

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Hexyl isovalerate

CAS-No. : 10032-13-0

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Not a dangerous substance according to GHS.

This substance is not classified as dangerous according to Directive 67/548/EEC.

### 2.2 Label elements

The product does not need to be labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws.

### 2.3 Other hazards - none

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1 Substances

Formula : C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

Molecular Weight : 186,29 g/mol

Component

Concentration

Hexyl isovalerate

CAS-No. : 10032-13-0

EC-No. : 233-105-7

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

#### In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

#### If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water.

Consult a physician.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

For small (incipient) fires, use media such as "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. For large fires, apply water from as far as possible. Use very large quantities (flooding) of water applied as a mist or spray; solid streams of water may be ineffective. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

### 5.3 Advice for fire fighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

### 5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Remove all sources of ignition. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### 7.3 Specific end uses

no data available

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Components with workplace control parameters

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### Personal protective equipment

##### Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

##### Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

##### Body Protection

Impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

##### Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance Form: clear, liquid

Colour: colourless

b) Odour

no data available

c) Odour Threshold

no data available

d) pH

no data available

e) Melting point/freezing point

no data available

f) Initial boiling point and boiling range

215 °C at 1.013 hPa

g) Flash point

88 °C - closed cup

h) Evaporation rate

no data available

i) Flammability (solid, gas) no data available

j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

no data available

k) Vapour pressure

no data available

l) Vapour density

no data available

m) Relative density

0,857 g/mL at 20 °C

n) Water solubility

no data available

o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

no data available

p) Autoignition temperature

no data available

q) Decomposition temperature

no data available

r) Viscosity

no data available

s) Explosive properties

no data available

t) Oxidizing properties

no data available

### 9.2 Other safety information

no data available

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity

no data available

### 10.2 Chemical stability

no data available

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Other decomposition products - no data available

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - rat > 5.000 mg/kg

LD50 Dermal - rabbit > 5.000 mg/kg

LD50 Inhalation - mouse > 5.000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

LC50 - fish > 500 mg/L

LC50 - Daphnia magna > 500 mg/L

LC50 - Algae > 500 mg/L

EC50 - Enchytraeus > 500 mg/L

EC50 - Benthic invertebrates > 500 mg/L

EC50 - Fish > 500 mg/L

EC50 - Daphnia magna > 500 mg/L

EC50 - Algae > 500 mg/L

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EC50 - Daphnia magna > 500 mg/L

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