

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

ProductName : Dimethyloctadecyl[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]ammonium chloride solution

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Risk advice to man and the environment

Highly flammable. Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Formula	C26H58ClNO3Si		
CAS-No.	EC-No.	Classification	Concentration
Dimethyloctadecyl[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]ammonium chloride	27668-52-6	-	>= 40 - <= 50 %
Methanol	67-56-1	F, T, R11 - R23/24/25 - R39/23/24/25	>= 40 - <= 50 %
3-Chloropropyltrimethoxysilane	2530-87-2	-	<= 8 %

For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

For small (incipient) fires, use media such as "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. For large fires, apply water from as far as possible. Use very large quantities (flooding) of water applied as a mist or spray; solid streams of water may be ineffective. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

Storage

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Hand protection

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it. Handle with gloves.

Eye protection

Face shield and safety glasses

Skin and body protection

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hygiene measures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Form clear, liquid

Safety data

pH no data available
Melting point no data available
Boiling point no data available

Flash point 11 °C - closed cup

Ignition temperature no data available

Lower explosion limit no data available

Upper explosion limit no data available

Density 0.883 g/cm³

Water solubility no data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Storage stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

Materials to avoid

Acids, Oxidizing agents, Alkali metals, Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Acid chlorides, Acid anhydrides, Reducing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides (NO_x), Hydrogen chloride gas, silicon oxides

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

no data available

Irritation and corrosion

no data available

Sensitisation

no data available

Chronic exposure

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Methyl alcohol may be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Cannot be made non-poisonous. Effects due to ingestion may include, Nausea, Dizziness, Gastrintestinal disturbance, Weakness, Confusion, Drowsiness, Unconsciousness, burning sensation.

Potential Health Effects

Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Toxic if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.

Causes eye irritation.

Toxic if swallowed.

Eyes, Kidney, Liver, Heart, Central nervous system, Bladder, Adrenal cortex, Adrenal medulla.

Causes skin irritation.

Irritating to eyes.

Irritating to skin.

Irritating to respiratory system.

Irritating to mucous membranes.

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