

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product name : Palladium(II) chloride

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

According to Regulation (EC) No1272/2008

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3)

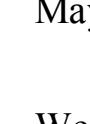
Skin sensitization (Category 1)

According to European Directive 67/548/EEC as amended.

Toxic if swallowed. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statement(s)

P280 Wear protective gloves.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Hazard symbol(s)

T Toxic

R-phrase(s)

R25 Toxic if swallowed.

R43 May cause sensitization by skin contact.

S-phrase(s)

S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

Other hazards - none

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Formula : Cl₂Pd

Molecular Weight : 177.33 g/mol

CAS-No.	EC-No.	Classification	Concentration
Palladium dichloride 7647-10-1	231-596-2	Acute Tox. 3; Skin Sens. 1; H301, H317 T, R25 - R43	-

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Conditions for safe storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store in cool place.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N99 (US) or type P2 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Hand protection

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Eye protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin and body protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Hygiene measures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Form solid

Safety data

pH no data available

Melting point 678 - 680 °C - lit.

Boiling point no data available

Flash point no data available

Ignition temperature no data available

Lower explosion limit no data available

Upper explosion limit no data available

Density 4 g/cm³ at 25 °C

Water solubility no data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to avoid

no data available

Materials to avoid

no data available

Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - rat - 2.704 mg/kg

LD50 Oral - mouse - > 1,000 mg/kg

LD50 Oral - rat - 200 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - rabbit - Mild skin irritation - 24 h - Draize Test

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity in vitro - Human - lymphocyte

Genotoxicity in vitro - Human - fibroblast

DNA inhibition

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity - mouse - Oral

Tumorigenic/Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria. Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration/Tumors, Blood/Tumors.

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as

probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive toxicity

Paternal Effects: Spermatogenesis (including genetic material, sperm morphology, motility, and count). Paternal Effects: Testes, epididymis, sperm duct.

Reproductive toxicity - mouse - Subcutaneous

Paternal Effects: Testes, epididymis, sperm duct.

no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

Potential health effects

no data available

Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled.

May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion

Toxic if swallowed.

Skin

May cause harm if absorbed.

Eyes

May cause eye irritation.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Acute inhalation exposure to cadmium fumes may cause "metal fume fever" with flu-like symptoms of

weakness, fever, headache, chills, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, sweating, muscular pain, cough and difficulty

breathing. The acute effect of exposure to cadmium may develop within 24 hours and reaches a maximum by three days. The

prolonged effect of exposure to cadmium fumes is generally kidney and bone disease, manifested by excretion of

cadmium in the urine, followed by anemia, teeth discoloration and loss of smell. Cadmium is believed to be

to cause pulmonary emphysema and bone disease.

Additional Information

RTECS: RT3000000

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

no data available

Persistence and degradability

no data available

Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

Mobility in soil

no data available

PBT and vPvB assessment

no data available

Other adverse effects

no data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional

waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix with a combustible solvent

and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID

UN-Number: 3288 Class: 6.1

Proper shipping name: TOXIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.