79,1

n) Relative density

0,79 g/cm³

o) Water solubility

completely miscible

p) Octanol/water partition coefficient, n-octanol : water

no data available

q) Autoignition temperature

no data available

r) Decomposition temperature

no data available

s) Viscosity

no data available

t) Explosive properties</h