

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Ditalimfos solution

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP]

Flammable liquids (Category 2)

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4)

Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4)

Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 4)

Eye irritation (Category 2)

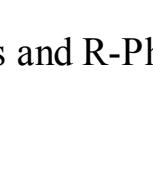
Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Highly flammable. Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Pictogram



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Precautionary statement(s)

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing.

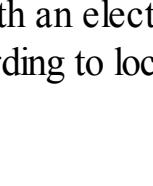
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Supplemental Hazard Statements

none

According to European Directive 67/548/EEC as amended.

Hazard symbol(s)



R-phrase(s)

R11 Highly flammable.

R20/21/22 Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

S-phrase(s)

S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

2.3 Other hazards - none

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Formula : C12H14NO4PS

Component	Classification	Concentration
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Acetonitrile

CAS-No.	75-05-8	Flam. Liq. 2; Acute Tox. 4; Eye >= 99,9 %
EC-No.	200-835-2	Irrit. 2; H225, H319, H302,
	-	H312, H332
		F, Xn, R11 - R20/21/22 - R36

Ditalimfos

CAS-No.	5131-24-8	Skin Irrit. 2; Skin Sens. 1;	0,01 %
EC-No.	225-875-8	H315, H317	
	-	Xi, R38 - R43	

For the full text of the H-Statements and R-Phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Treat as cyanide poisoning. Always have on hand a cyanide first-aid kit, together with proper instructions. The onset of symptoms is generally delayed pending conversion to cyanide. Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Headache, Dizziness, Rash, Cyanosis, excitement, depression, Drowsiness, impaired judgment, Lack of coordination, stupor, death

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides (NOx)

5.3 Advice for fire fighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Recommended storage temperature: 2 - 8 °C

7.3 Specific end uses

no data available

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Faceshield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices.

Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals. Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance

Form: clear

Colour: colourless

b) Odour

acetone-like

c) Odour Threshold

no data available

d) pH

no data available

e) Melting point/freezing point

no data available

f) Initial boiling point and boiling range

81,0 - 82,0 °C

g) Flash point

no data available

h) Evaporation rate

no data available

i) Flammability (solid, gas)

no data available

j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Upper explosion limit: 16 % (V)

Lower explosion limit: 4,4 % (V)

k) Vapour pressure

97,1 hPa at 20 °C

l) Vapour density

no data available

m) Relative density

0,78 g/cm³ at 20 °C

n) Water solubility

soluble

o) Octanol/water partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: -0,34

p) Autoignition temperature

no data available

q) Decomposition temperature

no data available

r) Viscosity

no data available

s) Explosive properties

no data available

t) Oxidizing properties

no data available

9.2 Other safety information

RTECS: Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Chemical stability

no data available

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Head, flames and sparks. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight